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HONG KONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1930.

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MR. BRIAND: FATHER OF PACTS.

WILL HE BE NEXT PRESIDENT OF FRANCE?

CURIOUS DEARTH OF CANDIDATES FOR THE ELYSEE.

M. Aristide Briand, peace-maker of Europe, may be the dark-horse candidate for the Presidency of France, at the election in May, 1931, in spite of his own opposition. Election to the Presidency is an honour, but it carries with it passage into political oblivion and M. Briand feels that he is not yet ready for eclipse.

The day is now just a year away when, in accordance with France's constitution, the Chamber of Deputies and Senate will be transferred to the palace of former kings at Versailles for a day, there to select an occupant for the presidential palace, the Elysee, for the next seven years.

M. Gaston Doumergue, affable Southerner, is not a candidate to succeed himself. He feels that seven years of political isolation are enough. Likewise, the former President Raymond Poincare has let it be known that under no consideration will he be a candidate.

Thus, with the election only a year away, there is not a single candidate on the board; no huge party funds, no campaign managers, no red fire and not even campaign posters or election cards. The Presidential election in France is something like a surprise party, with no candidates but lots of hopefuls.

M. Doumergue to Retire.

Elected to the Elysee without having solicited the favour, M. Doumergue is anxious to retire to the farms of the sunny South. He has made it known that he will refuse if re-elected, and will not

even accept a mandate to the Chamber or Senate. He hopes to travel to make up for the seven years of isolation, almost as severe as in a monastery.

With the two former presidents out of the way, the path is open to M. Briand, but there is more glory in appearing as Foreign Minister of France at Geneva, London and other capitals of Europe, than in pressing electric buttons to inaugurate cheese fairs from the Elysee.

For the same reason, Premier Andre Tardieu will not even think of running for the office. His political star is still rising and he has many other ambitions than to cut himself off from the political world for seven years.

That leaves but few candidates. The incumbent must come from the left, for, parliamentarily speaking, France is at present a "left" country. M. Edouard Herriot is said by many to be willing to accept his retreat, but he has told others that he has travel ambitions, wanting particularly to visit South America and Japan.

The two legislative Presidents, Paul Doumer in the Senate and Fernand Bouisson, in the Chamber, are likely possibilities. So are M. Henry Cheron, former Minister of Finance, a 240-pound Normandy farmer; Raoul Peret, fashion-plate of the present Cabinet in which he holds the portfolio of Minister of Justice; M. Lebrun, Vice-President of the Senate, and M. Bouilloux-Lafont, Vice-President of the Chamber.

The election takes place on May 13, next year, and the winner must find more than 400 supporters among the Parliamentarians.

Press Forecasts.

Marcel Hutin, writing at some length in *l'Echo de Paris*, gives it as his sober judgement that there will be so many candidates that the Houses of Parliament will turn in desperation to the hardy saviour of Lorraine, Raymond Poincare, but it is his no less sober judgment that the war-time President, who is about to celebrate fifty years before the bar of Paris, will refuse under any and all circumstances.

Nor does M. Hutin feel that M. Doumergue will consider re-election, although he has made a fairly popular President. It is known that the bachelor chief of state prefers to retire to a chateau and spend the rest of his life in contemplation.

Among others mentioned, the Presidents of the two Chambers, M. Doumer of the Senate and M. Fernand Bouisson of the Chamber of Deputies, stand out. In the Senate itself such men as Lebrun, the Vice-President; Clementel, Chairman of the Finance Commission; Raoul Peret, and Henry Cheron, formerly Finance Minister, are regarded as formidable.

But the president need not be chosen from the Senate, usual as this procedure is, and if he is chosen from the lower house, might it not well be Aristide Briand, the perennial Foreign Minister, asks M. Hutin?

A good many editors during the coming months will likely agree that it might well be Aristide Briand, the Father of Pacts.

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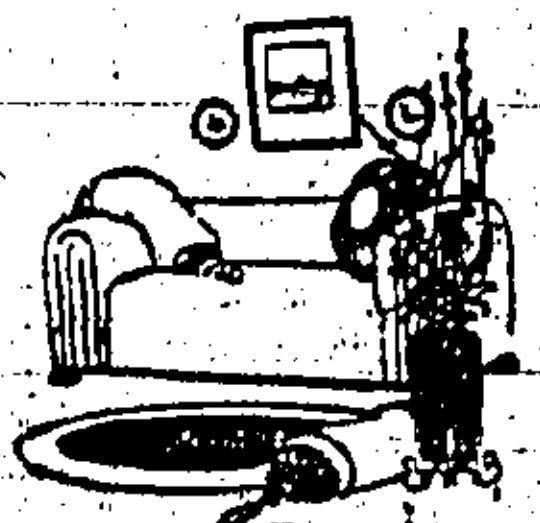
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- 3.—Grilled Lamb Chop, Saratoga
Chips
- 4.—Minced Chicken and Poached
Egg
- 5.—Roast Leg of Veal and Stuffing
- 6.—Cold Steak and Kidney Pie
- 7.—Mixed Vegetable Salad
- 8.—Roast Potatoes
- 9.—Boiled Potatoes
- 10.—Cabbage
- 11.—Apple and Raisin Tart
- 12.—Fruit. 13.—Tea. 14.—Coffee.

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day,

(June 10.)

Queen's Theatre: "Mother Knows
Best."

World Theatre: "Beware of
Married Men" (Chinese Film, "Re-
miniscence of Peking," at 2.30
and 7.15 p.m.).

Star Theatre: "13th Juror."

Majestic Theatre: "Tell It to
Sweeney."

Sanitary Board Meeting.

Sale of Crown Land New K.I.L.

No. 1387 at P.W.D. offices, 3 p.m.

Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel,
9 p.m.

European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Marseilles (Antenor),
6 p.m.

Tides: High, 8.25 a.m. and 10.31
p.m.; Low, 2 a.m. and 3.40 p.m.

Wednesday,

(June 11.)

Queen's Theatre: "Mother Knows
Best."

World Theatre: "Beware of
Married Men" (Chinese Film, "Re-
miniscence of Peking," at 2.30
and 7.15 p.m.).

Star Theatre: "13th Juror."

Majestic Theatre: "Good Time
Charley."

European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Siberia (Tenyo Maru),
8.30 a.m. (Super-scribed correspon-
dence only).

Tides: High, 9.20 a.m.; Low, 2.50
a.m. and 5.01 p.m.

Tennis:—"B" Div.: S.C.A.A. v.
M.B.K., C.S.C.C. v. Recreio, I.R.C.
v. C.R.C., C.C.C. v. Nippon Club,
University T.C. v. H.K.C.C.,
U.S.R.C. v. K.C.C., R.E.S.C. v.
Y.M.C.A. "C" Div.: K.I.T. v.
Nippon Club, K.C.C. v. University
T.C., C.R.C. v. C.S.C.C., Recreio v.
H.K.C.C., Filipino Club v. South
China A.A.

Water Polo: 1st Div.: V.R.C. v.
Royal Navy; 2nd Div.: Somersets
v. Kowloon S.C.

Dinner Dance: H.K. Hotel, 8
p.m.

Tides: High, 8.53 a.m. and 11.26
p.m.; Low, 2.29 a.m. and 4.21 p.m.

Thursday,

(June 12.)

Queen's Theatre: "Be Yourself."

World Theatre: "Jazz Singer."

Star Theatre: "Wind."

Majestic Theatre: "Good Time
Charley."

European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Siberia (Tenyo Maru),
8.30 a.m. (Super-scribed correspon-
dence only).

Tides: High, 9.20 a.m.; Low, 2.50
a.m. and 5.01 p.m.

Friday,

(June 13.)

Queen's Theatre: "Be Yourself."

World Theatre: "Jazz Singer."

Star Theatre: "Wind."

Majestic Theatre: "Pals First."

Water Polo: C.B.C. v. Chinese
Athletic (1st Div.); 12th Heavy
Battery v. V.R.C. (2nd Div.).

Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel,
8 p.m.

European Mails:—Inward:
Europe via Negapatam (13th May).
Outward: Europe via Marseilles
(Fushimi Maru), 6 p.m.

Tides: High, 12.20 a.m. and 9.48
a.m.; Low, 3.30 a.m. and 3.40 p.m.

Saturday,

(June 14.)

Queen's Theatre: "Be Yourself."

World Theatre: "Jazz Singer."

Star Theatre: "Wind."

Majestic Theatre: "Pals First."

Annual Meeting of Peak Tram-
ways Co., Ltd. at Hong Kong Hotel,
11 a.m.

Tennis:—"B" Division: M.B.K.
v. C.S.C.C., Recreio v. U.S.R.C.,
K.C.C. v. C.R.C., Nippon Club v.
R.E.S.C., H.K.C.C. v. I.R.C.,
Y.M.C.A. v. C.C.C., University
T.C. v. S.C.A.A. "C" Division:
K.I.T.C. v. F.C., C.S.C.C. v. Re-
creio, H.K.C.C. v. I.R.C., G.T.C. v.
K.C.C.

Lawn Bowls:—1st Division: Tai-
koo R.C. v. Craigengower C.C.,
C.S.C.C. v. Kowloon C.C., Police
R.C. v. Kowloon R.C., R.C. v.
R.C. v. Kowloon B.G.C. 2nd Division:
Craigengower C.C. v. Tai-
koo R.C., K.C.C. v. C.S.C.C., Kowloon
B.G.C. v. Recreio, H.K. Electric
R.C. v. Royal H.K.Y.C.

Dinner Dance: Repulse Bay
Hotel 8 p.m.

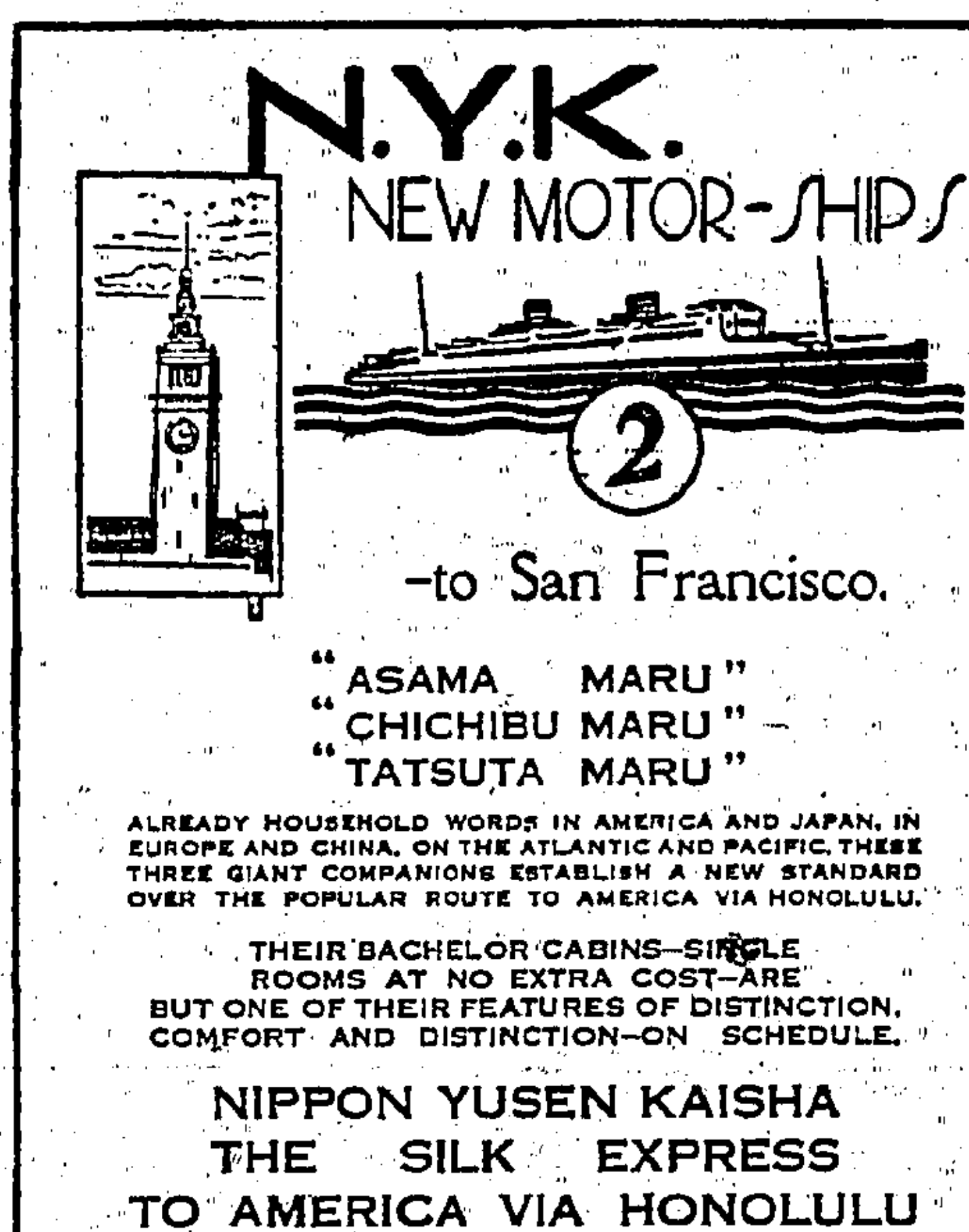


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LOVE ROMANCE OF A FUTURE QUEEN.

ENGAGEMENT OF PRINCESS
JULIANA.

ROYAL STUDENT.

There have been many rumours during the last few years regarding the engagement of Princess Juliana, the only daughter of Queen Wilhelmina, and heirress to the throne of the Netherlands.

Most of these have been promptly contradicted by the Dutch Court officials.

It is now certain, however, that within a few months, the Princess's betrothal to Prince William von Erblich-Schonberg will be officially announced.

The future Consort is 20 years of age, and studies forestry at the University of Hanover. He is expected to take his degree very soon.

Prince William's family is one of the oldest in Germany, and can be traced back to the times of Charlemagne.

Although not wealthy, they possess the town of Michelstadt and the pretty Forest of Oden (where, according to legends, Prince Hagen slew Siegfried).

A Love Match.

As the Princess is the only child of the reigning Queen, the interests of the dynasty of the House of Orange makes an early marriage almost imperative.

The Queen, as well as the Dowager Queen Emma, has for some time been considering a choice.

It was left to the Princess herself, however, to take the final decision.

The consent of her parents, as well as of the Dutch Cabinet, has been obtained.

Honeymoon in Indies?

Princess Juliana attained her 21st birthday recently.

She was graduated at Leyden University, and is now living at her own little palace Kneuterdyk, once the home of the Stuarts in Holland.

Princess Juliana will, later in the year, make an official visit to the Dutch East Indies, where, up to now, no member of Dutch Royalty has ever set foot.

It is not yet decided whether this visit shall be a State visit or a honeymoon trip.

A superb suite of 12 luxurious cabins is being prepared in the new mail steamer Marix van St. Aldegonde, which is being refitted at Amsterdam in readiness for September.

At the Royal stables in The Hague a list of the State carriages which shall be taken has already been drawn up.

**AIR COMMODORE'S SON
AND GUNPOWDER GAME.**

MAKING A CANNON.

In simple words a little girl, daughter of Air Commodore Ian M. Bonham-Carter, recently told the tragic story of her elder brother's fatal accident.

The boy, Peter Richard, aged 17, was badly injured whilst experimenting with gunpowder in a copse near the R.A.F. camp at Hailton (Bucks), of which his father commands.

At the inquest, the girl, Mary Ruth, who was the only witness of the accident, said:—
"I was playing with my brother Peter, who was trying to make a sort of cannon that would go off with a bang. We were by the side of the tree."

"Peter lit something in the end of one of the pieces of piping, and there was a bang. I next saw him on the ground."

"It was the first time we had played at the game."

After the Accident.

Other evidence showed that after the accident there was found on the trunk of the tree, a piece of iron piping, bound with elastic and nailed down.

One end of the piping had been welded over and a hole impressed on the top. A smaller piece of piping, with one side burst open, and a packet of gunpowder, were found near the tree.

Mrs. Bonham-Carter said her son had told her that he and his sister were going to have a game.

He tried to buy something at Tring, but failed. He got something in Aylesbury, however, but she did not know it was gunpowder he wanted.

POISON IN COCK- TAILS.

"THE GREEN DEATH."

Why is England allowed to poison herself?

This is the theme of a detailed attack on "Absinthe and Absinthe Drinking in England," by C. W. J. Brasher, M.D., in the *The Lancet*.

The manufacture and sale of absinthe have been prohibited in France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy, Germany, and Bulgaria. It is manufactured and exported to England and is consumed in quantities through the medium of the cocktail.

Absinthe, "the green death," has been made famous in fiction and earned the title of "the world's wickedest drink." Wormwood is one of its main ingredients, and according to the "Encyclopedia Britannica," "the wormwood acts powerfully on the nerve centres and causes delirium and hallucinations followed in some cases by idiocy."

"When a cocktail is ordered," writes Dr. Brasher, "it is customary to inquire whether a 'spot' shall be added—the 'spot' being absinthe. The names of several brands of absinthe, vermouth and chartreuse (both the latter liquors containing essential oil of wormwood), appear in the current price lists of many of the large London stores and wine merchants."

The Cocktail Habit.

It is certain that the Governments of France, Italy, Belgium, Germany, Switzerland and Bulgaria had good reason for prohibiting the sale and manufacture of absinthe. If, as we have seen, six of the most patriotic and progressive of European nations have prohibited the manufacture of absinthe and absinthe-containing beverages, why is England indifferent to the dangers of absinthe?

How is it possible that absinthe should be shipped from the Continent to England?

Cocktail drinking is attacked and authorities quoted to show that absinthe has ruined hundreds of young people, "who drink to lose their shyness, so that they may become bright and interesting, and it may be also, partly in a spirit of bravado."

To argue that because a comparatively small quantity of this deadly liqueur is consumed at the present time the importation of absinthe may be ignored, is as dangerous as to suggest a similar course in regard to heroin or cocaine.

Absinthe is present in many popular cocktails such as Martini, Bronx and Manhattan, and is frequently added to other cocktails.

POSTWOMEN IN REVOLT.

TROUBLE ABOUT THE "GIRL GUIDE" HAT.

The postwomen who bear the heat and burden of the day in rural areas are in revolt.

Neither wages nor hours are the cause of this discontent. The plain, blunt truth is:—

"They don't like being made to wear their hats in the same style as girl guides."

They made representations and, as in duty bound, the mainly merely male officials of the Union of Post Office Workers bearded the authorities, and demanded freedom for postwomen in the matter of hats.

The Mandarins' Reply.

Soft as the cooing of the turtle dove was the answer designed to turn away the postwomen's wrath.

"The new type of hat has been obtained in eight trade sizes," it declared. "With one exception these have met all requirements."

"Before the hats are issued they are fitted with a G.P.O. cypher on the underside of the left brim, and in order to display the cypher it is necessary to loop up the brim."

"The result appears to be the best obtainable as regards appearance, safety and comfort."

So that's that.

The Unfashionable Grudge.

But the postwomen are not the only disgruntled post office workers in matters sartorial.

The postmen have asked that their trousers shall no longer be creased at the sides, and provincial telephone operators are angry because of an embargo on sleeveless frocks.

They appear to have got about as much satisfaction as the postwomen.

UNIVERSITY LIFE AND BUSINESS.

BRIDGING THE GAP.

INTENSIVE TRAINING
SCHEME.

An interesting scheme for helping the entry into business of academically trained men was inaugurated at a luncheon in the Connaught Rooms, London, attended by leaders in university teaching and in commerce, last month.

A large house in Marlborough Gate has been converted into a new kind of college where men from the public schools and universities can take an intensive business course of three months. The aim is to bridge the gap of which so much has been heard between academic life and business.

Readjusting Ideas.

Experience has shown that one of the greatest difficulties that a university or public school man has on entering commercial life is the readjustment of ideas and the carrying out of duties to time-table. This is perhaps a more serious handicap than lack of knowledge of business terms and business ideas. The course aims as well at giving definite instruction, as opposed to education, in the general routine of business.

The course is built up around the keeping and reading of accounts, the organisation of the works and the office, the marketing of commodities, the keeping of records, the making of returns, the engagement and control of staff, and the law relating to all the matters that may arise in the course of business. There will be also a course of secretarial training, offering classes in shorthand, typewriting and shorthand to women of good education who wish to enter business. Lord Luke of Pavenham is chairman of a strong committee of educationists and business men.

Sir Michael Sadler's View.

Sir Michael Sadler, in commending the scheme from the university side, spoke of the urgent need of closer relations between education and business. The percentage of men who came to Oxford with a business life in view was increasing. He gave an analysis of the intended careers of 100 applicants for admission to an Oxford college. Twenty-six were doubtful what career they would follow; fourteen were going into the law; seven into medicine; three into holy orders; three into the army; eight the civil service; twelve teaching in schools or universities; four forestry; two agriculture; one engineering; one journalism; one scientific research in industry; and eighteen business. The number of men and women for whom the course was intended was likely to increase in the future.

(Continued on next Column.)

"YARD'S" SILENT WOMAN.

MISS PETO SUBMITS TO A
PHOTOGRAPH.

SPEAK—NO, NEVER!

By allowing herself to be publicly photographed at Scotland Yard, Miss Dorothy Peto, Q.B.E., who is advising the Commissioner of Police on the organisation of the Women's Police Force, made a graceful concession which involved a big ordeal.

Since her appointment, Miss Peto has earned the reputation of being a strong, silent woman because of her dislike of any form of personal publicity.

Just a Smile.

All attempts to interview or photograph her for publication had failed until that day, when, in deference, it is believed, to the views of some of her colleagues, she consented to be photographed—but interviewed, no, never! Thus Miss Peto did not break her silence. There was no necessity to speak to the photographers, and she just smiled at them when it was all over.

She had to face batteries of nearly 30 cameras, and she faced them bravely though not, one felt, at all willingly.

Like a Soldier.

A tall woman—about six feet high—with a commanding presence, Miss Peto stood as erect as a guardsman while snap after snap was taken of her by sections after section of camera men, in the courtyard of Scotland Yard.

When an interview was suggested Miss Peto shook her head vigorously in a wordless refusal.

Sir Josiah Stamp said that opinion among business men had changed, and it was now realised that university-trained men were wanted in business.

A business man told him that he had given up employing university men in despair because there was too great a gap between them and the rest of the staff. Sometimes a man who had just finished a long course in philosophy, for instance, found it difficult to come down to menial tasks, the learning of shorthand and so forth. This course would provide a much-needed bridge between university and business life.

Many business men thought there was less risk in choosing for the higher posts men who had been trained in business routine, but many also were now determined to get the best material they could from the universities. One thing to be learned was that "only 10 per cent. of the time in business is taken by well-trained men in deciding the right way to do a thing, and 90 per cent. in getting other people to do it."

TROUBLED WITH ECZEMA ON SCALP

Itched and Burned. Was
Inflamed. Cuticura Healed.

"I was troubled for some time with a dry eczema which broke out in little pimples on my forehead and on my scalp. It itched and burned and was inflamed. I was ashamed to go out on account of it. In fact I never took my hat off when I went anywhere."
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"Hong Kong Daily Press" Office

HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

"There's a parking space outside the museum!"

"Yes, it ought to be inside with the rest of the curios."

Taxi Driver: "Wot number did you say it was, sir?"

Fare: "I'm not sure, but it's the headquarters of the anti-tipping league."

"You must love your wife, as you never let her go out of your study."

"If I did she would go into the kitchen and cook."

Kitty: "Jack says he can read me like a book."

Phyllis: "You mustn't take Jack too literally, dear. He probably means that you are a plain type."

Sam (at marriage license bureau): "Ah, want's license."

Clerk: "Certainly. Where is the bride-elect?"

Sam: "What you-all mean, bride-elect? Day warn't no lesson a-tall. Do lady done appoint herself to do office at mah own puss-onal request."

There had been several earthquake shocks in a certain district, so a married couple sent their little boy to an uncle who lived out of the danger zone.

A day or two later they received a telegram:

"Am returning your boy—send earthquake."

Little Billy, returning from dancing school, was asked by his mother, "How was the lesson?" to which Billy replied, "Not so good, Mummy."

"How do you mean, 'not so good'?"

"Well," said the contemplative four-year-old, "I couldn't get the step the teacher showed me."

"Oh, so that was it. What do you think was the trouble?"

"Well, Mummy, I've been thinking about it, and I think it was my feet."

"Now, boys," said the teacher, "always remember that you should never end a sentence with the word 'with'."

"That is," he went on hurriedly, "unless you have nothing else to end it with."

Teacher: "What do you know about verbs?"

Pupil: "They are just the opposite of chiefs of state."

Teacher: "How is that?"

Pupil: "They always agree with their subjects."

Little Nancy had been visiting and the grandfather clock had made a great impression. She attempted to describe it to her mother, and said, "Don't you think we ought to have one?"

"What kind was it?" asked the mother.

"Oh, it was tall and didn't once stop wagging its tail!"

Little Betty, taking her first ride in the country, was very much impressed by everything she saw. Turning to her mother, she cried, "Oh, Mother, they must be very rich in the country!"

Mother: "Why, Betty, what makes you think so?"

Betty: "Pointing to the wind-mills." "See, they even have big electric fans for the cows!"

A little girl had been taught never to interrupt anyone who was speaking, but one day at luncheon she was seen breaking this rule of good breeding, making efforts to speak to her grandfather, a prominent politician, who was talking earnestly to guests.

The grandfather motioned her sternly to silence. Presently he turned to her, saying: "Well, Dorothy, since you were so very eager to speak, you may proceed to do so now."

Dorothy shook her head. "Too late now," she said mournfully. "There was something crawling on your lettuce."

THE BEDTIME STORY

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



CENTRAL THEATRE.

"THE LOVE PARADE"
ON SATURDAY.

"The Love Parade," which brings Maurice Chevalier to the new Central Theatre for seven days starting Saturday, June 14, is an original musical romance. The story is as smart and sophisticated as to-morrow's newspaper and brings a new type of picture to the talking screen.

Maurice Chevalier is cast in the role of a prince who marries a queen, and becomes a very stern prince consort, who refuses to be ruled according to ancient traditions. Ten popular hits form the basis for the musical background.

"The girl with the red-gold hair and the sea-green eyes," known to the musical comedy world as Jeanette MacDonald, has gone "talkie" through a whim of fate. Ernst Lubitsch, the famous director, went in search of a proper leading lady for Maurice Chevalier for "The Love Parade," the screen's first original musical romance. In New York Lubitsch attended every musical show and every show in production in search of the perfect type he desired for the role of Queen Louise.

At last he decided that Jeanette MacDonald was the perfect type. She was beautiful, she was a talented actress, and she could sing. She was just finishing an engagement in the Broadway show "Boom! Boom!" and was immediately played under contract for "The Love Parade."

OWNERSHIP OF AN ARCTIC ISLAND.

NORWEGIAN SEAMAN'S WAR REVELATION.

Hugo Stinnes, the German "Captain of Industry," during the war tried to purchase the well-known Arctic Island of Jan Mayen. This interesting revelation was made before the Court in Oslo recently during a law suit in connection with the ownership of the island.

The Norwegian Government has occupied the island as State property, and erected a wireless station there. The occupation is contested by a private individual, who claims that he had occupied the island before the State intervened, and that he had informed the Government in the ordinary way.

During the hearing of the case an old seaman asked to be heard. He maintained that neither the Norwegian State nor its rival could claim Jan Mayen, for his own occupation was made before the war. In 1917, he said, Hugo Stinnes approached him and offered one million gold marks for the island. The seaman laid down the law before the Court, proving that his tale was true. In the documents Hugo Stinnes offers to pay the seaman three years.

The seaman said that he had accepted Hugo Stinnes offer, but that the Norwegian Government intervened and forced him to convey his rights of occupation to the Norwegian State for a sum which was exactly one hundredth of what Stinnes was willing to pay.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 355 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial News.

11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.—Chinese programme.

12.30 to 2 p.m.—Programme of Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.

2 to 3 p.m.—Programme of Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.

3 to 4 p.m.—Poet and Peasant, Percy Pitt and Orchestra.

4 to 5 p.m.—Vocal Gems from "Follow Through," Columbia Light Opera Co.

5 to 6 p.m.—Sunnyside Up, Ben Selvin and Orchestra.

6 to 7 p.m.—The Fourth Form at St. Michael's, Will Hay.

7 to 8 p.m.—Estrellita, Albert Sammons (Violin).

8 to 9 p.m.—Melodious Memories, Regal Cinema Orchestra.

9 to 10 p.m.—Gaiety Echoes, Herman Finck and Orchestra.

10 to 11 p.m.—Virginia, Sophie Tucker.

11 p.m.—Scene de Ballet (de Beriot), Squire Celeste Octet.

12 to 1 p.m.—Selection from "Broadway," Regal Cinema Orchestra.

1 to 2 p.m.—Away down South in Heaven, Sophie Tucker.

2 to 3 p.m.—Miniature Musical Comedies.

3 to 4 p.m.—Ideals, Jean Lousen and Orchestra.

4 to 5 p.m.—Selection from "Madame Butterfly," New Queen's Hall Light Orchestra.

5 to 6 p.m.—Aren't Women Wonderful? Sophie Tucker.

6 to 7 p.m.—For You Alone, Albert Sandier and Orchestra.

7 to 8 p.m.—Chinese programme relayed from Ko Shing Theatre until the end of the play.

ELECTROCUTED IN BATH.

CURRENT FROM OVERTURNED RADIATOR.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at an inquest at Malden Police Court recently on the body of Magda Forensten, a Danish subject, aged thirty, of Nelson Road, Malden, who was found electrocuted in her bath.

An electric radiator was found beside her in the bath and the opinion was expressed that she had knocked this from a shelf, and that the water had become charged with electricity.

Erna Schwenning, a friend of Mrs. Forensten, said that Mrs. Forensten went up to have a bath at eleven o'clock at night. Ten minutes later the witness heard a scream, and rushing upstairs to the bathroom found Mrs. Forensten in the bath and leaning over the side.

The side of a small portable electric radiator was in the bath with her. This had been standing on a small shelf at the end of the bath.

Dr. C. T. Cohen said that death was due to electrification, evidently caused by the radiator falling into the water. There were no signs of injury except one small burn.

HOLLYWOOD GIRLS IN DISTRESS.

BATHING BELLES CARRY SANDWICH BOARDS.

Film players have fallen on hard times. Popular stars have not suffered severely, but salaries generally are lower than they have been for years. Economy cuts in most of the studios followed the Wall Street collapse and a large number of assistant directors, small-part players and others are out of work.

The change from silence to sound, too, has caused a good many subtitle-writers and scenario authors to lose their employment.

Actresses in Old Fricks.

Just how severe unemployment in Hollywood is can be seen by any visitor.

Actors and actresses are going about in the clothes they wore in their last picture—clothes carefully pressed and preserved now—had the cheap cafes are making up what the expensive restaurants are losing.

Beauty Winner's Flight.

One phase of this "low ebb" period is the enterprise displayed by those in search of work. It is not uncommon in Hollywood to see a pretty girl clad in a bathing suit carrying a sandwichboard reading:

"Beauty competition winner Would like job as cash-desk girl, theatre attendant, or any regular employment."

Or a man bearing a sign:—"Good character actor needs work. \$1 a day acceptable. Plays villain, gangster or any heavy role. What offers?"

The newspapers contain hundreds of similar advertisements, while beautiful girls, who came to California to get into the movies and failed, all every office, quick-lunch bar, shop and theatre.

It has been said that Hollywood contains more beautiful girls than any city in the world. Even the chamber-maid at an hotel was probably a prize-winner in a beauty contest in her home town. She would rather live in this manner than go home and admit failure.

And besides, who knows? One day there may be jobs for everyone. Hollywood's unemployed are incurably optimistic.

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 12 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.



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STARRING **IRENE RICH**WITH **CLYDE COOK, AUDREY FERRIS, MYRNA LOY**AT THE **WORLD** TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY
At 2.30 & 7.15 "REMINISCENCES OF Peking"

LONDON SEES PARIS REVUE.

"DE LA FOLIE PURE" AT THE VICTORIA PALACE.

The Folies Bergere of Paris has a world-wide reputation for undisciplined revues.

"De La Folie Pure," at the Victoria Palace on April 16, is the Folies Bergere production of last year anglicized with Charles Austin's homely British humour, and the Lord Chamberlain's fatherly reminders that in our treacherous climate it is unwise to cast too many clouds till May is out—or even later in the year.

But, even so, there is a lively display of limbs, scenic effects on a large scale, and at least one number, "La Belle de Le Bete," which in its conception challenges our insular tastes.

For the men there is the well-drilled troop of Lawrence Tiller girls to rouse applause by the precision of their dance movements. For the ladies there is an effective fur parade, with a chinchilla drop-curtain which, if real, would be worth thousands, and a tasteful grouping of sable and ermine.

Mr. Charles Austin, as a wayward Britain who goes to Paris on a first prize won in a football competition, and diminutive Mr. Ivor Vintor, as his precocious son, provided broad humour. Miss Josephine Trix and Mr. Walter Williams sang in dainty whispers, and Miss Marika Rokk was responsible for some effective dancing.

Besides the novelty of a "Parisian" show, there is an amazing apache dance on skates by Elsie and Paulsen that ought to please all faithful patrons of the Palace, and give them lots for their money.

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NIAGARA FALLS PASSAGE.
LARGEST LOCK IN WORLD.

"One of the greatest engineering feats in the world, the construction of the new Welland Canal between Lakes Erie and Ontario, at a cost of over £24,000,000, will soon be completed, and will probably be opened formally on July. The cutting of the canal and the completion of the railway line to Hudson Bay represent two historic steps in the transportation system between Western Canada and Great Britain. For decades successive Canadian Governments have endeavoured to facilitate the progress of ships over various sections of the mighty waterway of the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence. The work, which is now drawing to a close, is the most ambitious yet undertaken, and its results in terms of trade will be incalculable.

The Niagara peninsula between Lake Ontario and Lake Erie is one of the vital units of the route from Montreal, Port William, and Port Arthur, and as long ago, as 1824, a company was formed for the purpose of linking the two lakes. By 1833 a serviceable waterway had been cut from Lake Ontario to the Welland River at Port Robinson, and thence to Port Colborne, on Lake Erie. The original canal was over 27 miles long, and 40 wooden locks were required to overcome the Niagara barrier.

Ten years later the canal was rebuilt, the locks being reduced to 27 in number, and constructed of masonry, and the channel deepened. This passage served for 25 years, by the end of which time trade requirements and the expansion of the markets of the west made further enlargement imperative. The Government decided, therefore, to cut a new canal altogether, and another passage was constructed via Allanburg. Since its completion in 1882 its depth has been increased to 12ft. But the demands of trade were insistent, and still another canal had to be put in hand.

The one now being made runs from Lake Ontario to Allanburg by a new route, a distance of a dozen miles or so, while from thence to Lake Erie the course is roughly the same as that of the present waterway. It is, all told, 25 miles long, and the number of locks is only eight. Their length has been increased from 270ft. to at least 800ft., and their breadth from 45ft. to 80ft., while the depth "on the sill" will be 30ft. Lock No. 8 is the largest in the world, being 1,380ft. long. It is estimated that a loaded freight vessel will be able to pass through the entire canal in eight hours, as against 15 on the present system.

The new canal will make the produce of the world more readily available to the Mother Country. A new terminal has been selected on the St. Lawrence at Prescott, which is springing into history as one of the most important and active transport centres in North America. Here, at an estimated cost of a million pounds, a giant elevator is being erected.

FOURS HOURS IN THE RIGGING.
CAPTAIN'S STORY OF TRAWLER WRECK.

Captain George Myleham, one of the two survivors of the motor trawler *Arravale*, of Milford Haven, which was wrecked on the rocks at Adrigole, Bantry Bay, recently, gave an account of the disaster, which involved the loss of six lives.

Captain Myleham said: "We were getting our gear ready between 1 a.m. and 2 a.m. The weather was misty and a south-westerly wind blowing when we suddenly struck a rock. I set to work with the pumps, but seeing that the trawler was quickly sinking we launched our small boat and all got into it. Almost immediately the boat capsized, throwing the eight of us into the water. "I managed to pull myself on board the trawler again, but was the only one to get back. Then I heard a shout from the side calling for help, and I helped the chief engineer, James Sidney, out of the water. We took to the rigging, where we remained until we were rescued at six in the morning by means of a rope from the shore. All the bodies were recovered the next morning."

FRANCE AND ITALY.

TARDIEU TO REPLY TO MUSSOLINI.

Paris, May 31.—Accompanied by six Ministers and Under-Secretaries, the Premier, Mr. André Tardieu, left to-day for Dijon, where, on the occasion of the banquet on Sunday opening the parliamentary session, he will deliver, what he has announced, will prove to be a history-making speech, which will be a demonstration of nicely adjusted mental equilibrium regarding both domestic and foreign policies and an expression of great good humour and unbeatable optimism. It is believed that the speech, which will reply to recent orations of Il Duce, was approved at to-day's meeting of the Ministerial Council, which also discussed at length the situation in Indo-China.

Strategic Railway Plans.

It is reported that the Ministry of Communications has completed plans for the extension of the French Railway system with special reference to military necessities along the Franco-Italian frontier. The proposed extension totals nearly 4,000 kilometres at an expense of Frs. 9,500,000,000. The new lines include the double track permanent way between Paris and Nice leading through mountainous districts, where, it is declared, the traffic will not be exposed to air attacks.

Polish Good Offices.

Warsaw, May 31.—Political quarters forecast the new attempt to pave the way for the continuation of the Franco-Italian *pacte* on the occasion of the visit next week to the Polish capital by the Italian Foreign Minister, Signor Grandi.

The Polish Foreign Minister, Zaleski, returned to-day from Paris, where, it is understood, M. Briand had suggested that the Polish Government should offer Signor Grandi its good offices as mediator. M. Briand is reported to have emphasized that both Poland and France would both be vitally interested in maintaining the *status quo* in Europe.

LUNDY ISLAND'S COINAGE.

GOVERNMENT TO OPPOSE RIGHT OF ISSUE.

It is understood that the British Government is to contest the right of Mr. Martin Coles Harman, the present owner of Lundy Island, to issue special coins and postage stamps for use on the island.

Last year Mr. Harman's issues attracted interest among philatelists and numismatologists. The coins and stamps were based on the denomination of a puffin, with a half-puffin, the puffin being a sea-bird common on the island where it is known as a "Lundy Parrot." On the obverse of the coins is the head of the owner, while an inscription runs round the edge, "Lundy-Lights and Leads."

Mr. Harman bought Lundy for £16,000 on October 21, 1925. He contends that the owner of the island has always been permitted to administer the island according to his own will. He points out that Lundy is a "vest-pocket-size self-governing Dominion like Canada or Australia." But there is a difference, in that, according to the Representation of the People Act of 1918, the islanders who were qualified have had the franchise. They have voted at one election on the island itself, but since then on the mainland at Instow, near Barnstaple. At present there are four names on the voters' list for the Barnstaple Division, one being that of Mr. Harman himself and the other being a service man on the absent voters' list.

Mr. Harman states that if his action regarding the issue of coinage is challenged he will appeal direct to the King.

An inquest, the only one ever held on Lundy, was conducted recently by the North Devon coroner on the island. Last month the ashes of Mr. Walter O. Hudson Heaven, a former owner of the island, were placed in a vault on the island. He died in Australia, but at his wish the ashes were taken to Lundy.

Lundy is not the only part of the British Isles enjoying "Home Rule." The Calf of Man and

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The brainiac medicine to
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To-day's Tiffin—\$1.00

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- 7.—Chicken Salad and Mayonnaise
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- 9.—Cheese
- 10.—Dessert
- 11.—Tea or Coffee

Cold TIFFIN 75 cts.

Cold Roast Beef or Mutton
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Cold Roast Chicken
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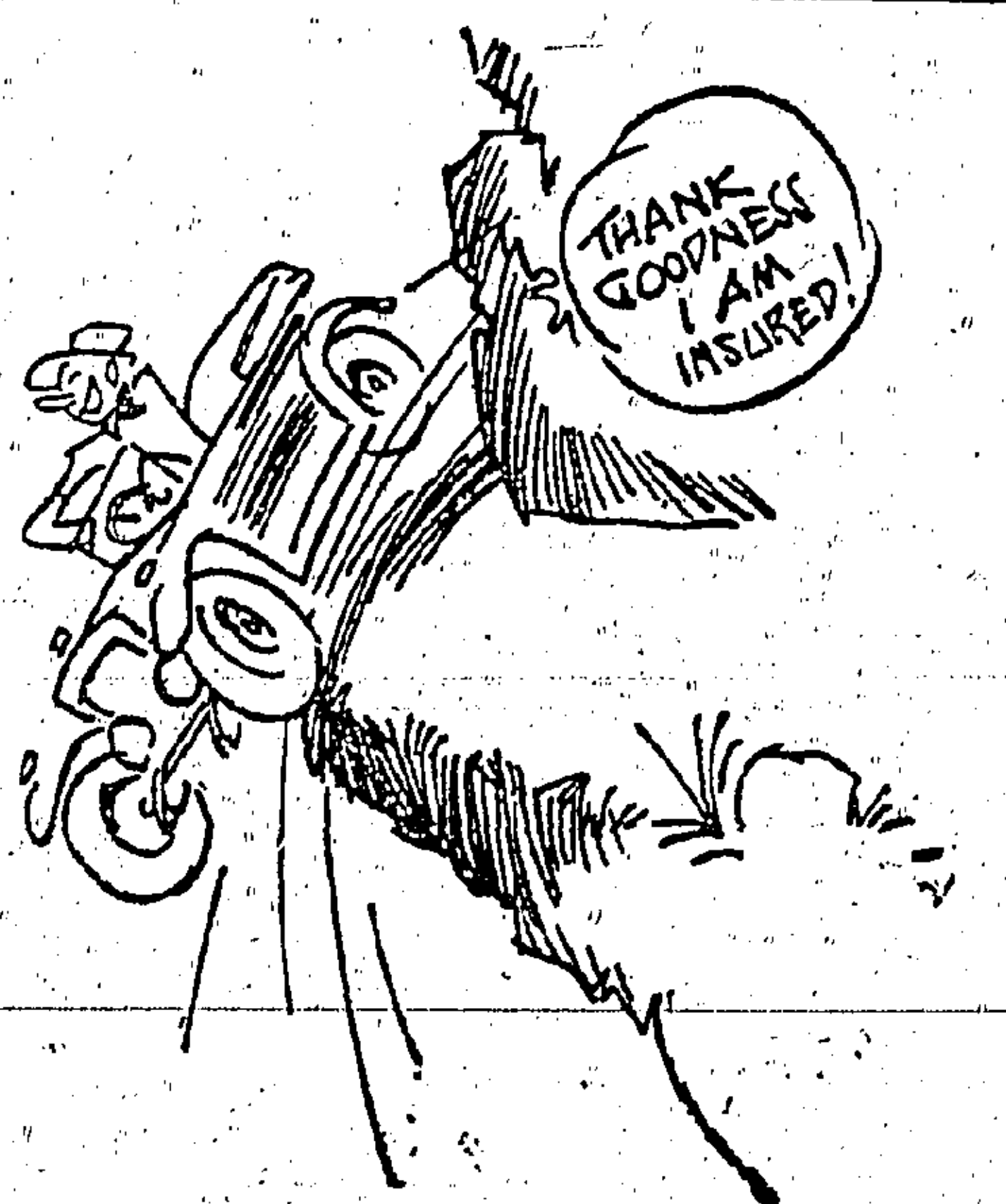
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11, QUEEN'S ROAD

AFTER 30 YEARS.

CATHOLIC ORDERS RETURN
TO FRANCE.

NO INTERFERENCE IN
POLITICS.

[UNITED PRESS.]

After nearly thirty years, a definite peace has been restored between the Catholic religious orders of France and the Government of the Third Republic, and the nuns and priests of banished orders are now returning to their former convents and monasteries.

Under the Combes Ministry, in 1901, the religious orders were dissolved, their properties turned over to the state, and their distilleries, schools and plantations turned into private hands. During the quarter of a century which followed, many drifted back and some have been carrying on their activities for more than 20 years clandestinely.

Recently, as part of a programme of religious peace, prompted by M. Briand and M. Tardieu and against the wishes of the Left Cartel group in Parliament, the Chamber and Senate voted the peace project allowing the orders to return so long as they do not mingle in politics or attempt to interfere with the public school system.

The Combes law was suspended in 1914, at the outbreak of the war, and thousands of young priests came back from exile to fight under the Tricolor, just as though nothing had happened. Most of them remained after the war, and it was hard for any government to exile again these young men who had risked their lives in defence of France. Many of them were the crosses of the Legion of Honour and Croix de Guerre on their Cassocks.

The Cartel, half-heartedly as a sop to electors, started to investigate the clandestine existence of "congregations" but never resorted to exile. Taking the passive position of the Government as approval of their existence, the orders rapidly spread out.

Seminaries Reopened.

Last year, the Tardieu Government obtained from the Chamber a vote allowing ten religious orders to recruit adherents and re-open seminaries in France. This vote was forced through the hostile Chamber, but has never yet been brought to a vote in the Senate, where it is evident there is not now a suitable majority. With the Government closing its eyes to their activities, and Parliament held up by failure to vote completely the new law, the orders have greatly developed their spheres in the past few months.

The Carmelites, of which Saint Mary Therese of Lisieux was a member, now have twenty establishments, principally at Lisieux, Moulins, Narbonne, Arles, Chartres, Nîmes, Bordeaux, Rennes, Tours, Niort, Dunkirk, Castrès, Cholet and Fontenay. The Ursulines and Clarisses, for women, have six convents each.

The Jesuits, hated by radical political groups, never really went into exile. They were camouflaged under the guise of laical organizations and remained in their teaching missions. The Order of Christian Brothers are now authorized, but only as missionaries for work in Africa, although they have clandestine schools in France.

The Assumptionists, exiled by a special vote of Parliament in 1904, have a dozen centres of activity in France, including Paris. The Carmes and Benedictines, also elected by Parliament, are back in their former abbeys, the former in the Catholic Rhene valley and the latter in Brittany, where Catholicism is dominant.

The attitude of the present Tardieu Government appears to be one of passive tolerance, so long as the orders refrain from entering French politics. Eventually the position of the priests and nuns will be made legal.

CHICAGO GUNMEN AGAIN.

SIX KILLED OVER
WEEK-END.

Chicago, June 1.—As a result of the efforts of the Chicago Crime Commission toward law enforcement, which have made competition keener among Chicago's notorious "beer gangs," large-scale gang warfare has broken out. At midnight on Saturday three members of the Aiello gang were shot and killed in the North Shore "Gold Coast," a wealthy residential district. The murderers escaped in an automobile.

Following this, three members of the Aiello gang were shot and killed and two others suffered wounds when persons unknown poked the muzzle of a machine-gun through the window of a road-house, sprayed the interior of the resort, and escaped unseen.

MEMORIAL DAY IN AMERICA.

PRESIDENT'S TRIBUTE TO
HEROES OF GETTYSBURG.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN AS THE
IDEAL.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Gettysburg, Pa., May 29.—As Lincoln did before him in one of the most historic speeches in the English tongue, President Hoover to-day, on the battlefield of Gettysburg, praised the valour of soldiers who had died for great ideals.

Here it was that in 1863 General Mead of the Union forces defeated the Confederate General Lee, and that in the subsequent commemorative President Lincoln uttered a tribute destined to outshine the deed of arms.

President Hoover in his Memorial Day speech to-day paid due heed to this. He declared that no monument which has been or can be erected will ever be so noble or enduring as Lincoln's Gettysburg speech.

"Into every American thought," said Mr. Hoover, "has flashed with instant vision the lonely future of the Lincoln whose immortal words dominated this scene."

President Hoover urged an application of the martyred President's moderation and ideals to the problems of modern life.

"The weaving of freedom will always be a struggle of law against lawlessness," he continued, "of individual liberty against domination of unity against sectionalism."

"The abuse of politics often muddies the stream of constructive thought," he went on. "The American Union, however, has become a spiritual union, and the common ideals within this union have room for every variety of opinion and every possibility of experiment in social progress."

Tragic Celebration.

Winchester, Indiana, May 30.—During the course of a motor-car race on a dirt track as part of the Memorial Day holiday programme, a tyre of one of the cars blew out and the car crashed at high speed into the crowded grandstand.

Four persons were killed instantly, while 20 of the spectators were injured. The driver of the car miraculously escaped unhurt.

HONG KONG POLICE RESERVE.

[ORDERS BY MR. T. H. KING, ACTING
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.]

General.

Revolver Practice.—The regular weekly revolver practice (voluntary) will take place at the Bowen Road Revolver Range on Wednesday, June 11, from 9 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. It will be open to all ranks of the Hong Kong Police, Special Constables, Sharpshooters' Company, Hong Kong Police Reserve and to all persons holding permits to carry arms.

Chinese Company.

Handling of Revolver.—Instruction in aiming, correct grip, and trigger pressing will be given at the Company's Headquarters on Wednesday evening, June 11, at 8 p.m.

Indian Company.

Commendation.—Constable R213 Bhagat Singh, of the Indian Company, Hong Kong Police Reserve, is commended by the Hon. I.G.P. for zeal and alertness on April 9, 1930, in arresting one Chan Wai, who was sentenced to two months' hard labour for larceny.

Parade.—All ranks of the Indian Company are reminded of the parade to be held at Police Headquarters on Tuesday, June 10, at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

Flying Squad.

The weekly instructional patrol of the Kowloon Section will take place on Tuesday, June 10. Fall in at the Tsimshatsui Fire Brigade Station at 5.30 p.m. sharp. Dress: Khaki uniform and cap with khaki cover.

The weekly instructional patrol of the Hong Kong Section will take place on Friday, June 13. Fall in at the Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Dress: Khaki uniform and cap with khaki cover.

Sharpshooters' Company.

Revolver Practice.—This will be carried out on the Bowen Road Range on Wednesday, June 11, from 9 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Members will bring their revolvers, belts and holsters. Uniform optional.

(Sgd.) D. L. KING,
D.S.P. (R.)

Hong Kong, June 9.

ZEPPELIN'S FLIGHT.

STATEMENT BY
COMMANDER.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Lakehurst, May 31.—After bringing the giant German dirigible Graf Zeppelin to a graceful landing this morning on the field which had already seen the termination of both trans-Atlantic and round-the-world flights by the same craft, Dr. Hugo Eckener, veteran commander of the dirigible, enjoyed a smoke which had for many hours been forbidden, and told Press correspondents, in an informal conference, some of his troubles on the voyage north from Pernambuco.

He declared that the Graf Zeppelin weathered the worst storm in its history in passing over Bermuda, battling with head-winds which would have wrecked a less staunchly constructed airship.

The Graf Zeppelin at once underwent thorough inspection, he said, and it was found to be in perfect condition.

Dr. Eckener said that he planned to depart on Sunday evening or Monday morning. Refuelling is now in progress, and Dr. Eckener is obtaining permits which will allow him to put on board a stock of liquors for consumption on the home voyage after clearing United States jurisdiction.

U.S. AMBASSADOR TO JAPAN.

MR. HENRY B. FLETCHER
MENTIONED.

Tokyo, May 31.—Mr. Henry B. Fletcher, former United States Ambassador to Italy and Mexico, is being mentioned as one of the candidates for the post of United States Ambassador to Tokyo, according to the latest information reaching here.

Since the retirement of Mr. Charles MacVeagh, who left the Ambassadorship to Tokyo on the occasion of the inauguration of President Hoover's Administration, there has been no regular U.S. Ambassador to Japan, the Embassy being carried on by Mr. Edwin Neville, the Councillor of the Embassy.

During the delicate time of the London Naval Conference, the United States posted Mr. William J. Castle, Jr., as Special Ambassador to Japan to act as liaison diplomat.

While desirous to fill the important diplomatic post in Tokyo as early as possible in view of the importance of the relationship between Japan and America, President Hoover seemed to have found no suitable person. Some other names beside Mr. Fletcher are also mentioned as candidates and these include Mr. Harry Chandler, the President of the Los Angeles Times, an influential Californian daily.

HINDENBURG'S LIBEL ACTION.

EXCITEMENT OVER SUIT
AGAINST SOCIALIST.

Berlin, May 31.—The libel action in which President Hindenburg is the plaintiff and the National Socialist, Herr Goebbels, the defendant, opened in an excited atmosphere to-day.

The alleged libel relates to an extremist newspaper article by Herr Goebbels, which vehemently attacked the President's attitude to the Young Plan, and accused him of undue friendship to Jewish and Marxist advisers.

At the top of the article was a caricature of the President, headed "The saviour looks on."

Counsel for the defence unsuccessfully demanded the withdrawal of two Jewish Judges from the Bench. Goebbels pleaded not guilty, maintaining the right to criticize the political action, such as the signing of the Young Plan, by the President whom he had helped to elect.

Berlin, May 31.—Herr Goebbels, who has been fined Mks. 800 on a charge of libel, has been ordered to pay out that 24 libel actions were pending on behalf of President von Hindenburg.

The State Prosecutor, who had demanded a heavy imprisonment sentence, filed notice of appeal.

PROHIBITION ISSUE.

REFERENDUM UNLIKELY
BEFORE ELECTION.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Washington, June 1.—Although Prohibition has unquestionably come forward as the dominating political issue in most parts of the United States during recent weeks, there is believed to be little likelihood that the State Legislatures will act on a prohibition referendum before the approaching general election.

Most of the Legislatures have adjourned, while in others there is insufficient time to launch and carry through such an important matter.

In consequence, it was pointed out in informed circles here to-day, that members of Congress will seek re-election without positive expression from their home States as to how the votes are most likely to be cast. Only the recent polls by the Literary Digest and by local newspapers and magazines give concrete guidance, in most instances, as to the "wet" and "dry" status of the various States, and the position of certain on-the-fence Congressmen is in consequence extremely painful.

A few States are of such outstandingly wet or dry sentiment that the problem is simplified, but for the most part it is still an open question, and the approaching elections are, therefore, looked forward to with the keenest interest.

The Government, in the meantime, will attempt rigidly to enforce Prohibition by all means at its disposal.

Announcement has been made that the U.S. Coast Guard will use a number of new flying boats to cruise on and above all boundary waters. Special attention will be centred upon the "rum fleets" and the smaller ships which deal with them.

GHASTLY DISCOVERY IN TOKYO.

BODIES OF SEVEN INFANTS
IN TRUNK.

Tokyo, May 31.—A gruesome sensation was caused at Shinjuku Station, in Tokyo, yesterday afternoon, when a trunk which had been entrusted to a station porter by a mysterious woman in the morning was found to contain the dead bodies of seven babies.

It appears that the woman, taking two other babies, came to the station at about 10 o'clock in the morning and asked a porter to take care of a box for a few hours, and then went away in a taxi-cab. Later, suspicions were aroused because the woman, who said she would be back soon, did not turn up.

The station authorities decided to open the box in the presence of the police and to their horror found the bodies of seven babies.

Immediately, the police started a search for the mysterious woman, after acting on the clues supplied by the porter and other witnesses.

While the exact cause has not yet been ascertained, it is generally believed that it is one of the gruesome results of the extreme depression which is prevailing throughout the country.

GOVERNMENT PROHIBITS CARRYING OF WEAPONS.

Berlin, May 30.—The Fascist-Communist feud in Germany is taking its daily death toll and the Government is preparing to take drastic action to curb the excessive political fanaticism which is alarming the public.

Among the contemplated measures is a Bill prohibiting the carrying of loaded cases, clubs, rubberhose, lead-pipes, knuckle-dusters and others which are not strictly lethal weapons, by extremist combatants.

Another Bill provides for the distinction between common and political assaults, the latter being rendered liable to severe punishment.

It is confidently expected that these and other measures will have a quieting effect on the political tempers of the antagonists.

ANTI-SOVIET RISING IN SIBERIA.

CLASHES BETWEEN SOLDIERS
AND PEASANTS.

HARBIN, May 28.—The revolt of Russian peasants, farmers, villagers, fishermen and coal miners in the Siberian Maritime Province is continuing to grow more serious, according to authenticated reports from Vladivostok received in Harbin.

Several mutinies have broken out in villages near Vladivostok, it being reported that a large mob of peasants held up a Siberian freight train at Razdolnaya station near Nikol'sk-Ussursk and looted several cars loaded with foodstuffs destined for the Far Eastern Red Army station at Vladivostok.

Collisions on Strike.

The workmen in the Suchan coal mines, eastward of Vladivostok, have now been on strike for two weeks and refuse to produce coal unless the Government takes steps to provide the mining community with food.

Villagers in a number of towns in the vicinity of the Suchan mines have joined the revolt. The cause being the serious economic difficulties affecting the entire district. It is stated that the revolts are largely spontaneous and thus far are without leadership.

The Soviet newspaper in Vladivostok called the Red Flag, copies of which have arrived in Harbin, contain references to the peasant trouble. People arriving in Harbin from Vladivostok state that severe clashes have occurred between soldiers and the Kulaki (propertyed peasants), and that several Red soldiers have been killed and wounded.

Soviet Police Measures.

Moscow, May 30.—It is reported that, in order to induce workers and peasants to co-operate with the police, the authorities will shortly decree the formation in cities, towns and villages of special civilian bodies to which the police will delegate such duties as the searching of houses, transporting of prisoners, etc.

STRANGE ACCIDENT TO PEDESTRIAN.

SHANGHAI RESIDENT BADLY
INJURED.

A remarkable accident attended by rather serious injury to a well-known member of the Shanghai community occurred last week in Seymour Road.

The N.C. Daily News says that Mr. E. Ezekiel was passing 177, Seymour Road, at 9 a.m. when a section of iron railing fell from the roof and struck him on the head, causing slight concussion and inflicting several nasty wounds. The railing had broken loose from its supporting pillars 30 feet above the pavement. It was four feet long and weighed about 35 lbs.

There were no witnesses to the accident, and Mr. Ezekiel was deprived of medical attention until a member of the U.S. Marine Corps came along and sized up the situation. The Marine communicated with the police, who had Mr. Ezekiel removed to the Country Hospital.

The railing had been in position for about 20 years and it was repaired about two years ago. The screws connecting it with the pillars were corroded and the slight wind that was blowing at the time was sufficient to send it crashing to the street.

An inquiry at the Country Hospital is now stated that Mr. Ezekiel was not in any immediate danger and that every hope is entertained for his speedy recovery.

GANDHISM IN INDO-CHINA.

GROWTH OF NATIONALIST
UNREST.

PARIS, May 31.—Le Matin's special correspondent in Hanoi reports that the nationalist unrest in Indo-China has percolated through the southern and western districts, which had hitherto refrained from participating in the revolutionary movement.

Non-co-operation and non-payment of taxes propaganda is spreading like wildfire, while in many places the movement is assuming a definitely communist atmosphere.

The correspondent declared that unless the authorities at home and in the colony adopted rigorous measures to cope with the rebellion, a catastrophe was imminent.

WET WHITSUNTIDE.

NEEDED-YET UNWELCOME-RAIN.

"One of the wettest week-ends I can remember!" declare several thousand people who had been interested in several hundred picnic parties and outdoor sports and excursions.

The trouble—if such it may be called—started on Friday—"Naturally!" says the superstitious. It continued on Saturday, stopping all the bowls and tennis fixtures, though the race-meeting was held in spite of the weather.

Sunday was, comparatively, a lovely day, though the wind was ominously high, and there was a lumpy swell running in the harbour which seemed to indicate more "weather" coming. It came, and from seven o'clock until about ten another deluge descended.

Whit Monday dawned dull, though a little patch of blue sky here and there gave hopes of a fine day, but the colour-scheme quickly changed. The blue gave place to grey, and again a deluge, which continued steadily the whole day.

"The wettest Whitsun on record?" Perhaps so—at any rate, over six inches of rain has fallen during these few days. It was unfortunate that this latest "drop" should have come just when so many were looking forward to an extra few hours of health-giving exercise in the fresh air, but the rise in the levels of the reservoirs is ample compensation for the disappointment of finding tennis-courts, bowling-greens, golf-links, and race-courses several inches under water.

THOUGHTS OF AN IDLE FELLOW.

SPENDING WHIT MONDAY AT HOME.

The bright outlook on Sunday—generally cloudy but nevertheless rain-free—must have made some people, except the stay-at-homes, look forward with joyful anticipation to the morrow. It was Whit Monday and a general holiday—a day which the office worker is free to spend away from his desk and on which even the schoolboy makes it a point to forget his weekly complaint.

Monday arrived, but what a day as the morning wore on! The hurriedly-arranged picnic party, the swim at the beach, and the other things which we might have done, had we been permitted out of doors, all went by the board. The ardent admirer of nature—the amateur photographer—was also among the dejected ones who stayed at home and passed the time playing ping-pong or mah jong.

Of course, the disappointment would be only temporary, for these were the races in the afternoon. Whatever else happens in Hong Kong, the races must take place. Did the horses not run on Saturday, and even so prospective punters waited on in the hope that the afternoon would at least bring some consolation.

I wonder how many visited the racecourse, only to find that the thing was off! The weather in Hong Kong is so deceitful that for all the rain up to 2 o'clock in the afternoon, we might have been permitted to carry on. But nine inches of water in the track is quite a different thing when safety first should be the guiding motto of our jockeys, even though the crowd can enjoy the sport and back their fancy from the shelter of the stand. The holiday-seeker was thwarted on every hand and he will swear never to see another Whit Monday like it again.

Meanwhile, those who had thought of some scheme to pass the time indoors carried on oblivious of the fact that something of a typhoon was on. At any rate, the No. 4 signal was hoisted in the forenoon to warn all and sundry that, apart from the rain, perhaps the worst we could expect was a few gusts of strong wind.

After all, in Hong Kong we have a few optimists among the wage-earners. I refer to the rich and the poor alike. It was their day to make a few extra ten-cent pieces, but to them also, it was a disappointing day, for the rain and typhoon had ruined the day. I hear that the boat sailed for Macao in the morning before the rain actually commenced in earnest and a typhoon signal was perhaps not in mind. Those who got away must have derived some comfort which was denied to the lawn bowler, race punter, and—Idler.

CORRESPONDENCE.

STABILISATION OR CONFISCATION.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—The public owes you a debt of gratitude for the article on "Fixing the Dollar's Value" which you published yesterday. The "pros and cons" of the whole situation are very clearly stated there, and the man in the street, who knows nothing whatever about the vagaries of exchange, would do well to study that article.

I view with some alarm the scheme to introduce "F.V." dollars. If it means the reduction of everyone's bank-balance, then I am against it! Every right-thinking man would hesitate at such a proposition, but particularly he who, thanks to hard work and continued frugality, has put by some money for a rainy day. By a stroke of the pen—according to your article—that saving would be considerably reduced.

May I add to the lengthy list of criticism that has already appeared against the scheme under discussion. The value of practically all public companies in Hong Kong (if the "F.V." dollar is introduced) would be reduced by one-half. If you take the local companies listed on the Stock Exchange alone, you will find that the market value of all the shares listed is roughly \$577,000,000. Now, if these dollars had to be converted into "F.V." dollars when they are introduced, the loss between exchange 1/2d. and 2/- on the value of these companies is roughly \$240,000,000.

This is an astounding figure, but I feel sure that the astonishment of your readers will be even more profound when they realise that the companies listed in the Stock Exchange locally only represent a limited portion of the business enterprises of Hong Kong.

Personally, I think it is the incontestable right of every citizen of Hong Kong to expect as many dollars out of the bank as they have paid into it. This, I am sure, is the general attitude of the majority of business people in Hong Kong.

It may not be a very helpful attitude, but why must it be assumed that every depositor at all local banks is interested in exchange? Why must it be made the law that the man who paid in Hong Kong dollars into the bank when they stood at 3/- must now sell those dollars at 1/3d. or 1/2d., and if he is to continue to stay in Hong Kong, to repurchase fixed dollars at 3/-?

I hope you can see your way to publish this letter, as the problem propounded herein leaves me perplexed.—Yours, etc.,

PAY, PAY, PAY AGAIN.
Hong Kong, June 9.

"FULL OF HOLES, NOT HOPE."

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—I am afraid the proposal to run two distinct currencies in Hong Kong is as full of holes as a sponge. I see in your paper of today's issue that the fixed value dollar, if introduced, will be equivalent to 2/- or a sovereign against a \$10 note, but it is curious to note the suggested inclusion of the words payable "within three months on demand."

I think the "fixed-value" dollar note will go down in history as a unique specimen, and I think the Hong Kong public will be the biggest bunch of dunderheads if they should ever consent to pay their ready cash into the banks, etc., on the distinct understanding that the banks, etc., can hold them up three months when it comes to a question of withdrawal!—Yours, etc.,

NUTSED.

[In justice to those concerned, it should be pointed out that this suggested three-month limit was simply intended as a safeguard against any ingenious scheme to "fix" the market. A supply of gold and silver sufficient to meet any reasonable demand was to be held in the Colony, but in the event of a sudden great demand for bullion, the Government would have time to obtain further supplies if the promise to pay in gold or silver was not necessarily upon presentation of the note, but within three months.—Ed.]

THE NAVY'S THANKS.

GRATEFUL FOR THE SEPOY FUND DONATIONS.

ADMIRAL WAISTELL WRITES FROM NORTH CHINA.

The recent "Sepoy" disaster is recalled by the following letters which have been received by Mr. A. L. Shiels, President of the local branch of the Navy League, from Admiral Sir A. K. Waistell, Commander-in-Chief of the China Station, Capt. W. P. Mark-Wardlaw (8th Destroyer Flotilla), and Lieut. Commander W. E. Reid (Commanding Officer, H.M.S. Sepoy), expressing the keen sense of appreciation of all officers and men on the China Station for the very generous way in which the Hong Kong public has responded to the "Sepoy" Fund.

The Admiral concludes his letter by saying that "all officers and men of the China Fleet extend their sincere thanks to all concerned for this further token of the sympathy and generosity which have always been shown by the residents of Hong Kong towards the Royal Navy."

The letters are as follows:—
Admiral's Thanks.

H.M.S. Kent at Nanking, 26th May, 1930.

Dear Sir,—I desire to express to you, and through you to your Committee and the members of the Hong Kong branch of the Navy League, my very warm thanks for the extremely generous donation that has been made by Hong Kong to the fund that has been raised for the dependants of the officers and five ratings who lost their lives in the recent explosion on board H.M.S. Sepoy.

Read-Admiral Hill has informed me of the wide response that was made by the Hong Kong Public to your appeal for funds and of the great assistance that has been given by the Press. Would you be so kind as to extend to all concerned the sincere thanks of myself and of all the officers and men of the China Fleet for this further token of the sympathy and generosity which have always been shown by the residents of Hong Kong towards the Royal Navy.—Yours faithfully,

A. K. WAISTELL,
Admiral, Commander-in-Chief, China Station.

Flotilla's Gratitude.

H.M.S. Bruce at Hong Kong, 19th May, 1930.

Sir,—On behalf of the 8th Destroyer Flotilla, to which H.M.S. Sepoy belongs, I must write to say how much everyone in the Flotilla has appreciated the charitable work which your League has carried out in raising funds for the dependants of those who lost their lives in the recent disastrous explosion.

Perhaps you would kindly convey an expression of sincere gratitude to all those who have contributed to the large sum which your League has collected.

I would like to add our thanks to the Press for their generous assistance.—I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. P. MARK-WARDLAW,
Captain (D),
8th Destroyer Flotilla.

Sepoy's Thanks.

H.M.S. Sepoy, at Weihaiwei, 17th May, 1930.

Dear Sir,—The Captain, Officers and Ship's Company of H.M.S. Sepoy wish to thank you and the members of the Hong Kong branch of the Navy League for all that you have done in organising and collecting for the Sepoy Disaster Fund.

The splendid response to this appeal will not only greatly assist the dependants, but has created a feeling amongst the men that in the event of accident to them abroad their dependants will be as well cared for as when serving at home.

We would be grateful if you would convey our sincere thanks to the many people who have so generously contributed to or assisted in collecting for this Fund.

W. E. REID, Lieut. Commander, Commanding Officer.

EUROPEAN KILLED IN KUALA LUMPUR.

SEARCH FOR "HIT AND RUN" MOTOR CAR.

While taking an after dinner walk along Sungai Tempayan Road, Kuala Lumpur, Mr. Henry H. Morgan, district master at Rawang, Tin Fields, Serendah, was knocked down by an unknown motor-car and killed. His skull and legs were fractured.

Mr. Morgan was found lying in the road by his cook's eight-year-old daughter. No one saw the motor-car, for which search is now being made.

Mr. Morgan, who was 54 years old, was buried on June 1. He came to Malaya from Australia thirteen years ago. His wife and daughter are at present in Australia. He has a married son at Kemper, and three brothers, also engaged in tin mining, one at Batu Caves and two in Perak.

THE VANISHING ACT.

ABSCONDING EMPLOYEES OF NATIVE FIRMS.

DEFALCATIONS ALLEGED OF OVER \$20,000.

Three cases of alleged defalcations of large sums of money by employees have been reported to the police.

An amount of \$15,500—in \$300 bills—is stated to have been entrusted to a clerk by Mr. Ng Ming Sam, a partner in the import and export firm of Yuen Yik Cheung, of No. 132, Bonham Strand East. The money was delivered to the employee to pay accounts at 1.45 p.m. on Saturday, but the man absconded.

A further report mentions the alleged theft by four men of \$1,405.07, being funds of the Joss Stick Makers' Guild, Tam Tung, a joss stick maker, of No. 534, Shanghai Street, has informed the police that the funds were unlawfully withdrawn from the bank of the Guild between May 21 and June 7.

The accountant of the Kwok Wui Yuen, of Nelson Street, Mongkok, is also reported to have decamped with \$8,047.50 on June 5, which amount was entrusted to him to purchase timber.

SHOOTING TRAGEDY AT SINGAPORE.

BRITISH SOLDIER KILLED.

A sensational shooting affair, in which a sapper of the Royal Engineers lost his life, occurred about one a.m. on June 1 at Changi, and is being investigated by the Singapore police. An elderly Boyanese has been charged with murder and remanded on bail of \$3,000.

According to inquiries made by a Straits Times representative, the scene of the shooting was the seaside estate of Mr. J. A. Elias at Pasir Ris, where the accused was employed.

It is stated that the tragedy was the result of a boating excursion by three sappers, including Sapper Aubrey Elmer, who lost his life, and it is said that the soldiers were mistaken for robbers.

It appears that three men left in a boat at about eleven p.m. on May 31, and, when opposite Mr. Elias' residence, found themselves in difficulty when the boat capsized. Sapper Elmer and one of his comrades who could swim assisted the third man, and they managed to reach the shore.

They then went off in search of assistance and arrived at the coolie lines occupied by men in the service of Mr. Elias.

It was one o'clock and dark, and the shooting is alleged to have taken place on the assumption that the men were attempting to break into the building.

Elmer, who received the full charge of one shot in his chest, collapsed and died, while his comrades rushed off to the Changi police station.

The body of Elmer, who was only 22 years of age, was later viewed by the acting Coroner, Mr. J. F. P. Gregg, and sent to the General Hospital.

The man who is alleged to have fired the shots was detained and charged with murder before Mr. P. S. Williams, the Second Police Magistrate, and remanded. Mr. R. L. Braddell appeared for the accused.

CHINESE CHARGED AT MALACCA.

ALLEGED COMMUNIST GANG LEADER.

A Chinese who was alleged to have been the leader of a gang of 1,000 Communists in China, to have soaked the village of An-Chan in the district of Hye-fan, Canton, with petrol and burnt it out, and to have murdered two men, was bound over for six months in the sum of \$500 to keep the peace, or, in default, six months' rigorous imprisonment, when he appeared in court at Malacca charged to show cause why he should not be bound over; being a notorious and dangerous character.

Wong was unable to find security, and was committed to prison. It was stated that the man, Wong Tien, had been arrested at the instance of several Hylahongs, who were incensed at his coming to Malacca.

Three witnesses said that they had seen Wong Tien set fire to the village, and two of them said they had seen him shoot two men dead. Wong denied the statements of the three witnesses.

SHANGHAI PILOT HONOURED.

PRESENTATION TO CAPT. SCURR.

On May 31 all the members of the Shanghai Licensed Pilots' Association who were in port attended a pleasant little ceremony at the Association's office, 28, The Bund.

On behalf of the whole of the members, Captain G. Philip, manager of the Association, presented to Captain F. Scurr a handsome solid silver writing set, suitably engraved, to mark the occasion of his retirement from the service to establish his own business locally as a marine surveyor and consultant.

In a felicitous little speech, Capt. Philip voiced the regret of the members at losing a colleague who was highly esteemed by all, at the same time expressing the hope that Capt. Scurr's new business venture would meet with complete success.

Captain Scurr suitably replied, thanking the members most heartily for their very kind action, pointing out that the writing set would form a most useful and permanent souvenir of his eight years' membership of the Shanghai Licensed Pilots' Association.

Captain Scurr brings to his new venture over 25 years' experience of Shanghai shipping. The greater part of this period has been spent in responsible positions, in command of vessels belonging to Messrs. Jardine Matheson, and as a full draft pilot for the port of Shanghai.

In addition to this, Capt. Scurr served throughout the Great War as Navigating Lieutenant R.N.R. in the Royal Navy, principally in the North Sea and Mediterranean, and is also a member of the Honourable Company of Master Mariners, London.

SEQUEL TO SIAMESE COURT CLAIM.

JUDGE SYMPATHISES WITH MINER.

At the Supreme Court, Penang, on May 31, Mr. Justice Sproule heard an unusual case in which Mr. G. S. Hooper, a well-known Penang miner, was sued on a Siamese judgment for the recovery of \$10,000. The plaintiff was Tay Poon Eng Yong, of Bhuket, Siam, who sued through his attorney, Chembai bin Mohamed.

Plaintiff alleged that the full amount of the judgment was 19,650 ticals, of which 5,801 ticals had been recovered by the sale of Mr. Hooper's property in Siam. Plaintiff now claimed the balance as well as interest.

Defendant alleged that the judgment was void, also that he had not owed the plaintiff anything at any time. The sum of 19,000 ticals claimed represented one-fifth commission on a certain sale of land which defendant put through, but the defendant denied that the plaintiff was entitled to anything.

Mr. Gibson, for the plaintiff, put in the judgment which the court accepted. Mr. Conagan, for the defendant, after referring to the law, called his client, who was the only witness to be examined.

Witness said that when the claim was made at the Monthon Bhuket Court he consulted the British Legal Adviser, Mr. Lyons, who advised him that as he was the property holder he must appear at the proceedings otherwise his property was liable to be confiscated. He also consulted a Siamese lawyer who gave him the same advice.

Witness then appeared and defended the suit in order to protect his property from seizure. When the claim was heard at the Monthon Bhuket Court witness was defended by a Siamese lawyer who could not speak English, and witness could not speak Siamese.

Judgment was given against him and subsequently his property was seized while he was in Penang. Replying to his Lordship, witness said he appeared to defend the suit in order to save his property.

His Lordship, giving judgment, said the defendant had taken the one step which had enabled plaintiff to seize his land. Defendant had his Lordship's sympathy; but judgment had to be entered against him for the full amount claimed with costs.

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INTIMATIONS.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the HONG KONG HOTEL, Hong Kong, on SATURDAY, the 14th JUNE, 1930, at 11 A.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th APRIL, 1930.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 9th DAY OF JUNE, to SATURDAY, the 14th DAY OF JUNE, 1930, Both Days inclusive.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers, Hong Kong, 4th June, 1930. [9503]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE FORTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Office of the General Managers, Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., 22nd STREET, HONG KONG, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th JUNE, 1930, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th JUNE to 2nd JULY, 1930, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., General Managers, Hong Kong, 28th May, 1930. [9481]

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING & MINING CO., LIMITED.

PAYMENT OF INTERIM DIVIDEND ON SHARES FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE, 1930.

THE Board having declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND of One Shilling per Share, Free of Income Tax, for the year ending 30th JUNE, 1930, Holders of Bearer Shares and Holders of Dividend Warrants received from London on account of Registered Shares will be paid their Dividends on presenting Coupon No. 37 of the Bearer Shares and Dividend Warrants on Registered Shares, to either of the following Banks at Shanghai or Tientsin—

THE HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA,
THE BANQUE PARISIENNE POUR L'ETRAANGER.

Payment will be made in Dollars at the Buying Rate of Exchange of the Day.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,
P. C. YOUNG, General Manager,

Note.—This Dividend is payable on the issued Capital (including the 500,000 Bonus Shares to be issued by Resolution of the Company passed on the 16th December, 1929) of 1,000,000 Shares. [9518]

ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY OF CARPENTERS, CARPENTERS, PAINTERS and SCARPERS, and PLUMBERS to H.M. DOCKYARD, Hong Kong.

Forms of Tender can be obtained at the Office of CHIEF CONSTRUCTOR, H.M. DOCKYARD, Hong Kong, and should be filled in and returned as indicated in Tender Form Not Later Than NOON on MONDAY, JUNE 10th, 1930.

S. B. TICKNER, Chief Constructor, Hong Kong, 6th June, 1930. [9517]

A Long-awaited collected "Canadian Kipling"

THE COLLECTED VERSE OF ROBERT SERVICE

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It is impossible to stress too strongly the peculiar merit of this remarkable book. No pick-me-ups, no patent medicines have the stimulating qualities of these amazing verses. They thrill with vitality. They are pungent, invigorating whiffs of a life which is not revealed to all of us. Mr. Service has put courage into the depressed and heightened the spirits of the optimistic, and it is in response to his many admirers that this collected edition has been published.

It contains: "The Rhymes of a Rolling Stone," "The Rhymes of a Red Cross Man," "Songs of a Sourdough," "Ballads of a Cheechako," "Ballads of a Bohemian," in fact all the verse the author has written.

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NOTICE.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD. (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG).

CERTIFICATE No. 2968 for Six Shares, 24 per Share paid up, Numbered 8911/6915 and 89382 in this Society standing in the Name of TAKATA & CO. of Tokio, has been Declared LOST, and if at the Expiration of One Month from the date hereof the above Document be not forthcoming the said Certificate will be deemed cancelled and of No Effect, and a NEW Certificate for the said Shares will be issued in its stead by the Society.

PAUL LAUDER, General Manager, Hong Kong, 7th June, 1930. [9515]

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.20 p.m., stated:—

A typhoon of small diameter is moving northward and filling up to the west of Macao.

Local Forecast:—Strong S. winds; moderating; overcast; rain.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street, Tel. 30231.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

Hong Kong, June 10, 1930.

THE PRODIGAL'S RETURN.

Less than a month ago, the Roumanian Cabinet issued an Order forbidding the publication in the Press of any matter or comments concerning ex-Prince CAROL, and to confiscate any newspaper contravening this Order. At the same time it was decided to stop the telegrams sent by foreign correspondents dealing with this subject. Several newspapers which had disobeyed the new regulation were confiscated. The regulation was issued in consequence of the publication of a violent anti-CAROL pamphlet by M. BRATTIANU, the Leader of the Opposition, contrary to the wishes of the Co-Regent, Prince NICHOLAS, who had asked M. BRATTIANU to abstain from any action likely to prejudice the prestige of the Royal Family. This pamphlet was likewise confiscated. Now we read that CAROL is back in Bucharest, and has been proclaimed King, his little son (ex-King MICHAEL) being recognised as Crown Prince!

It is surely an incident, unique in history that a King should become heir to the throne which once was his, but then Roumania seems a rather queer country. A few weeks ago that simple and harmless card-game played by children, known as "rummy," was solemnly prohibited by the Roumanian Government as "a dangerous and demoralising form of gambling." Whether Roumanian "rummy" differs in any marked degree from the innocuous pastime so popular in many English family circles as a winter evening recreation we do not know. Possibly it does; so many aspects of Balkan affairs are "rummy" that it may be the game has undergone certain sinister modifications in its new environment that indulgence in it by the rising generation of Roumanians is fraught with grave moral dangers—but to come back to CAROL and his remarkable return to his beloved country.

For some weeks past there have been indications that the political situation in Roumania were very unsettled, particularly in connection with differences between Queen MARIE and the MANU Cabinet. On the eve of Roumania's most important national holiday—the anniversary of independence—the Queen Mother left Bucharest for the Royal castle on the shores of the Black Sea, announcing that she intended to remain there until about the middle of June. Reuter tells us that Queen MARIE was still holiday-making in Vienna, on the way to Oberammergau—when she received "with visible surprise" the news of CAROL's return to Bucharest. However that may be, it is no secret that the Queen Mother was not on friendly terms with the MANU Cabinet, which represents a coalition of the Nationalist and Peasant Parties. Last month the Liberals met to discuss plans for overthrowing the Government, and as this party has been always favourably disposed toward the Royal Family, it seems not improbable that CAROL's return is the sequel to the movement against the MANU Administration.

By its recent confiscation of all the daily papers of Bucharest and the temporary imposition of a censorship, the Government alienated many supporters and well-wishers who had looked to MANU to bring about a fundamental improvement in the political and social situation. It was in the name of civil liberties, complete and effective democracy, exploitation of the country's wealth for the good of all and the strict observation of the Constitution that the National Peasant Government came to power eighteen months ago, supported by the common people of the nation, many of whom had staunchly aided the party during many hard and dangerous years of opposition. It is true that the military law prevailing in many places, as well as the censorship and other restrictive practices, were immediately abolished by MANU's Cabinet, resulting, without any doubt, in a greater degree of liberty than Roumania has enjoyed at any period since the war. In view of that fact most of the people, as has been shown in various elections, retained faith in MANU's régime and were inclined to wait patiently for him to bring to fruition some of the many radical improvements which he had promised. But the recent sudden assault on the Press, which for years gave the National Peasant movement invaluable support, caused great disappointment. The papers were confiscated because they contained reports of speeches made at a mass meeting of the People's Party by two Opposition politicians who urgently advocated the return of Prince CAROL to Roumania for the purpose of establishing a Royal dictatorship.

The financial crisis of the past few months was sufficient to render almost any Government unpopular. Delay over the conclusion of several treaties, planned to bring relief, has been all in favour of the Opposition, and even Cabinet members admitted that the Government had lost popularity. On top of all this there was evidently some active plotting in favour of bringing CAROL back to Bucharest. When King FERDINAND died there was strong opposition raised to his son coming to the throne, owing to his unfaithfulness to Princess HELENE, from whom he was divorced. CAROL has repeatedly declared he had no intention of ever claiming the right of succession, and his son MICHAEL (now eight years of age) was proclaimed King in July, 1927. Now all this is to be changed. CAROL becomes King of Roumania, he has left his affinity in France, his divorce from Princess HELENE is to be annulled, and the boy King is to become Crown Prince. It is all rather reminiscent of comic opera, but apparently these changes are being arranged in all seriousness. Whether the recent official ban on "rummy" is to be removed remains to be seen. Reuter tells us that most of the Roumanian newspapers welcome CAROL's return—but when we remember what happens in some countries to newspapers which express opinions that are not approved in official quarters, this expression of Press unanimity need not be taken too seriously.

BRAIN AND BRAINS.

The ignominious defeat of the Chinese track and field team at the recent Far Eastern Olympic games in Tokyo has aroused the deep concern of the *Ta Kung Pao*, the most influential Chinese newspaper in the North. "Let no youth in the country minimize or belittle this athletic defeat," says the editor. "As we have said on more than one occasion, physical development has an important bearing on mental and moral development. When a nation is beaten in the field of sports, it indicates that there is something wrong with the intellectual development of its people."

Apart from the athletic inferiority of Chinese students, it is asked, is there anything in which they excel the students of other countries? How about their scientific or literary progress and achievements? "Without taking much trouble to inquire, we return an emphatic 'No.' Indeed, it seems to us that the speciality of our students lies in broadcasting long manifestoes against any President or Principal who happens to incur their wrath, and indulging in other forms of illegitimate agitation. In this, they easily win the championship of the student world." The Chinese journalist ventures the opinion that there has been sad deterioration among students during the decade since 1919, when there was a thirst for new learning. He urges the students to recognize their prevailing weaknesses, and hasten to correct them.

VORONOFF'S INTEREST IN CHINA.

The Chinese, like other people, have been fascinated by the gland operations of Dr. SERGE VORONOFF, who has recently spent a few weeks in the country, and performed a number of operations. In Shanghai Dr. VORONOFF "rejuvenated" five Chinese, at a cost to each of \$10,000, and he is understood to have several applications from Chinese in Peking. Before members of the Sino-French Institute Dr. VORONOFF demonstrated his gland operation, showing how it might improve the grade of animals. The Chinese Press gave the surgeon considerable publicity, pointing out that he had performed an operation in India upon a maharajah for a fee of £10,000, and that a similar fee had been paid to him by the British Government for his advice upon improving animal stock in India.

In interviews, Dr. VORONOFF explained that he is interested in eunuchs, and he spent a good part of his brief stay in Peking tracking down the eunuchs who remain from the Manchu Court. There are hundreds of these men still alive, and Dr. VORONOFF met and examined several of them. It was a eunuch in Egypt, the surgeon declared, who gave him his first conception of the gland "rejuvenating" operation, and he has since made a close study of eunuchs in all countries where they are found, the Chinese being reserved for the final phase of this study.

Sir Robert Ho Tung returned to Hong Kong from Shanghai yesterday by the N.Y.K. Tatsuta-maru.

Mr. D. Terry, who is connected with the teaching staff of the Lingnam University, arrived in the Colony by the S.S. President Jefferson yesterday.

Amongst the passengers arriving in the Colony aboard the S.S. President Jefferson was Miss D. C. Avery, who is an army nurse. Miss Avery is en route to Shanghai.

Included in the list of passengers arriving in the Colony yesterday in the President Jefferson was Mr. W. F. Stutterheim, who is a shipping inspector, visiting this port on business. He is accompanied by Mrs. Stutterheim.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir William Peel, spent the whole of Whit Sunday in his Peak residence, Mountain Lodge. The gardens presented a delightful scene, with blue rhododendrons in blossom, and these were greatly admired by Sir William.

★ News and Views ★

Dr. Ernest Nirsche, of Nuremberg, while performing an operation on a young woman, decided in the midst of his task that it was desirable at the same time to remove the appendix. The woman was highly indignant when she learned what had been done without her consent. She instituted proceedings, and the surgeon has been fined £50, with the alternative of 20 days' imprisonment. An expert declared the removal of the appendix was indicated, but was not absolutely necessary. So the Court ruled that the doctor had been guilty of a technical "assault." This decision is adversely commented upon, because of the obvious impossibility of a surgeon stopping in the middle of a serious operation to ask the patient how much farther he may proceed.

For an experimental period of three months, old-age pensioners of 70 years of age and over are to be carried free on Liverpool tramways and omnibuses. This was decided at a meeting of the Liverpool City Council.

Four other passengers, including two women, watched in terrified silence, while Tex Anding, the pilot, fought a drunken passenger who tried to seize the controls of a passenger airplane flying at a height of 3,000ft. Anding finally knocked the drunken man unconscious, and resumed control of his machine. The man regained consciousness as the machine landed at the Holmes Airport. Jumping to the ground, he began throwing stones at the pilot. Eventually, officials of the flying field came to the pilot's assistance and escorted the man from the aerodrome. He was not arrested.

Tram-cars have run for the last time on the six miles route which links Rawtenstall with Haslingden and Accrington. Buses took their place and the tram lines will shortly be scrapped. It is 20 years since the through running was established between the three boroughs. Buses took the place of tram-cars in the Lumb Valley, but a workman's car is being run until the four miles length of road is reconstructed. The scheme has been approved by the Lancashire County Council.

A professional golf tournament for 50,000 francs (£400) in prize money is to be played on the Deauville course on June 22 to precede the French open championship at Dieppe. It is a 36 holes' stroke competition, and there will be twelve prizes. It is anticipated that the professionals who intend to take part in the French open championship will break their journey to compete at Deauville.

Col. John A. Paeglow of Belleville, Ill. announces that plans are being considered for a "flying fort," or a huge metal-clad dirigible, driven by eight engines, and developing a speed of over 100 miles an hour. The dirigible will carry two airplanes, ten machine-guns, thousands of pounds of bombs, and a crew of 40. It is approved by Congress, this aerial battleship will be built for the U.S. Army, at a cost of \$500,000. It is planned to be 547ft. long.

The fourth anniversary of the death of Rudolph Valentino was commemorated by the unveiling of a statue to his memory in Longpre Park, Hollywood. The ceremony was performed by Miss Dolores del Rio before a large crowd of screen stars and admirers of the dead actor. Subscriptions to pay for the statue, which is named "Aspiration," were sent from all parts of the world.

The first ship to fly the papal flag for many years set sail recently from Naples with the Papal Legate, Cardinal Lépicier, and his suite on board, bound for the Eucharistic Congress in Carthage. The quay at Naples was bedagged in yellow and white (the papal colours) for the occasion, and the papal delegation were given a warm send-off. A special ship, had to be hired by the Holy See for the purpose, and it is proposed to make a collection among Catholics all over the world for the purpose of presenting the Pope with a ship. He already has a train, and a station which is virtually finished.

The Hungarian Academy of Sciences awards every ten years a prize of 10,000 pengos (about £370) to the Hungarian citizen who renders the most important duty to his country. The award for the current decade, recently decided upon by the Academy, divides the prize between Count Albert Apponyi, the eminent statesman, and the family of the late Baron Roland Eotvos, the famous scientist.

The Government contract for the running of the 350 miles night mail service from Oslo to Malmo has been secured by the Norwegian agents for the De Havilland Aircraft Company, Ltd. The fleet of Gipsy Moth mail planes has been augmented by the addition of one of the latest metal type carrying 530 pounds of mail, which was flown by the Norwegian mail pilot from London to Oslo—a distance of 800 miles—in one day.

A census of London's business houses which has just been completed shows that more than 900 firms have had a continuous existence of more than a century. London's oldest firm is the Oxford University Press, which was founded in 1468, while many City firms are more than 400 years old. Several of them had humble origins, and are now among the leading firms in London. They cover every trade and profession. Some of the businesses have been handed down from the founders through seven generations, while cases of four generations are quite common.

Mr. C. Leonard Woolley, director of the joint archaeological expedition maintained at Ur by the University of Pennsylvania and the British Museum, has notified the university that a temple built by Nebuchadnezzar in 600 B.C. has been discovered in Ur. It is the best-preserved temple ever found, and lies in the inner corner of the northern harbour of Ur. A wall standing nearly 80 feet in height, and even the whitewash, is preserved, states Mr. Woolley. Ur of the Chaldees, one of the oldest cities in the world, has been the scene of many remarkable discoveries by explorers.

★ Local Notes and Events ★

Another of the many wily ways in which traffickers in opium hide the drug was described to Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistrate's Court yesterday, when a Chinese was charged with possession of a quantity of illicit opium. The defendant, who was fined \$100, or one month's hard labour in default of payment, was stated to have strapped the drug to his knee with a handkerchief.

In an attempt to rescue his aged mother from an oncoming shunting engine, while the two were walking along the railway track at Shum-chun on Saturday, a Chinese, Yiu Kwai Ying, sustained injuries and had to be removed to the Kowloon Hospital. They were not able to cross the track in time, as the engine ran them down, resulting in the instantaneous death of the woman and injuries to the son, who tried to save her.

Looking Back 25 Years. For some time on the Hong Kong Rialto there have been mysterious rumours which suggested that "Steam Waterboats" were better to sell than to buy. The shares of the old company, which recently

bought out the only serious competition there was, have dropped from \$21 to \$17, notwithstanding that an interim dividend of five per cent. has just been paid, and that the prospects were never better. When the Japanese ships begin to visit the port again, the business will experience a beneficial fillip. The secret of the mysterious rumours is the formation of a Chinese syndicate, which hopes to compete successfully with the old company. The promoter is Mr. L. F. Cooke (a Chinese with a foreign name) who has been a well-known comrade for some years, and is a Government contractor. He informs us that the syndicate is to be registered as a limited liability company. His constant observation of the harbour convinces him that there is ample room for a new company to supply water expediently to shipping. A start is expected to be made next month. —*Hong Kong Daily Press*, June 10, 1930.

Looking Back 50 Years. An examination for military rank, two Sen Choy, in the service of Hok Shan, took place on or about the 6th ult. Only twelve obtained the degree out of 112 candidates, after having been examined as to their bodily strength by lifting up stones, etc., and hitting the target with arrows while on horseback. —*Hong Kong Daily Press*, June 10, 1880.

KING CAROL OF
ROUMANIA.

RESTORATION OF SUCCESSION RIGHTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BUCHAREST, June 8.
Before meeting as a National Assembly to proclaim Prince Carol as King, both the Senate and the Chamber met separately and unanimously decided to repeal the law promulgated on January 4, 1926, under which Prince Carol's accession to the throne was abolished.

The annulment of the law now restores to Prince Carol all his rights.

The son of King Carol, the nine-year-old ex-King Michael I., now becomes heir to the throne with the title of Grand Voed, Duke of Albajulia.

Only One Dissident.

Voting in the National Assembly was 486 to 1 in favour of the motion by the Minister of Justice, M. Junian, that Prince Carol should be declared King.

Cries of "Vive Carol the Second!" were raised during the speeches in the Assembly, and the official proclamation of Prince Carol as King was made amid enthusiastic and popular ovations.

Subsequently, King Carol took the oath in the Chamber, all present standing.

Cabinet Designs.

LATER.

The Mironescu Cabinet, which was formed to preside at the installation of Prince Carol, resigned after the completion of its task.

Dramatic Movements.

LONDON, June 8.

The dramatic movements in Roumania during the past forty-eight hours monopolise the main news columns of the morning papers following the proclamation of Prince Carol as King.

Attempts at Reconciliation with Princess.

Numerous dramatic reports have been received from Bucharest of his attempt at reconciliation with his former wife, Princess Helene. According to one report, the Princess refused a reconciliation, and intends to maintain a separate establishment.

Meanwhile it is stated that King Carol has taken away the boy ex-King from his mother following a scene, in which Prince Michael tearfully refused to leave the Princess Helene.

Speech by King Carol.

BUCHAREST, June 8.

"I have not come to take vengeance against anybody, but to gather together all who wish to collaborate for the progress of my country," declared King Carol in the course of his speech before the National Assembly before taking the oath of allegiance.

King Carol said that he was most determined to preserve inviolate the integrity of the national territory. To carry out this promise he needed the co-operation of all the living forces in the country. "Without the union of all we cannot appear before those who envy us as a solid force supported by an army organised on the most modern lines."

King and Princess Helene.

BUCHAREST, June 9.

King Carol and Princess Helene have conferred and decided that neither should at present seek the annulment of their divorce, but they agreed that Prince Michael's education should be controlled by King Carol.

Queen Mother's Congratulations.

The Queen Mother cabled congratulating King Carol upon the army having taken the oath of fidelity to their new King, who has issued a proclamation to the Roumanian people repeating his address to the National Assembly.

PEDESTRIANISM.

NURMI CREATES NEW RECORD FOR SIX MILES.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

LONDON, June 9.
At Stamford Bridge, Nurmi created a new record for six miles, running the distance in 29 mins. 36.3-4 secs.

The previous best stood to the credit of the Englishman Alfred Shrubbs, who was credited with 29 mins. 50.9-5 secs. in 1904.

JAPANESE NAVAL
CHANGES.

LESSENING LONDON PACT BITTERNESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, June 8.

It is learned that important changes in the higher personnel of the navy, including the Vice-Minister of the Navy and Vice-Chief of Staff, will be gazetted to-morrow.

It is officially asserted that this is merely the usual annual shuffling of the personnel, but the public interest has been aroused because several people involved figured prominently in the London Treaty controversy, especially Vice-Admiral N. Sugetugu, Vice-Chief of the General Staff, who will be replaced by Vice-Admiral S. Nagano, formerly President of the Naval Academy.

The new Vice-Minister of the Navy, Vice-Admiral S. Kobayashi, formerly Chief of Material, succeeds Vice-Admiral A. Yamamashi. Vice-Admiral N. Sugetugu and Vice-Admiral Yamamashi will be attached to the General Staff without specific assignment.

It is authoritatively stated that the changes are the result of agreement between Admiral Takarabe and Admiral Kato with Mr. Okada mediating, and it is believed that they will lessen the bitterness growing out of the London Pact.

U.S. TARIFF BILL.

WILL "SQUEEZE THROUGH SENATE."

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, June 8.

The Republican leader, Senator Watson, estimates that the Tariff Bill will "squeeze through the Senate" next week by two votes. Senator Watson concedes the majority of doubtful votes to the Opposition.

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The Archbishop was escorted to the Palace by police amid the cheers of his supporters and the counter-cries of his opponents.

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RED ARMY.DEATH SENTENCES: PASSED
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[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

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DEFENDERS OF TSINAN
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Finally, the Kwangsi troops penetrated the defences, capturing 8,000 rifles and a number of machine-guns.

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The Kwangsi leaders assert that they will capture Yochow to-day and Hankow within a fortnight.

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Wang Ching Wei is said to be still staying at Hong Kong.

CHANG HSUEH LIANG'S
CONFERENCE DECISION.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

NANKING, June 9.

A message from Mukden states that a decision was arrived at the conference held by Chang Hsueh Liang to dispatch five divisions of troops of Manchuria to attack the Shansi troops in Hopei.

A panic is said to be prevailing in Peking and Tientsin.

BOMBAY CONGRESSMEN
SENTENCED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BOMBAY, June 9.

The ten members of the Bombay Congress Committee, including the ex-President of the Assembly, Mukund Malaviya, son of the pariah Malaviya, who were arrested by the police during a raid on the Congress headquarters on Friday, have been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

PARLOUS PLIGHT OF
KWANGSI.PROVINCE UNDER YOKE OF
MANY SATRAPS."UNCROWNED KINGS" HOLD
SWAY IN REGION.

Kwangsi is still in a state of great disorder and confusion in spite of the termination of warfare in that province. It will be remembered that after the evacuation of Kwangsi by the Kwangsi troops and the "Ironside," the Cantonese withdrew to the border of Northern Kwangtung, in view of the report that the rebels would march rid the Hunan border to attack Northern Kwangtung. Since then, only a portion of the Canton division, under General Yu Hon Mow, has remained in Kwangsi to assist the handful of troops under Lui Woon Im in maintaining peace and order.

At the conclusion of the fighting, bandits and the so-called people's militia, most of whom were allies of the Kwangsi "Ironside" coalition, became very active.

At present, Kwangsi is under the yoke of many rulers. The Government troops control only Wuchow, Nanning and the districts between these two places. The disbanded soldiers, or semi-bandits under Hon Tsoi Fung, overrun Linchow, Hing-yuen and the neighbouring districts, those under Lou Wah Tong, are exercising their sway in the districts on the Right River and those under Li Shiu Ying are dominating the districts on the Left River.

The Communist troops under Li Ming Shui are holding some districts on the western border of the province. The remaining regions of Kwangsi are under the sway of some other bandit chieftains or leaders of the so-called people's militia or disbanded soldiers.

Safety in Flight.

But these different leaders are mostly "independent" of each other. They are contented to remain as "uncrowned kings" of some districts. They dare not attack the Government forces, and when troops are sent against them, they flee to other places, often without resistance. The Government troops, being limited in number, are not sufficient to deal with them.

Recently, the Canton Government instructed Lui Woon Im to enlist them, should they be willing to submit. It has been decided by the Canton Government to rush additional troops to settle the Kwangsi situation when the position in Hunan improves, as by then the Cantonese troops, dispatched to Hunan to pursue the "Ironside" and Kwangsi troops, might be diverted to Kwangsi.

As to the situation in Kwangtung, everything is normal. The northern border is peaceful, and the Reds under Chu Tak and Mo Chak Tung have withdrawn to Kiangsi.

Money As a Stimulant.

The three Canton divisions under Chiang Kwong Nai, Tsoi Ting Kai and Li Yang King, which have been detailed to Hunan to pursue the rebels, are reported to have arrived at Leiyang, to attack the rebels from the rear. Until recently, the Cantonese troops were lingering at Chumchow, south of Hunan, and were reluctant to resume hostilities against their erstwhile foe under the pretext of financial difficulties. They were repeatedly instructed by Marshal Chiang Kai Shek to advance without further delay and they received lately the sum of \$300,000 from Nanking to cover expenditure in connection with the pursuit of the rebels.

COMMUNISTS IN U.S.A.
ANTI-INSURRECTION LAW
REVIVED.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Atlanta, May 31.—Four men and two women Communists were placed under arrest here to-day and confined in the city jail on charges of violation of an "anti-insurrection law" which permits the infliction of the death penalty upon conviction.

This penalty may be imposed at the discretion of the trial jury, although an actual overt act was never committed. The State need only prove an intention to commit violence in order to open the way to capital punishment if the jury is so persuaded.

An assistant to the governor General will prosecute the case, alleging that the defendants preached an open appeal to arms on behalf of Communism. He declared to-day that he would request the death penalty.

"We won't tolerate Communists in Georgia," he asserted.

FENG'S MISSIVE TO
GEN. CHIANG.SUGGESTS TRUCE TO SAVE
BLOODSHED.NANKING CHIEFTAIN WILL
FIGHT TO LAST DITCH.

Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang, vice-generalissimo of the Northern forces, has addressed a lengthy letter to Marshal Chiang Kai Shek, suggesting a truce and proposing that he himself and Chiang should both retire with a view to sparing the country further internecine warfare.

It is pointed out in the letter that the Nationalists have sustained heavy casualties in their futile attempt to capture Kaifeng (the capital of Honan) and that further fighting will mean the loss of more human lives—on both sides. As it would be impossible for one side to conquer the other in view of the balance of strength, a truce is most desirable. He proposes that he himself and Chiang should both go abroad and leave national affairs to be settled by the people.

On receipt of the letter, Chiang summoned a conference of his staff officers, when it was decided to turn a deaf ear to the appeal. Chiang told the gathering that he had made up his mind to continue the campaign against the rebels, and that should he fail to capture Kaifeng, he would not return to Nanking.

No special messages have been received regarding the fighting on the various fronts. The Shansi troops attacking Tsinan are reported to have withdrawn, ten li on account of the air raid by 12 Nanking aeroplanes.

Conflicting Reports.

Reports from Shanghai and Peking are conflicting on account of the strict censorship, maintained by both sides. Both the Nationalists and their adversaries publish reports claiming victories for their own side. According to reports published by the Nanking Military Headquarters, the Nationalists routed the Kuomintang forces on the Peking-Hankow Railway line and captured Hsuehchung on Saturday last. Pong Ping Hsun, a rebel commander, was wounded during the action and Sun Tien Ying was turned over to the Nationalists and Chiang Kai Shek has appointed him commander of the 16th Route Army.

The Military Headquarters in Nanking also publishes a report, received from General Liu Chih, to the effect that the rebels on the Lunghai Railway line attacked the Government forces on Friday last but were routed by the Nanking cavalry. Over 3,000 of them were taken captive.

Another report is to the effect that the Mohammedan troops under Ma Hung Ping at Ninghsia have declared their support to the Central Government and that they are threatening to attack Sianfu, the capital of Shensi.

Two Nanking divisions under Tan Tso Yuen and Mo Ping Wen have arrived at Hankow and Kinkiang respectively on their way to Hunan to assist in the campaign against the "Ironside."

FEDERAL DIFFERENCES
IN GERMANY.NATIONAL AND THURINGIAN
GOVERNMENT DISPUTE.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Berlin, May 30.—New fuel has been added to the smouldering fire of conflict between the Federal and the Thuringian Governments by the Thuringian National Socialist Minister of Interior in prohibiting the performance of a play dealing with birth control. This play had a long run in Berlin and other German cities, and had attracted a great deal of attention not only on account of its subject matter, but also for its brilliant literary and dramatic qualities.

Censorship on plays is not permissible under the German constitution, but the Thuringian Minister of Interior claims that he was merely following the precedent set by Berlin's Social Democratic Police Chief when, last year, the latter banned a revolutionary play on the ground that it might lead to public disorder.

It is anticipated that the Federal Government will take action in this case as it has in regard to the Thuringian Government's alleged unconstitutional action in two other matters, namely, the imposition of objectionable forms of prayers on school children and the appointment of Fascists as police chiefs in Thuringia.

CANTON MUNICIPALITY.

CHANGE OF STATUS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, June 9.

A change of status in the Municipality of Canton is being contemplated.

The Municipality has been under the direct control of Nanking, and not the Provincial Government of Kwangtung.

The Municipal Administration is, therefore, only responsible to Nanking in all its actions. It is because of this reason that the Municipality has been known as the Special Municipality of Canton.

A proposal is being made in Nanking to revert the control of the Municipality to the Provincial Council of Kwangtung, thus relieving some of the duties and responsibilities of the Nanking Government.

Formerly the Municipal Government was appointed and controlled by the Provincial Council.

This contemplated change in the status of the City Government calls for a complete reorganization of the administration in accordance with the wishes of the Provincial Government.

It is learned that Mayor Lin Wan Koi has already tendered his resignation, and going out of office with him will be a number of his bureau chiefs.

The activities of the Police Department will be augmented to include the policing of the whole Province.

The police heads of all the outlying districts and cities and towns will be directly appointed by the Canton Police Department.

General Au Yang Kui, the present Police Commissioner, will most likely be reappointed. But the Bureau of Social Affairs will be probably abolished, as its work can be conveniently taken up by the Bureau of Education, and of Health, in co-operation with the Police Department. This abolition, according to the supporters of the new measure, will mean a big saving in expenses.

Nanking has not as yet formally authorized the change of status of the Canton Municipal Administration, but is expected to do so in a short time. After the reorganization, it is not known who will be Canton's next city Mayor. But whoever he may be, he will be the choice of the present Provincial Government of Kwangtung.

Mr. Tang Yin Wa, Commissioner of Reconstruction of the Provincial Government, has been suggested as a possible candidate for the majority of Canton.

CENTRAL BANK OF CHINA.

NEW PREMISES AT CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, June 9.

The Central Bank of China is moving into its new building.

The building has been in construction for the past two years and is just completed.

It is a grand reinforced concrete 3-storey structure adorned with granite carvings on its front, costing over \$250,000.

The cornerstone was laid by Marshal Li Tsi Hsin some two years ago.

The formal opening ceremony will take place on Wednesday morning, after which business will be transacted.

An echo of the Boxer year comes from *The Times* obituary notice of Mr. Osborne O'Hagen, whose death has occurred at his villa at Roquebrune. Mr. O'Hagen, from 1893 to 1924, when he retired, was a remarkably able and successful financier, concerned with the financing of many important tramway, brewery, tobacco, cement, mining, meat, tea,

his enterprise, the Associated Portland Cement Manufacturers, Ltd., was registered in 1900, but difficulties, including the panic produced by the false report of the massacre of the Legations in Peking, led to his losing more than £200,000 over the promotion.

KING CAROL OF ROUMANIA.

RESTORATION OF SUCCESSION RIGHTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BUCHAREST, June 8. Before meeting as a National Assembly to proclaim Prince Carol as King, both the Senate and the Chamber met separately and unanimously decided to repeal the law promulgated on January 4, 1928, under which Prince Carol's succession to the throne was abolished.

The annulment of the law now restores to Prince Carol all his rights.

The son of King Carol, the nine-year-old ex-King Michael I., now becomes heir to the throne with the title of Grand Voivode, Duke of Albajulia.

Only One Dissident.
Voting in the National Assembly was 488 to 1 in favour of the motion by the Minister of Justice, M. Junian, that Prince Carol should be declared King.

Cries of "Vive Carol the Second" were raised during the speeches in the Assembly, and the official proclamation of Prince Carol as King was made amid enthusiastic and popular ovations.

Subsequently, King Carol took the oath in the Chamber, all present standing.

Cabinet Resigns.

The Mironescu Cabinet, which was formed to preside at the installation of Prince Carol, resigned after the completion of its task.

Dramatic Movements.

LONDON, June 8. The dramatic movements in Roumania during the past forty-eight hours monopolise the main news columns of the morning papers following the proclamation of Prince Carol as King.

Attempts at Reconciliation with Princess.

Numerous dramatic reports have been received from Bucharest of his attempt at reconciliation with his former wife, Princess Helene. According to one report, the Princess refused a reconciliation, and intends to maintain a separate establishment.

Meanwhile it is stated that King Carol has taken away the boy ex-King from his mother following a scene, in which Prince Michael tearfully refused to leave the Princess Helene.

Speech by King Carol.

BUCHAREST, June 8. "I have not come to take vengeance against anybody, but to gather together all who wish to collaborate for the progress of my country," declared King Carol in the course of his speech before the National Assembly before taking the oath of allegiance.

King Carol said that he was most determined to preserve the integrity of the national territory. To carry out this promise he needed the co-operation of all the living forces in the country. "Without the union of all we cannot appear before those who envy us as a solid force supported by an army organised on the most modern lines."

King and Princess Helene.

BUCHAREST, June 9. King Carol and Princess Helene have conferred and decided that neither should at present seek the annulment of their divorce, but they agreed that Prince Michael's education should be controlled by King Carol.

Queen Mother's Congratulations.

The Queen Mother cabled congratulating King Carol upon the army having taken the oath of fidelity to their new King, who has issued a proclamation to the Roumanian people repeating his address to the National Assembly.

PEDESTRIANISM.

NURMI CREATES NEW RECORD FOR SIX MILES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 9. At Stamford Bridge, Nurmi created a new record for six miles, running the distance in 29 mins. 36.34 secs.

The previous best stood to this credit of the Englishman Alfred Shrubbs, who was credited with 29 mins. 59.5 secs. in 1904.

JAPANESE NAVAL CHANGES.

LESSENING LONDON PACT BITTERNESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, June 8. It is learned that important changes in the higher personnel of the navy, including the Vice-Minister of the Navy and Vice-Chief of Staff, will be gazetted to-morrow.

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CHANG HSUEH LIANG'S CONFERENCE DECISION.

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

NANKING, June 9. A message from Mukden states that a decision was arrived at the conference, held by Chang Hsueh Liang, to dispatch five divisions of troops of Manchuria to attack the Shansi troops in Hopei.

A panic is said to be prevailing in Peking and Tientsin.

BOMBAY CONGRESSMEN SENTENCED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BOMBAY, June 9. The ten members of the Bombay Congress Committee, including the ex-President of the Assembly, Mukund Malaviya, son of the late Mahatma, who were arrested by the police during a raid on the Congress headquarters on Friday, have been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

PARLOURS PLIGHT OF KWANGSI.

PROVINCE UNDER YOKE OF MANY SATRAPS.

"UNCROWNED KINGS" HOLD SWAY IN REGION.

Kwangsi is still in a state of great disorder and confusion in spite of the termination of warfare in that province. It will be remembered that after the evacuation of Kwangsi by the Kwangsi troops and the "Ironsides," the Cantonese withdrew to the border of Northern Kwangtung, in view of the report that the rebels would march via the Hunan border to attack Northern Kwangtung. Since then, only a portion of the Canton division, under General Yu Hon Mow, has remained in Kwangsi to assist the handful of troops under Lui Woon Im in maintaining peace and order.

At the conclusion of the fighting, bandits and the so-called people's militia, most of whom were allies of the Kwangsi "Ironside" coalition, became very active.

At present, Kwangsi is under the yoke of many rulers. The Government troops control only Wuchow, Nanning and the districts between these two places. The disbanded soldiers, or semi-bandits under Hon Tsoi Fung, overrun Luichow, Hing-yuen and the neighbouring districts, those under Lou Wah Tong are exercising their sway in the districts on the Right River and those under Li Shiu Ying are dominating the districts on the Left River. The Communist troops under Li Ming Shui are holding some districts on the western border of the province. The remaining regions of Kwangsi are under the sway of some other bandit chieftains or leaders of the so-called people's militia or disbanded soldiers.

Safety in Flight.
But these different leaders are mostly "independent" of each other. They are contented to remain in their own districts. They dare not attack the Government forces, and when troops are sent against them, they flee to other places, often without resistance. The Government troops, being limited in number, are not sufficient to deal with them.

Recently, the Canton Government instructed Lui Woon Im to enlist them, should they be willing to submit. It has been decided by the Canton Government to rush additional troops to settle the Kwangsi situation when the position in Hunan improves, as by then the Cantonese troops, dispatched to Hunan to pursue the "Ironsides" and Kwangsi troops, might be diverted to Kwangsi.

Money As a Stimulant.
The three Canton divisions under Chiang Kwong Nai, Tsai Ting Kai and Li Yang King, which have been detailed to Hunan to pursue the rebels, are reported to have arrived at Lei-yang, to attack the rebels from the rear. Until recently, the Cantonese troops were lingering at Chunchow, south of Hunan, and were reluctant to resume hostilities against their erstwhile foe under the pretext of financial difficulties. They were repeatedly instructed by Marshal Chiang Kai Shek to advance without further delay and they received lately the sum of \$300,000 from Nanking to cover expenditure in connection with the pursuit of the rebels.

COMMUNISTS IN U.S.A. ANTI-INSURRECTION LAW REVIVED.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Atlanta, May 31.—Four men and two women Communists were placed under arrest here to-day and confined in the city goal on charges of violation of an anti-insurrection law which permits the infliction of the death penalty upon conviction.

This penalty may be imposed at the discretion of the trial jury, although an actual overt act was never committed. The State need only prove an intention to commit violence in order to open the way to capital punishment if the jury is satisfied that the Federal Government is in danger from this case as it has in regard to the Thuringian Government's alleged unconstitutional action in two other matters, namely, the imposition of objectionable forms of prayers on school children and the appointment of Fascists as police chiefs in Thuringia.

FENG'S MISSIVE TO GEN. CHIANG.

SUGGESTS TRUCE TO SAVE BLOODSHED.

NANKING CHIEFTAIN WILL FIGHT TO LAST DITCH.

Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang, vice-generalissimo of the Northern forces, has addressed a lengthy letter to Marshal Chiang Kai Shek, suggesting a truce and proposing that he himself and Chiang should both retire, with a view to sparing the country further internecine warfare.

It is pointed out in the letter that the Nationalists have sustained heavy casualties in their futile attempt to capture Kaifeng (the capital of Honan) and that further fighting will mean the loss of more human lives—on both sides. As it would be impossible for one side to conquer the other in view of the balance of strength, a truce is most desirable. He proposes that he himself and Chiang should both go abroad and leave national affairs to be settled by the people.

On receipt of the letter, Chiang summoned a conference of his staff officers, when it was decided to turn a deaf ear to the appeal. Chiang told the gathering that he had made up his mind to continue the campaign against the rebels, and that should he fail to capture Kaifeng, he would not return to Nanking.

No special messages have been received regarding the fighting on the various fronts. The Shansi troops attacking Tsinan are reported to have withdrawn ten li on account of the air raid by 12 Nanking aeroplanes.

Conflicting Reports.

Reports from Shanghai and Peking are conflicting on account of the strict censorship, maintained by both sides. Both the Nationalists and their adversaries publish reports claiming victories for their own side. According to reports published by the Nanking Military Headquarters, the Nationalists routed the Kuomintang forces on the Peking-Hankow Railway line and captured Haichang on Saturday last. Pong Ping Huan, a rebel commander, was wounded during the action and Sun Tien Ying has turned over to the Nationalists and Chiang Kai Shek has appointed him commander of the 16th Route Army.

The Military Headquarters in Nanking also publishes a report, received from General Liu Chih, to the effect that the rebels on the Lunghai Railway line attacked the Government forces on Friday last but were routed by the Nanking cavalry. Over 3,000 of them were taken captive.

Another report is to the effect that the Mohammedan troops under Ma Hung Ping at Ninghsia have declared their support to the Central Government and that they are threatening to attack Sianfu, the capital of Shensi.

FEDERAL DIFFERENCES IN GERMANY.

NATIONAL AND THURINGIAN GOVERNMENT DISPUTE.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Berlin, May 30.—New fuel has been added to the smouldering fire of conflict between the Federal and the Thuringian Governments by the Thuringian National Socialist Minister of Interior in prohibiting the performance of a play dealing with birth control. The play had a long run in Berlin and other German cities, and had attracted a great deal of attention not only on account of its subject matter, but also for its brilliant literary and dramatic qualities.

Censorship on plays is not permissible under the German constitution, but the Thuringian Minister of Interior claims that he was merely following the precedent set by Berlin's Social Democrat Police Chief when, last year, the latter banned a revolutionary play on the ground that it might lead to public disorder.

It is anticipated that the Federal Government will take action in this case as it has in regard to the Thuringian Government's alleged unconstitutional action in two other matters, namely, the imposition of objectionable forms of prayers on school children and the appointment of Fascists as police chiefs in Thuringia.

CANTON MUNICIPALITY.

CHANGE OF STATUS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, June 9.

A change of status in the Municipality of Canton is being contemplated.

The Municipality has been under the direct control of Nanking, and not the Provincial Government of Kwangtung.

The Municipal Administration is, therefore, only responsible to Nanking in all its actions. It is because of this reason that the Municipality has been known as the Special Municipality of Canton.

A proposal is being made in Nanking to revert the control of the Municipality to the Provincial Council of Kwangtung, thus relieving some of the duties and responsibilities of the Nanking Government.

Formerly the Municipal Government was appointed and controlled by the Provincial Council.

This contemplated change in the status of the City Government calls for a complete reorganization of the administration in accordance with the wishes of the Provincial Government.

It is learned that Mayor Lin Wan Koi has already tendered his resignation, and going out of office with him will be a number of his bureau chiefs.

The activities of the Police Department will be augmented to include the policing of the whole Province.

The police heads of all the outlying districts and cities and towns will be directly appointed by the Canton Police Department.

General Au Yang Kui, the present Police Commissioner, will most likely be reappointed. But the Bureau of Social Affairs will be probably abolished, as its work can be conveniently taken up by the Bureau of Education, and of Health, in co-operation with the Police Department. This abolition, according to the supporters of the new measure, will mean a big saving in expenses.

Nanking has not as yet formally authorized the change of status of the Canton Municipal Administration, but is expected to do so in a short time. After the reorganization, it is not known who will be Canton's next city Mayor. But whoever he may be, he will be the choice of the present Provincial Government of Kwangtung.

Mr. Tang Yin Wa, Commissioner of Reconstruction of the Provincial Government, has been suggested as a possible candidate for the mayoralty of Canton.

CENTRAL BANK OF CHINA.

NEW PREMISES AT CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, June 9.

The Central Bank of China is moving into its new building. The building has been in construction for the past two years and is just completed.

It is a grand reinforced concrete 3-story structure adorned with granite carvings on its front, costing over \$250,000.

The cornerstone was laid by Marshal Li Tsi Tai Hsin some two years ago.

The formal opening ceremony will take place on Wednesday morning, after which business will be transacted.

An echo of the Boxer year comes from *The Times* obituary notice of Mr. Osborne O'Hagan, whose death has occurred at his villa at Roquebrune. Mr. O'Hagan, from 1880 to 1924, when he retired, was a remarkably able and successful financier, concerned with the floating of many important tramway, brewery, tobacco, cement, mining, meat, tea, and other enterprises. His enterprise, the Associated Portland Cement Manufacturers, Ltd., was registered in 1900; but difficulties, including the panic produced by the false report of the massacre of the Legations in Peking, led to his losing more than 220,000 over the promotion.

Sports News

RACE MEETING POSTPONED.

COURSE UNDER NINE INCHES OF WATER.

DISAPPOINTED PUNTERS.

The second day's racing of the sixth extra race meeting, which was to have been held yesterday, was postponed owing to the heavy rain which fell in the forenoon.

Happy Valley at 2 p.m. looked like a huge pond and the racing track, at certain points, was submerged. Between Black Rock and the 11 mile post, the water was at least nine inches deep. The village bend was all under water and there were large puddles in the straight.

In spite of the bad weather, however, many punters, owners, and jockeys were at the Grand Stands by 2 p.m., but though they were disappointed, the decision of the Jockey Club was a wise one, as to carry on would have been impossible.

MACAO REACHED BY OAR.

FIRST ATTEMPT OF ITS KIND.

Five V.R.C. members left the clubhouse at 4 a.m. on Sunday morning in a "four-oar" skiff, the Lily, and heading towards Capuim Pass for Macao, they arrived at their destination at 2 p.m. that same afternoon.

This is the first attempt of its kind, and on their arrival they were met by a large crowd, including members of the Committee of the Sociedade Union Recreativa, who gave every assistance to the tired but happy oarsmen.

Two minor incidents occurred during the trip in the form of rudder trouble, but otherwise the trip was accomplished without incident to the rowers.

The members of the crew were:—H. R. Pina (stroke), R. A. Silva Netto (No. 2), J. Neves (No. 3), O. E. Roza Pereira (bow), and L. Roza Pereira (cox). S. Sousa, was to have originally rowed bow, but he took ill at the last moment and his place was filled by C. E. Roza Pereira.

The crew will not row back to Hong Kong but are returning on the Macao steamer, bringing with them their skiff.

"NO SITTING ON THE SPLICE."

LORD HAWKE AND THE COMING TEST MATCHES.

[UNITED PRESS.]

"Let there be no sitting on the splice." This appeal for brighter cricket in the forthcoming Test matches between England and Australia was made by Lord Hawke, president of the Yorkshire County Cricket Club, last month, when speaking at a club luncheon in Leeds. "Four days are allotted to the coming Test matches," he said, "and I can only hope we shall see them finished. I also hope we shall see bright cricket on both sides—and may the best side win."

"I may say that these Test matches have entailed a great sacrifice on the part of the counties, for each county which happens to have a player in all the Tests will lose his services for ten matches. All I can hope is that the Test will compensate the counties by producing brighter cricket, and I trust England will get the example. If the Tests are not finished in four days, it is almost certain that we shall go back to three days."

Lord Hawke appealed to the Yorkshire players to forget first-class points in their matches, and assured them that if they played the game in the true spirit, none of them would be "carpeted" because he happened to be on the losing side.

A KING OF CRICKET.

SOME OF ARTHUR LILLEY'S ACHIEVEMENTS.

EXCELLENT "TEST" RECORD.

By the death of Arthur Lilley, at Brislington, near Bristol, within a day of completing his 62nd year, one of the best wicket-keepers and most astute judges of the game passed away. He was a tower of strength to any side he assisted, and all the honours the cricket world had to offer were his, but his value to a team was very much more than could be gauged by a perusal of score-sheets. He was a very long-headed individual, and no captain, however eminent and however important the occasion, was above consulting him on a question of policy. Many a match has been won largely through his advice being accepted. He loved the game and studied its finer points, just as Tom Barker, of Notts, of an earlier generation, did, and although he never made a great parade of his knowledge, he always possessed a confidence which stood both himself and his side in good stead.

A King of Cricket.

It would not be true to say that he stood quite in a class apart as a wicket-keeper, but he was certainly in the front rank of all such players belonging to the first flight. For a long time no England team was complete without him, and for many years his selection for Tests with Australia was taken as a matter of course. So far as work behind the stumps is concerned, he is entitled to rank as one of the Kings of Cricket, and, although he had retired from the game for some years, news of his death must have occasioned great regret alike among his old fellow-players and his opponents. His record in Tests with Australia was remarkable, seeing that in 31 matches he took 84 wickets, 65 caught and 19 stumped, besides scoring 802 runs, with an average of 20.55. In all first class cricket he took 905 wickets, exactly 200 of which were stumped. For his county he caught 630 and stumped 193.

Lilley was also a sound, hard-hitting batsman, though he could play as dour an innings as almost anyone if occasion demanded. Many a time he was called on to stop a rot, and the runs he obtained in such circumstances had far more than their face value. He was, in fact, a plucky as well as a skilful cricketer.

Two games were played for his benefit, the first, after he had had a serious illness, between eleven of Warwickshire and eighteen of the county in 1891, and the second, Warwickshire v. Yorkshire, in 1901. Both games took place at Edgbaston. For some time he was in partnership with the brothers Quilley as sporting outfitters in Birmingham, but for some years he had lived in Gloucestershire.

FATALITY AT U.S. MOTOR RACES.

CY MARSHALL KILLED AND BROTHER INJURED.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Indianapolis, Ind., May 30.—Cy Marshall, the well-known racing driver, suffered severe injuries and his brother, Paul Marshall, a mechanic, was killed when hurtled against a wall during the fourth lap in the annual 500-mile international sweepstakes motor race at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway. Marshall's car was the thirteenth starter in a field of about 40 entrants and the accident was instantly connected with the old "number 13" superstition.

Driving Harry Hartz's Miller front-drive racing car, Billy Arnold won the sweepstakes in 4 hr. 58 min. 39.72 sec. While this was not a record, it was well under the usual time, 5½ hours being considered fast going.

Shorty Cantlon came in second, Louis Schneider, third, and Louis Meyer, fourth. The race carries an official purse of \$8100,000, of which \$20,000 goes to the winner, together with many other awards from manufacturers which about double the winning money.

Special interest attached to the fact that two men were in use again for the first time this year.

Hong Kong at Play.

SPORTS NOTES AND COMMENTS.

[By "BROADCASTER."]

The heavy rain over the week-end interfered with the lawn bowls and tennis fixtures, all of which had to be put over. The second day's racing of the sixth extra race meeting also had to be postponed. The first day's racing, however, resulted in several upsets of form, and consequently dividends were on the high side. The main event, as generally expected, went to Zorhan, but the race was rather marred by the circus performance of Peterkin. Later in the afternoon The Parmigan also refused to be started, and while I am sure the owners of these candidates are prompted by nothing but the highest sporting motives in putting these ponies on the field, the continual disappointment to the few supporters of these animals ought to be sufficient justification for their temporary withdrawal from the track until the animals mend their manners. Peterkin, I think, has never faced the starter without giving a lot of trouble to himself, his jockey and the other starters on the field.

Mr. Frost still heads the list of successful jockeys during the "extra" season. The full table is given below:—

	1sts	2nds	3rds
Mr. Frost	13	6	7
Mr. Heard	12	9	6
Mr. Harriman	10	13	5
Mr. Bulteel	7	4	10
Mr. da Roza	6	12	11
Mr. Charles	4	0	1
Mr. Stanton	3	4	3
Mr. Soares	2	4	0
Mr. Reidy	2	3	5
Mr. Arnold	2	1	1
Mr. B. A. Proulx	2	0	1
Mr. Liang	1	4	2
Mr. Backhouse	1	2	1
Mr. Ip Kui Ying	1	2	1
Mr. Bramwell	1	0	0
Mr. Stewart	1	0	2
Mr. W. da Roza	1	0	0
Mr. Cave	0	2	0
Mr. Newbigging	0	1	0
Mr. Y. M. Loo	0	1	2
Mr. Lee	0	1	0
Mr. Fung	0	0	1
Mr. Yue Shun Wah	0	0	1
Dr. MacGowan	0	0	1
	60	69	67

68 races to date.
1 dead heat for first place.
2 dead heats for second place.
1 dead heat for third place.

It was pleasing to see such large and enthusiastic support for the first V.R.C. night fête on Saturday in spite of the adverse weather. Those who went were not disappointed, for the swimming programme was well supported and the races were fast and exciting. Perhaps the most striking feature of the fête was the keen rivalry which existed between the teams entered for the Team Race. This race moulded into two separate struggles—one between the V.R.C. and Kowloon S.C. and the other between the three Army teams. The V.R.C. had the pick of their swimmers against the Kowloon S.C., who, however, swam with surprisingly good form and thoroughly deserved their win. Kowloon's average time per man worked out at 23.25 seconds as against 23.45 seconds per man by the V.R.C. Rasmussen was a great help to Kowloon's win, while Lyon, upon whom the V.R.C. relied to make up for lost ground, failed to come up to expectations.

On another page in this issue will be found the news of the arrival of some Hong Kong oarsmen at Macao. These five Portuguese boys set out from the V.R.C. on Sunday morning at 4 a.m., and taking the inner course through Capuim Pass and along the coast of Lantau Island, they arrived at Macao at 2 p.m. on Sunday afternoon without incident. Their venture, in spite of the threatening typhoon weather, was very meritorious and an achievement of which they can feel justly proud. They are the only crew that ever tackled the trip in a skiff. The crew were Messrs: H. R. Pina, R. A. Silva Netto, J. Neves, O. E. Roza Pereira, and L. Roza Pereira (cox). S. Sousa, was originally down to row, but was unable to take his seat in the skiff on account of illness at the last moment. His place was filled by C. E. Roza Pereira, who undertook the job without previous training.

The opening on Saturday of the clubhouse of the Chinese Bathing Club is yet another sign of the (Continued on next column.)

WATER POLO LEAGUE.

SOMERSET R.A. GAME POSTPONED.

FUKIEN CLUB BEATS THE VARSITY.

The Senior Division game between the Somersets and R.A., which was to be played yesterday at the V.R.C., was postponed, the R.A. team being unable to turn up on account of the bad weather.

In the Junior Division the University played the Fukien Club, the latter team winning by 3 goals to two.

The Fukien team opened the score very early in the game, and showed themselves to be the superior side. The University replied with a determined attack and scored a goal, bringing the score to one-all. Just before the end of the first half, the Fukien centre forward added another goal.

The second half saw an attack by the University, who were rewarded with a goal.

Both teams now made efforts to obtain the deciding goal and both goal-keepers were called upon to save many shots. Just before the final whistle, the Fukien Club scored their goal, winning the game.

Result:—Fukien Club 3; University 2.

Teams.

University.—B. L. Tang, S. T. Cheng, F. F. Li, K. H. Po, K. F. Kho, M. N. Lo, K. K. Kho.
Fukien Club.—K. P. Tong, L. Y. Long, S. G. Tak, K. Wong, T. Li, P. K. Kwong, G. Lai.
Referee.—Mr. Stewart.

remarkably rapid progress made by Chinese in swimming in recent years. Addressing members of that Club, Sir Shou-son Chow enlightened those present with a vivid description of the rigid Chinese customs that prevailed during his younger days. It was all work, and no play. Sports for recreation were practically unknown, and consequently the Chinese were much handicapped in the way of health and physique. So far as the fair sex was concerned, it was even considered improper for any girl to ride in a sedan chair unless sufficiently draped to obscure herself from the prying looks of men. However, said Sir Shou-son, those days had passed and the rigid customs are now almost forgotten.

Sir Shou-son Chow's speech was most appropriate to the occasion, in view of the fact that the Chinese Bathing Club is the pioneer Chinese bathing club in Hong Kong and was among the first to teach Chinese the benefits of sea-bathing. It came into being in 1911, long before the present clubs standing in Tsz Tsz Mui became known. In its early days it stood next to the public bathing beach at North Point, both on that piece of ground now reclaimed—between the Hong Kong Electric Company's power station and the North Point stadium of the Chinese Athletic Association. By reason of the keenness of the members in those days, the Chinese Bathing Club showed initiative, and it was apparent that such a club had its advantages, both socially as well as in the way of facilities for swimming, which, as at present, was not sufficiently provided for at the public bathing beach. The premises of the Chinese Bathing Club were then in the form of a fair-sized matched. A number of ladies enrolled as members and were the pioneers of swimming in those early days.

The interest shown by Chinese in aquatics since then has been astounding. During the middle of summer, bathers at North Point have been calculated at several thousands daily. All the various bathing clubs have achieved a good deal of success and offer many facilities to its members. The 830,000 semi-permanent structure is the second of its kind erected at North Point, and there is no doubt that very soon some of the other clubs will embark on similar projects.

It would not be out of place here to contrast how little has been the progress made by those in control of the public bathing beaches, which are now being more or less utilised by the foreign community. Swimmers had been complaining of the absence of such simple necessities as shower, baths, spring boards, etc., at these beaches. There should have been a concession for such complaint. If a thing is worth doing it is worth doing well. Swimming is the chief pastime in Hong Kong during summer, but comparing the North Point Public Bathing Club, both of which stood side by side in former days, one cannot help feeling the vast gulf that now lies between the two.

SOME WATER POLO PROBLEMS.

PRE-WAR AND POST-WAR FORWARDS.

THE SLING SHOT.

In view of the water polo season, the following article by W. J. Howcroft, a well-known writer on swimming topics, in the *Morning Post*, London, should prove of interest:—

Many theories have been debated in an attempt to account for the scarcity of first-class forwards in present day water polo. Pre-war England possessed an array of brilliant forwards when George Wilkinson, Billy Dean, Eric Forsyth, and Fred Swift were contemporaries. Now there is not one forward in the land to compare with this quartette. All four could score with deadly accuracy from any angle, even when closely marked, and it was rare to see them in any position outside the four-yard area.

With one or two exceptions, forwards to-day are to be found foraging on, or near, the half-way mark, and all too often baulking the half and full-backs from making a long clearance into their opponents' goal-mouth. And the method of shooting, too, is altered, as a "sling" is hardly ever used for a quick first-time shot.

Changed Methods.

Obviously there must be a reason for the changed methods. In my opinion, the change is not accidental. It is primarily due to the fact that forwards have modelled their methods to dovetail in with the ideas of members of district and national selection committees.

In the South, the sling shot is not in favour, and players with international aspirations have been quick in realizing that their chance of selection is not improved if they use a sling shot in their attempts to score. Consequently, there is a breed of forwards in the South, who require a clear space of five yards and three seconds' grace to get up-right in the water before they can shoot from a vertical position.

In the North, a forward, who takes up a position on the two or four-yard lines is condemned hip and thigh. He is an opportunist guilty of the crime of scoring goals from openings made by a colleague. Naturally, provincial forwards have sailed in with the selectors' breeze, and it is impossible to separate the attack from the defence in many trial matches. But it should be obvious that there is less time taken up, and less expenditure of energy in throwing the ball ten yards than in swimming the same distance, dribbling the ball between the arms.

A Forward's Place.

Broadly speaking, a forward's place is as close to his opponent's goal as possible, and the defenders' duties should be to feed the forwards with long throws, not by long dribbles, which waste valuable time.

Harold Fycoch, the Polytechnic forward, is a case in point. On his day, he is the best goal scorer in the country, yet his methods are directly contrary to the pet ideas of the selectors. Fycoch sits on the two-yard line and uses a sling at every available opportunity, and he scores the majority of his goals when closely marked. But he has only been capped on three occasions!

NEW U.S. ATHLETIC RECORDS.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Cambridge, Mass., May 30.—In the course of the fifty-fourth Inter-collegiate Athletic Association trials here to-day, Robert of Stanford set a new inter-collegiate record for throwing the discus by registering 183 ft. 8 in. Churchill of California set a new inter-collegiate javelin throwing mark of 211 ft. 9½ inches.

SHARKEY-SCOTT FIGHT PROTEST.

BRITISH BOXING BOARD'S LETTER TO AMERICA.

CLAIM FOR NEW MATCH.

The British Boxing Board of Control recently issued the following statement:—

The stewards of the British Boxing Board of Control met this morning and considered the documents received by them from America in relation to the Scott-Sharkey fight in Miami last February.

As the result caused considerable discussion, a letter has been addressed by the stewards to the New York State Athletic Commission and National Boxing Association and all affiliated federations, expressing their dissatisfaction of the conduct of the contest, and supporting the British heavy-weight's claim for a world's title match.

The stewards of the British Boxing Board of Control included Lord Londdale (chairman), Lord Tweedmouth, Lord Chesterfield, Sir Henry Curtis Bennett, and Colonel R. E. Myddelton.

The fight between Phil Scott and Jack Sharkey for the heavy-weight championship of the world, held at Miami, Florida, on February 27, ended in the third round, when the referee, Mr. Lou Magnolia, stopped the fight and declared Sharkey the winner.

The fight was described by many critics as "the foulest and most disgusting that has ever disgraced professional pugilism." Ninety-five of the American newspaper men, many of whom were antagonistic to Scott, are agreed that he was fouled at least twice, and that he should have been awarded the verdict.

On his return to England Phil Scott appeared before the British Boxing Board of Control, who had already seen a film of the fight, and, in reply to questions, said he had been most unfairly treated by both Sharkey and the referee.

Sharkey and Schmeling.

He asked the board to take action to have the result of the contest expunged from the records, with the help of the New York State Athletic Commission.

On that occasion the meeting of the board was adjourned until a copy of the Miami boxing rules, under which the fight was conducted, and also Scott's contract, should be received from America.

Sharkey is to meet the German boxer, Max Schmeling, in a world's championship match in New York on June 12.

Mr. Jimmy Johnston, Phil Scott's American manager, stated recently that if Sharkey beats Schmeling, he will be prepared to box Scott in England during the summer.

"I will meet Sharkey again if he thinks he is a better man," said Phil Scott to a *Daily Express* representative last night. "It is a great thing that we have in Britain a Boxing Control Board, which stands by its boxers." "I shall now go on with my boxing with renewed confidence. I have beaten Sharkey and can do it again."

OBLIGING COLLECTOR.

RATES PAID OUT OF HIS OWN POCKET FOR SIX YEARS.

A remarkable state of affairs was discussed at a recent meeting of the Wighton (Cumberland) Rural District Council. It was stated that ratepayers at Caldbeck, where John Peel lived, had refused to pay the water rate and for about six years the rate collector had paid the rates out of his own pocket. Now when he was trying to get his money back many ratepayers were "kicking against it."

Mr. Shadwick said they should have more obliging collectors like that. (Laughter.) Mr. Wilson: Is this collector still acting? The Deputy Clerk, Yes. Mr. Wilson: They won't part with him. (Laughter.) Mr. Mellish said the collector had been very foolish. Consideration of the matter was adjourned.

TENNIS.

DAVIS CUP MATCHES.

ITALY DEFEATS AUSTRIA.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

VIENNA, June 8. Italy has eliminated Austria from the Davis Cup contest by winning three out of the five matches.

PLAYGROUNDS TAKEN BY GROWN-UPS.

LONDON YOUNGSTERS LEFT IN STREETS.

Practically all along the line the grown-ups are rapidly—and selfishly—gaining ground in their battle with the children for recreation space in London.

How urgently the children need a champion in this direction has been emphasised by the present school holidays.

The streets, with their constant dangers, are their playground, and a Press representative who recently looked for "alternative accommodation" discovered the sad plight of London's youngsters.

The public is provided for in one South-West London park as follows:—

Tennis.—15 splendidly-kept hard courts.

Bowls.—Three greens (one recently laid down costing nearly £1,000).

Putting Green.—Ground closed altogether during the winter.

Playing Ground for Children.—One grass space, a much-patronised patch of sand, and an asphalted space around a band-stand.

Two other well-covered green spaces were fenced in, and the rest—again for the benefit of the grown-ups—was flower beds and evergreens plentifully besprinkled with warning notices ending: "Penalty, 40s."

Less Still.

In a small L.C.C. park there were tennis courts and a putting green and several good grass stretches, all well fenced.

An asphalted space was all that was left for the children.

Mr. G. H. Garland, organising secretary of the National Playing Fields Association, said: "We are all in favour of more space in the parks for the children" instead of "pretty, pretty."

"The streets have been their natural playing ground for years, but the streets of to-day are very much more dangerous than they were. In London alone 240 youngsters are killed in the streets in a year, and 9,000 injured."

An L.C.C. official admitted that there had been a great extension of playing facilities for adults in public parks of recent years, but claimed that the children have the best of the boating.

PRIVATE AEROPLANES IN FRANCE.

HEAVY STATE SUBSIDY.

The French Air Ministry has published the conditions of a State subsidy to private owners of light aeroplanes for 1930. The State will contribute to the cost of purchase and of upkeep of light aeroplanes used purely for private purposes under conditions which are intended to encourage the use of two-seater or three-seater machines of practical design.

There will be a fixed contribution of 3,000f. (264) to the purchasing cost of all types, and further contributions of 10,000f. for the first passenger, and 12,000f. for the second and third, assuming a touring endurance of 300 kilometres (186 miles), or 150 kilometres for seaplanes and amphibians, with an allowance for luggage. There will be allowances for engine power at the rate of 100f. per unit of horse power up to 60 horse power, and 200f. per unit from 60 to 100 horse power. Engines under 40 and over 100 horse power will not be subsidised. Allowances up to 7,000f. will be made for safety devices, such as parachutes and improved undercarriages, and there will be maintenance allowances of from 65f. to 160f. per hour of flying from 100 to 250 hours. An additional maximum of 100f. will be given for metal construction.

Under these conditions the purchase of a two-seater aeroplane of 100 horse power, of adequate range and carrying capacity, constructed of metal, and with reasonable safety devices, will have about 2,400, or half the average cost price, defrayed by the State.

INTIMATIONS.

THE HONG KONG TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a MEETING of the Directors of the HONG KONG TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED, held on the 17th day of FEBRUARY, 1930, a Call of \$2.50 per Share was made upon all the Members holding Shares upon which only \$1.50 has been paid and that such call will be payable to the Bankers of the Company, The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at their Head Office, No. 1, Queen's Road Central, Victoria, Hong Kong, on the 30th day of JUNE, 1930.

By order of the Board,
W. L. MCKENZIE,
Secretary.

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

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EUROPE'S SICK BED.

M. POINCARÉ ON THE FEDERATION OF STATES.

PARIS, May 30.—In an article entitled "Europe's Sick Bed" in the *Excelsior*, a moderate and independent organ, to-day, M. Poincaré joined the chorus of sceptics of M. Briand's Pan-European memorandum, the reception of which by the European Press the ex-Premier of France describes as "polite but hardly encouraging."

According to M. Poincaré, of all European nations, Germany has so far accorded the scheme the most cordial reception, but Germany, said the prominent French statesman, would certainly make her assent contingent upon certain conditions such, for example, as an Austro-German union, the return of the Polish corridor, etc. Such claims, it is pointed out, are already causing uneasiness in both France and Poland.

Moreover, Poincaré declares, M. Briand's vagueness in defining the relations between the League of Nations and the proposed European Federation is highly unsatisfactory. One would like to know first of all whether the two organizations are to rival or to co-operate with each other.

Concluding, the article says, "no matter how sincerely M. Briand desires peace, he must take care not to confuse dreams with realities."

ANOTHER DOLLAR PROBLEM.

CANADA'S DIFFICULTIES.

Following the opening of lake navigation and the bulk movement of wheat, the Canadian dollar was last month quoted above its sterling parity, and has once or twice been at par with the American dollar. Some Canadians have been looking for a further rise, with gold imports to follow. But before it is forgotten that a few months ago the Canadian dollar stood both in London and in New York at an abnormal discount, while no gold shipments away from Canada ensued, we will record some criticism from a recent article by Professor C. A. Curtis, of Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, on the Canadian currency system as at present managed.

Gold Movements.

Gold shipments from Canada to the United States, he says, become profitable whenever the Canadian dollar is over 3-16 of 1 per cent. below parity. Now since January, 1929, the premium of the American dollar was well over the gold point, going as high as 2 1/2 per cent. Even when it was only 1 per cent. the profit of exporting \$1,000,000 of gold from Canada to New York would have been \$8,000. Yet no gold went. The reason was that "the Department of Finance has effectively, no matter how, directly or indirectly, placed a prohibition on the export of gold. No legal action has been taken, and, as far as effectiveness is concerned, none is apparently needed. In Canada practically all gold exporting is done through the chartered banks. Thus when the Government causes the banks, with which it has great influence, to restrict gold exports, it has practically stopped all such exports, because foreign banks only withdraw gold through the agency of the Canadian banks."

It may be accepted then, that Canada has, in fact, been off the gold basis for the last year. A situation which has existed for a year, and threatens to continue indefinitely, can hardly be classed as temporary.

Abandoning the Gold Standard.

Professor Curtis goes on to explain the composition of the Canadian currency. In February, 1929, there were outstanding about \$162,000,000 of Dominion notes. By the Acts of 1914 and 1915 \$50,000,000 of the notes were issued against a 25 per cent. specie backing, and \$326,000,000 without any backing. The rest were to be covered 100 per cent. by gold. However, by later Acts the Department of Finance was empowered to advance Dominion notes to the banks against collateral, generally Government bonds, and against these it keeps no reserve whatever, though the obligation to redeem them in gold remains. The borrowings of the banks from the Finance Department increased from \$23,000,000 in January, 1929, to \$113,000,000 in December, 1929. Meanwhile, between November, 1928, and February, 1929, the Government's gold reserve was lowered by \$50,000,000 to about \$60,000,000, where it remains.

Too Many Notes.

"The plain truth appears to be," says Professor Curtis, "that the Department issued more notes than it felt could be redeemed, and so redemption was avoided." He thinks the Government's policy was mistaken. It should have restricted advances to banks and maintained the "redemption" of all notes in gold. He explains why more than \$45,000,000 of notes could hardly have been presented, so that the gold reserve, though depleted, would not have been exhausted. "At present," he concludes, "Canada has too many Dominion notes outstanding for the amount of gold held, and either more gold must be obtained or the Dominion note issue reduced."

CROOKED POLITICS.

BISHOP CANNON RELUCTANT TO DIVULGE EXPENDITURE.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Washington, June 1.—Bishop James Cannon, Jr., of the Methodist Church South, is to appear on Tuesday to challenge the authority of the Senate Lobbyist Committee to investigate his expenditures in connection with the political campaign against presidential aspirations of the former Governor, Mr. Alfred L. Smith.

Bishop Cannon declared that the Corrupt Practices Act does not require a report of expenditures unless a campaign covers two or more States. Bishop Cannon's activities were confined upon the state of Virginia.

THE SILVER SLUMP.

ESTIMATED PRODUCTION TOO SMALL.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Washington, June 1.—The continued decline in the price of silver, coupled with prospects of a further decline due to increased over-production of the metal, is attracting the attention of financial commentators throughout the United States.

These emphasize the damaging effect which this decline has had upon United States foreign trade, pointing out that American exports to China during the first quarter of 1930 were 25 per cent. lower than those for the corresponding period of 1929. This situation is mainly attributed to the silver decline.

Meanwhile official figures compiled by the Senate's Gold and Silver Inquiry Commission indicate that world silver production for 1929 amounted to 262,000,000 ounces, which is over 5,000,000 ounces above commercial estimates which had been generally believed to be accurate.

NO PLACE NOW FOR THE SOVEREIGN.

MODERN TENDENCIES IN FINANCE.

Modern youth's lack of acquaintance with the golden sovereign is no disadvantage in the present conditions of the world.

So Mr. C. H. Kisch, financial secretary of the Indian Office and author of a standard work on International banks, told the three hundred young men and women at the opening of the sixth annual Universities Congress arranged by the National Union of Students at Cambridge, last month.

Mr. Kisch, who spoke on modern tendencies in finance, said gold currency represented by sovereigns or louis would be fatal to the industrial and social progress of the world. He was a firm believer in a gold standard as distinct from a gold currency. The Bank of England's action since the war stood out like a beacon light in the world of international finance. It had taken the lead in the restoration of the gold standard in Europe and shown the way to the greatest economy of gold.

There were still banks, however, to be taught that gold economy was a necessity. Price fluctuation was a curse.

The new Bank for International Settlements marked a great advance in international monetary control. It should lead to steady and consistent co-operation of central banks.

By such co-operation it might be hoped to minimise price level disturbance arising from monetary causes which threatened to impede the course of ordinary economic progress.

"What we want," said Mr. Kisch, "is a sane gold standard managed by sane people."

FATAL PLEASURE CRUISE.

LAUNCH CAPSIZED.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Santa Monica, Calif., May 30.—A giant, wave-to-day overturned an overloaded 56-foot pleasure and fishing launch off Santa Monica and flung more than 60 passengers into the sea.

Boats rescued 30 of the passengers but 25 are missing, while seven bodies have been recovered.

Relatives of those missing gathered at the pier and soon thousands of grief-stricken and anxious men, women, and children were crowding about, seeking word of those known or believed to have been aboard the craft.

Santa Monica, Cal., May 31.—With the latest investigations indicating that 10 were drowned in yesterday's launch capsizing accident, search for the bodies is continuing.

While the exact number of those on board the craft is not known, the launch company said to-day that it believed the best check was the fact that 54 tickets for the pleasure and fishing trip were sold, although some may have boarded the launch without tickets.

The missing are now estimated at from 11 to 16, but it cannot be ascertained definitely how many of these may have been drowned until a check has been completed. Seven bodies have been recovered.

EASTERN NEWS IN BRIEF.

PARS FROM EVERYWHERE.

Mr. Wu Shi See was, at Geneva, on May 13, nominated a member of the International Commission of Intellectual Co-operation.

The Bishop of Singapore and Mrs. Roberts attended at At-Home for visitors from overseas on May 9 at the World Headquarters of the Overseas League, in Park Lane, St. James's-street.

The Crown Prince Frederick, Prince Knud, and Prince and Princess Axel returned to Copenhagen on May 10 from their tour in the Far East. The Crown Prince expressed great satisfaction with the tour and with the position of Danish subjects in the Far East.

Lord Incheape, Chairman of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., was received by the "Prince of Wales at York House on May 13, when it is understood that the Prince conveyed his appreciation of the arrangements made by the P. & O. Company for his return from Africa.

Rev. Sir Genille Cave-Brown-Cave, of The Rectory, Londonborough, Yorks., who had a varied and adventurous career, which included fighting in the American-Spanish War and in the Boxer Expedition in China, life before the mast, ranching in America, the circus and the stage, and who took Orders in the Church of England in 1920, left £187.

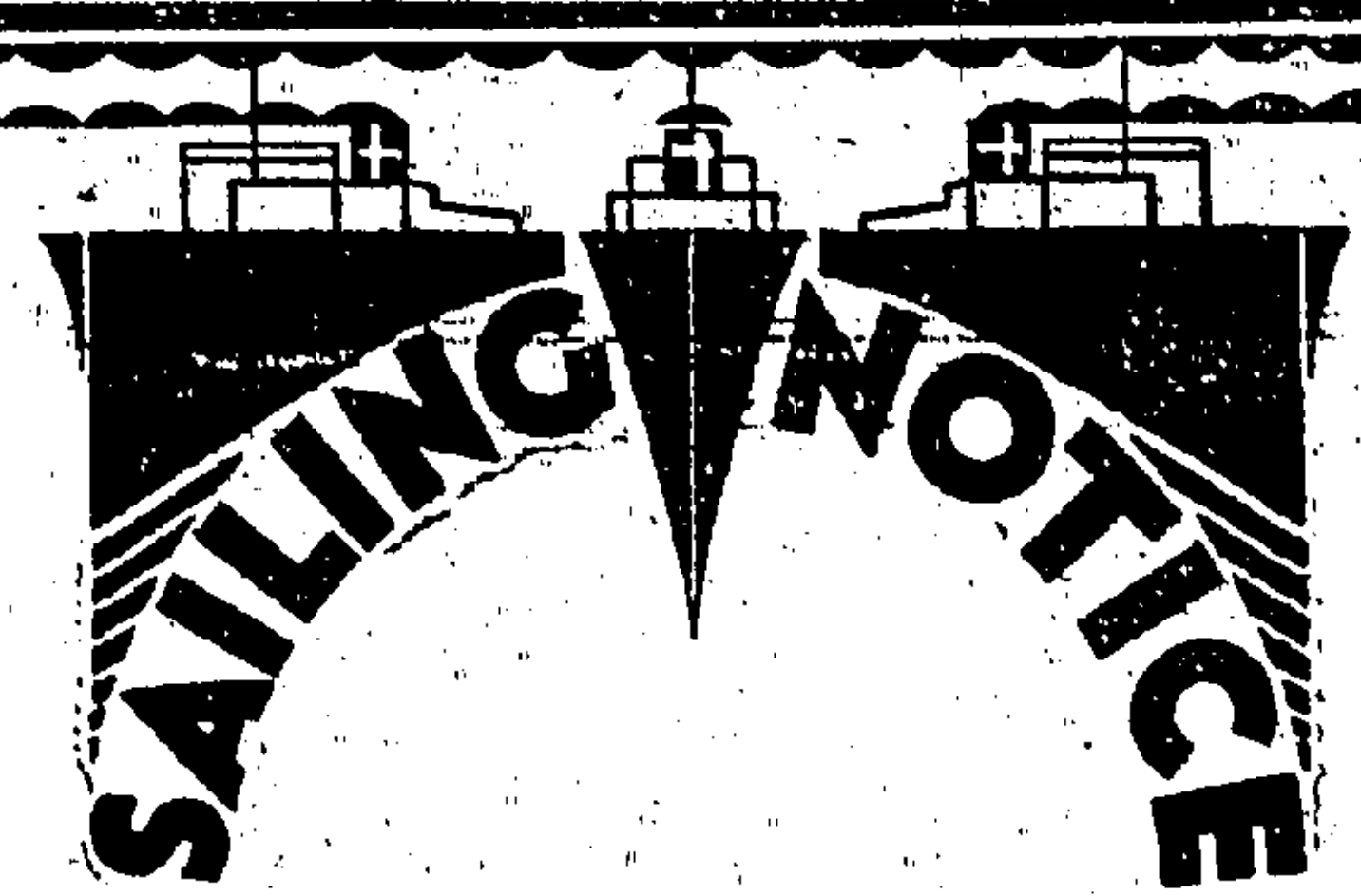
Miss Denise Halla, daughter of Mr. Karel Halla, the Minister of Czechoslovakia at Tokyo, was married to Mr. Helge de Knorring, commercial attaché of the Finnish Legation, at 2 o'clock on May 28. The ceremony was held in the Czechoslovak Legation, with Father Tulpin officiating. Baron Albert de Bassompierre, the Belgian Ambassador, and Mr. Antonin Raymond were witnesses for Miss Halla, while Dr. Mario Ruiz de los Llanos, the Argentine Minister, and Count R. Strachwitz, secretary of the German Embassy, were in attendance upon Mr. de Knorring.

The total number of births in Tokyo during the year 1929 was 5,351 less than the figure for the previous year, according to statistics made public by the city authorities. The figure for 1929 was 51,759, approximately twice the figure recorded 45 years ago. Despite the decline Tokyo is still the most prolific capital city in the world. The birth rate for 1929 was 24 births for each 1,000 inhabitants, while the city with the second highest rate, namely, New York, has only 21 births for each 1,000. London's birth-rate is 16, and Berlin's 10 for each 1,000 persons.

The first anniversary of the interment of the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen at the Nanking mausoleum was observed in Shanghai on June 1, at the offices of the Shanghai Special District Kuomintang. About 600 persons were present, mostly representatives of Kuomintang branches and local organizations. During the service, which lasted from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m., several speeches were made, urging the people to observe the Three Principles and to support the Central Government. The speakers included Chen Teh Chung and General Chang Chun, the Mayor of Shanghai (Chinese Territory).

The administrative council in Nanking, says the *vernacular press*, has received a petition from a representative of the Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Company, pointing out that it is not in a position to re-open its factories at present owing to heavy losses sustained, and in order to maintain its business it has entrusted other cigarette factories with rolling its cigarettes. The administrative council points out that as the facts given by the company are true, the Shanghai (Chinese Territory) Municipality will be ordered to instruct the Bureau of Social Affairs to cancel its order, No. 1149, directing the Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Company to re-open its factories.

Thus the *Peking and Tientsin Times*: Nanking is the best Government China has had since the first Revolution. Only foreigners of narrow prejudices and limited vision will find anything to rejoice over when it does fall. It has been on the whole very moderate in its foreign policy, compared with the ravings of the agitators, and it is idle to hope that the next Revolutionary Government will be more complaisant insofar as foreign privileges are concerned. It has done good work in its planning of the laws for New China. But, military adventures in weapons and resources of war, victorious as it may even be in the present campaign, it has lost its mandate from the people and it can only hope at best to check its armed enemies for a brief space.



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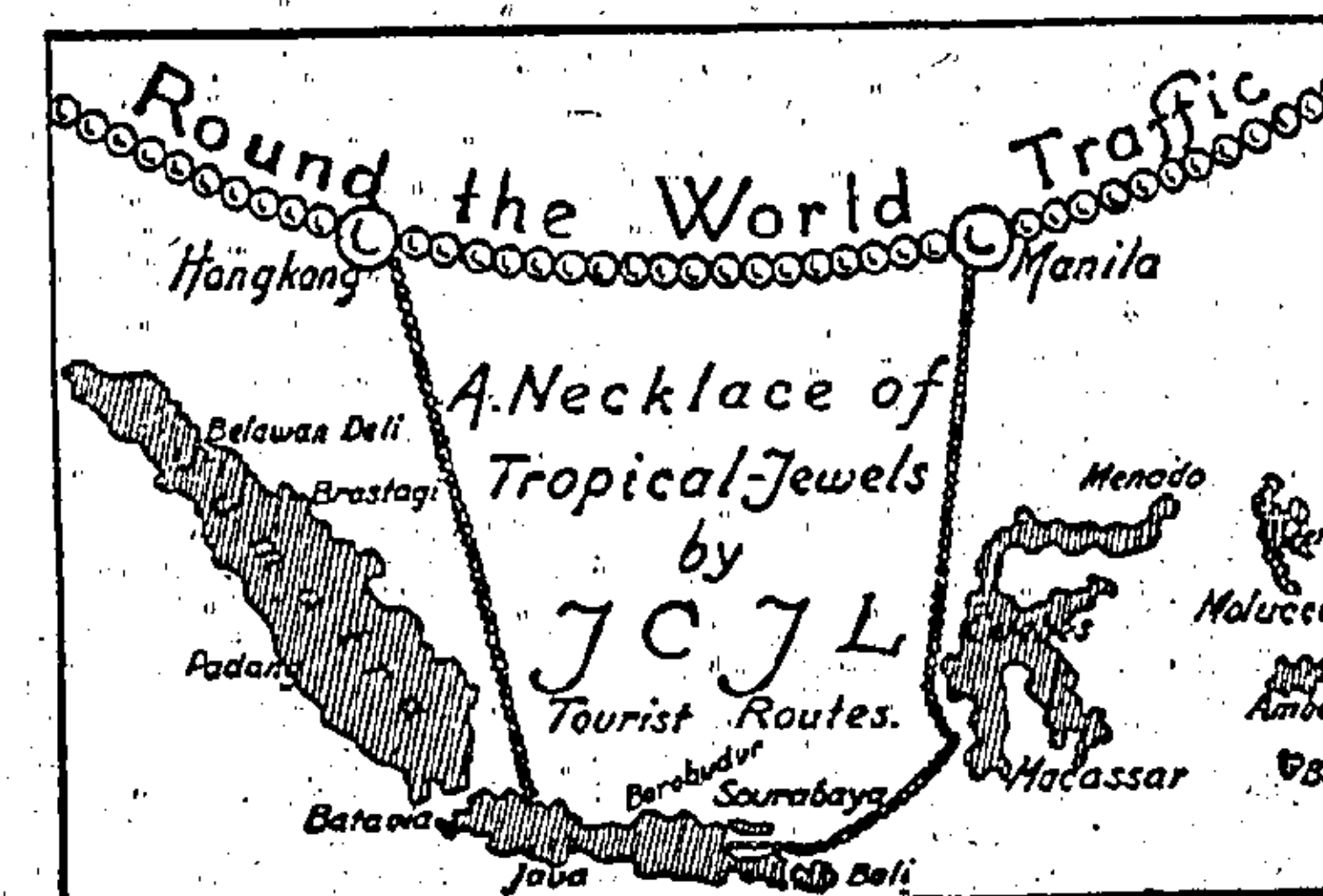
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Pres. Fillmore ... Sun., June 29, 8 a.m. Pres. Van Buren ... Sun., July 27, 8 a.m.

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Pres. Cleveland ... June 21, 6 p.m. Pres. Pierce ... July 5, 6 p.m.

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SOUTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJISONDARI	S'HAL & AMOY	In Port	10th June, Noon	MANILA, M'HAL & SOERABAYA
TJILEBOET	AMOY	15th June	17th June, Noon	BATAVIA
TJIKARANG	S'HAL & AMOY	22nd June	24th June, Noon	MANILA, M'HAL & SOERABAYA

NORTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJILEBOET	JAVA, MAKASSAR	10th June	18th June	AMOY
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	11th June	12th June	AMOY & S'HAL
TJISALAK	JAVA, MAKASSAR	21st June	24th June	AMOY

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M.V. "BURGENLAND" (1)	Genoa, Barcelona, Rotterdam & Hamburg	16 July
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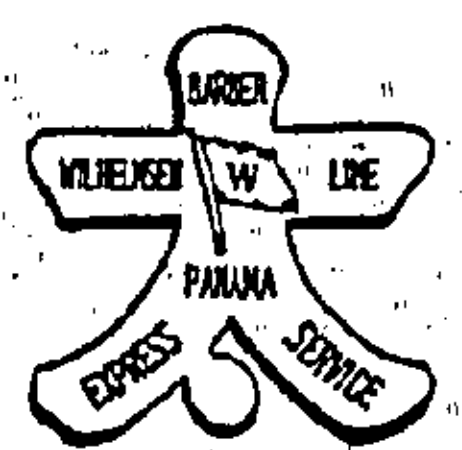
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ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

AMOI.

Haiching, Douglas, June 10.
Shirala, B.I., June 10.
Teinan, B. & S., June 11.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., June 12.
Huiyang, Douglas, June 13.
Tjilboet, J.C.J.L., June 13.
Anhui, B. & S., June 18.
Kainsang, Douglas, June 17.
Kutsang, Jardine's, June 18.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., June 24.
Takliwa, B.I., June 25.
Hosang, Jardine's, June 26.

ANTWERP.

Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Danmark, Manners, June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Changte, B. & S., June 17.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., June 24.
St. Albans, E. & A., July 4.

BALTIC PORTS.

Danmark, Manners, June 27.
Elpenor, B.F., June 28.

BANGKOK.

Hellas, Thoresen, June 15.
Kiangsu, B. & S., June 18.
Helios, Thoresen, June 22.
Hirundo, Thoresen, June 29.

BELAWAN DEL.

Corneville, Thoresen, June 11.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., June 19.
Bronxville, Thoresen, June 21.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.

BOMBAY.

Sado Maru, N.Y.K., June 11.
Alipore, P. & O., June 18.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.

BOSTON.

Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Tai Ping Yang, Dodwell's, June 17.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, June 19.
Tatsuno Maru, N.Y.K., June 25.
Elpenor, B.F., June 28.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Japanese Prince, Furness, July 3.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

BREMER.

Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.

BRINDISI.

Fusijama, D'well's, June 24.
Hilda, D'well's, July 9.

CALCUTTA.

Suisang, Jardine's, June 12.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., June 15.
Namsang, Jardine's, June 21.
Takada, B.I., June 21.
Taima, B.I., June 23.
Shirala, B.I., July 5.
Kutsang, Jardine's, July 8.

CEBU.

Michigan, S.S.S., June 17.

CHEFOO.

Kueichow, B. & S., June 17.
Huichow, B. & S., June 27.

COLOMBO.

Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., June 11.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Andre Lebon, M.M., June 17.
Alipore, P. & O., June 18.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Fusijama, D'well's, June 24.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Nagara, Gilman's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Karmala, P. & O., July 5.
Hector, B.F., July 9.
Hilda, D'well's, July 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

COPENHAGEN.

Danmark, Manners, June 27.

DALNY.

Dutchow, B. & S., June 16.

DUTCH PORTS.

Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Aller, Melchers, June 21.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Danmark, Manners, June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Albion Star, D'well's, June 29.
Nagara, Gilman's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.

FOOCHOW.

Haiching, Douglas, June 10.
Chipsang, Jardine's, June 12.
Haining, Douglas, June 13.
Haining, Douglas, June 17.
Kueichow, B. & S., June 17.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, June 20.
Huichow, B. & S., June 27.

GENOA.

Dakar Maru, N.Y.K., June 10.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Teiresias, B.F., June 20.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

GLASGOW.

Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Teiresias, B.F., June 20.
Hector, B.F., July 9.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Kanchow, B. & S., June 12.
Chengtu, B. & S., June 28.

HAMBURG.

Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Danmark, Manners, June 27.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Albion Star, D'well's, June 29.
Nagara, Gilman's, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.

HAVRE.

Teiresias, B.F., June 20.

HONOLULU.

Kambove, Bank, June 11.
Totoy Maru, N.Y.K., June 12.
Tatsuta Maru, N.Y.K., June 19.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.

ILOILO.

Michigan, S.S.S., June 17.

JAPAN PORTS.

Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., June 10.
Shirala, B.I., June 10.
St. Albans, E. & A., June 10.
Toyohashi Maru, N.Y.K., June 10.
Bellerophon, B.F., June 11.
Monte Piana, Dodwell's, June 11.
Bonnevill, Thoresen, June 12.
Tatsuno Maru, N.Y.K., June 12.
Mennon, B.F., June 15.
Chenontaux, M.M., June 17.
Friesland, J.C.J.L., June 17.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 17.
Tai Ping Yang, Dodwell's, June 17.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., June 18.
Franken, Melchers, June 18.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, June 18.
Kutsang, Jardine's, June 18.
Mennon, B.F., June 19.
Tatsuta Maru, N.Y.K., June 19.
Mitsushima Maru, N.Y.K., June 20.
Morea, P. & O., June 20.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., June 23.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 24.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., June 25.
Takliwa, B.I., June 25.
Ceylon, Gilman's, June 26.
Hosang, Jardine's, June 26.
Philoctetes, B.F., June 26.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, June 29.
Java, Manners, June 30.
Col. di Lana, Dodwell's, July 1.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, July 1.
Glenapp, Jardine's, July 4.
Kalyan, P. & O., July 4.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 5.
Nellore, P. & O., July 5.
Pres. Madison A.M.L., July 5.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., July 10.
Ixion, B. F., July 10.

JAVIA PORTS.

Tjisondari, J.C.J.L., June 10.
Corneville, Thoresen, June 11.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Andre Lebon, M.M., June 17.
Alipore, P. & O., June 18.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Fusijama, D'well's, June 24.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Nagara, Gilman's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Karmala, P. & O., July 5.
Hector, B.F., July 9.
Hilda, D'well's, July 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

LIVERPOOL.

Dakar Maru, N.Y.K., June 10.
Teiresias, B.F., June 20.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Nagara, Gilman's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.

LONDON.

Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Albion Star, D'well's, June 29.
Karmala, P. & O., July 5.

LOS ANGELES.

Bonneville, Thoresen, June 12.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 17.
Tai Ping Yang, Dodwell's, June 17.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, July 1.

MANTLA.

Tjisondari, J.C.J.L., June 10.
Corneville, Thoresen, June 11.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Changte, B. & S., June 17.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., June 17.
Michigan, S.S.S., June 17.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 17.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Bronxville, Thoresen, June 21.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, July 1.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., June 24.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., June 24.
Nagara, Gilman's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Pres. Madison A.M.L., July 1.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., July 1.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., July 1.
St. Albans, E. & A., July 4.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, July 5.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

MARSEILLES.

Dakar Maru, N.Y.K., June 10.
Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Teiresias, B.F., June 20.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Andre Lebon, M.M., June 17.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., June 18.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Alster, Melchers, June 22.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Danmark, Manners, June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Albion Star, D'well's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Karmala, P. & O., July 5.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

NAPLES.

Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

NEWCHWANG.

Yingchow, B. & S., June 16.

PANAMA.

Tai Ping Yang, Dodwell's, June 17.
Tatsuno Maru, N.Y.K., June 25.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.

PENANG.

Sado Maru, N.Y.K., June 11.
Suisang, Jardine's, June 12.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., June 15.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Alipore, P. & O., June 18.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., June 19.
Namsang, Jardine's, June 21.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Takada, B.I., June 21.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Fusijama, D'well's, June 24.
Taima, B.I., June 26.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Albion Star, D'well's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Karmala, P. & O., July 5.
Shirala, B.I., July 5.
Kutsang, Jardine's, July 8.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

PORTLAND.

Kambove, Bank, June 11.
Bonneville, Thoresen, June 12.
Michigan, S.S.S., July 3.

RANGOON.

Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., June 15.

SAIGON.

Andre Lebon, M.M., June 17.

SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, June 11.
Hinsang, Jardine's, June 21.
St. Albans, E. & A., July 4.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Kambove, Bank, June 11.
Bonneville, Thoresen, June 12.
Totoy Maru, N.Y.K., June 12.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 17.
Tai Ping Yang, Dodwell's, June 17.
Tatsuta Maru, N.Y.K., June 19.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, July 1.
Michigan, S.S.S., July 3.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Danmark, Manners, June 27.

SEATTLE.

Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., June 10.
Kambove, Bank, June 11.
Bonneville, Thoresen, June 12.
Tathibius, B.F., June 19.
Mitsushima Maru, N.Y.K., June 20.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 24.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 5.
Pres. Madison A.M.L., July 5.
Ixion, B. F., July 10.

SHANGHAI.

Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., June 10.
Shirala, B.I., June 10.
Sunning, B. & S., June 10.
Toyohashi Maru, N.Y.K., June 10.
Bellerophon, B.F., June 11.
Monte Piana, Dodwell's, June 11.
Kwasang, Jardine's, June 11.
Teinan, B. & S., June 11.
Chengtu, B. & S., June 12.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., June 12.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., June 12.
Mennon, B.F., June 15.
Suisang, B. & S., June 15.
Waishang, Jardine's, June 15.
Pyrrhus, B.F., June 16.
Yingchow, B. & S., June 17.
Chenontaux, M.M., June 17.
Friesland, J.C.J.L., June 17.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., June 17.
Shantung, B. & S., June 17.

SHANGHAI. (Continued).

Tai Ping Yang, Dodwell's, June 17.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., June 18.
Franken, Melchers, June 18.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, June 18.
Hopsang, Jardine's, June 18.
Kutsang, Jardine's, June 18.
Mennon, B.F., June 18.
Tatsuta Maru, N.Y.K., June 18.
Mitsushima Maru, N.Y.K., June 20.
Morea, P. & O., June 20.
Hangsang, Jardine's, June 22.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., June 24.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 24.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., June 24.
Takliwa, B.I., June 25.
Ceylon, Gilman's, June 26.
Philoctetes, B.F., June 26.
Birchbank, Bank, June 26.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, June 29.
Java, Manners, June 30.
Col. di Lana, Dodwell's, July 1.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, July 1.
Fulda, Melchers, July 2.
Glenapp, Jardine's, July 4.
Kalyan, P. & O., July 4.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 5.
Kutsang, Jardine's, July 8.
Pres. Madison A.M.L., July 8.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., July 10.

SINGAPORE.

Antenor, B.F., June 11.
Corneville, Thoresen, June 11.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, June 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., June 11.
Suisang, Jardine's, June 12.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 14.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., June 15.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, June 15.
Alipore, P. & O., June 18.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., June 19.
Namsang, Jardine's, June 21.
Ranpura, P. & O., June 21.
Takada, B.I., June 21.
Aller, Melchers, June 22.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 23.
Diomed, B.F., June 24.
Fusijama, D'well's, June 24.
Taima, B.I., June 26.
Coblentz, Melchers, June 27.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Lahore, P. & O., June 28.
Albion Star, D'well's, June 29.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, June 29.
Karmala, P. & O., July 5.
Shirala, B.I., July 5.
Kutsang, Jardine's, July 8.
Alster, Melchers, July 9.
Hilda, D'well's, July 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, July 13.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., July 1.

SWATOW.

Haiching, Douglas, June 10.
Sunning, B. & S., June 10.
Kwasang, Jardine's, June 11.
Chengtu, B. & S., June 12.
Chipsang, Jardine's, June 12.
Huiyang, Douglas, June 13.
Hellas, Thoresen, June 15.
Kiangsu, B. & S., June 15.
Suisang, B. & S., June 15.
Waishang, Jardine's, June 16.
Anhui, B. & S., June 16.
Haining, Douglas, June 17.
Kueichow, B. & S., June 17.
Shantung, B. & S., June 17.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, June 18.
Hangsang, Jardine's, June 22.
Helios, Thoresen, June 22.
Huichow, B. & S., June 27.
Hirundo, Thoresen, June 29.

TIENTSIN.

Chipsang, Jardine's, June 12.
Kueichow, B. & S., June 17.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, June 20.
Huichow, B. & S., June 27.
Birchbank, Bank, June 28.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Fusijama, D'well's, June 24.
Hilda, D'well's, July 9.

TSINGTAO.

Sunning, B. & S., June 10.
Kwasang, Jardine's, June 11.
Suisang, B. & S., June 15.
Waishang, Jardine's, June 15.
Shantung, B. & S., June 17.
Hopsang, Jardine's, June 18.
Morea, P. & O., June 20.
Hangsang, Jardine's, June 22.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Kambove, Bank, June 11.
Bonneville, Thoresen, June 12.
Tathibius, B.F., June 19.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., June 25.
Emp. of Canada, S.P.S., July 10.
Ixion, B. F., July 10.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., June 10.
Bonneville, Thoresen, June 12.
Mitsushima Maru, N.Y.K., June 20.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 24.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., June 25.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 5.
Ixion, B. F., July 10.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., July 10.

WELSHPOOL.

Kueichow, B. & S., June 17.
Morea, P. & O., June 20.
Huichow, B. & S., June 27.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS. CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

Aeneas due from Europe July 1.

Aki Maru due from Australia June 17.

Alipore due from Japan June 17.

Aller due from Japan June 20.

Andre Lebon due from Japan June 17.

Antenor due from Japan June 10.

Asama Maru due from Japan June 23.

Bendoran due from Europe June 14.

Bellerophon due from Europe June 11.

Bronxville due from Japan June 20.

Burgenland due from Europe June 11.

Ceylon due from Europe June 25.

Change due from Manila June 10.

Coblentz due from Japan June 26.

Col. di Lana due from Europe July 1.

Cremor due from Singapore June 10.

Danmark due from Japan June 28.

Dardanus due from Europe July 7.

Emp. of Asia due from Shanghai June 16, p.m.

Emp. of Canada due from Vancouver July 2.

Emp. of Russia arrived Kobe June 9, 5.30 p.m.

Ermland due from Japan July 3.

Friesland due from Europe June 17.

Fulda due from Europe July 1.

Fushimi Maru due from Shanghai June 13.

Glenapp due from Europe July 2.

Glenamoy due from Europe June

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE ... "KWEIYANG" ... On 9th June, 8 a.m.
FOOCHOW, SINGAPORE, SHANGHAI, NEWCHOW & DALNY ... "ICHANG" ... On 9th June, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN ... "SUNNING" ... On 10th June, Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI ... "SINAN" ... On 11th June, 5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI ... "CHENGTO" ... On 12th June, 10 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIKOW ... "KANGHONG" ... On 12th June, 10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN ... "KIANGSU" ... On 15th June, 3.30 p.m.
SWATOW & HONGKONG ... "ANHUI" ... On 16th June, 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI, NEWCHOW & DALNY ... "YINGCHOW" ... On 16th June, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, FOOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHENGTO & TIENTSIN ... "KUEICHOW" ... On 17th June, 11 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN ... "SHANTUNG" ... On 17th June, Noon
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIKOW ... "CHENGTO" ... On 24th June, 10 a.m.
SWATOW, FOOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHENGTO & TIENTSIN ... "CHENGTO" ... On 27th June, 11 a.m.

* Sails from Kowloon Dock.

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TAIPING ...	11th July	18th July
CHANGTE ...	11th August	15th August
TAIPING ...	9th Sept.	15th Sept.

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M.S. "Java" ...	30th June	10th Aug.
M.S. "Asia" ...	1st August	10th Sept.
M.S. "Afrika" ...	1st Sept.	5th Oct.
M.S. "Malaya" ...	25th Sept.	1st Nov.

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ANDRE LEBON ...	17th June	CHENONCEAUX ...	17th June
PORTHOS ...	1st July	ATHOS II ...	1st July
CHENONCEAUX ...	15th July	D'ARTAGNAN ...	15th July
ATHOS II ...	29th July	ANGERS ...	29th July
D'ARTAGNAN ...	12th Aug.	SPHINX ...	12th Aug.
ANGERS ...	26th Aug.	G. METZINGER ...	1st Sept.
SPHINX ...	7th Sept.	ANDRE LEBON ...	15th Sept.
G. METZINGER ...	21st Sept.	PORTHOS ...	29th Sept.

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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

JUNE 8, 1930.										JUNE 9, 1930.									
STATION	Hour	Temp.	Wind	Humidity	Bar.	Wind	Temp.	Humidity	Bar.	Hour	Temp.	Wind	Humidity	Bar.	Wind	Temp.	Humidity	Bar.	Hour
Wladivostok	12	29.82	78.0	56	...	SE	4	b	6	30.06	76.6	54	...	ESE	2	0	...	...	...
Nemuro	11	29.93	76.1	...	...	NE	1	...	5	30.16	75.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hakodate	...	30.00	76.0	...	...	SSW	1	...	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	...	30.00	76.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kochi	...	30.00	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	30.00	76.0	...	...	W	1	...	...	30.12	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	...	30.00	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.12	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	30.02	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.04	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.96	76.1	...	...	NE	3	...	...	29.93	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	...	29.90	75.9	...	...	NE	3	...	...	29.92	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Choshi	...	30.06	76.5	...	...	SSW	1	...	...	30.08	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Choshi	15	29.44	75.7	...	...	E	1	b	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.98	76.1	...	...	SE	2	b	6	30.04	76.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guzelaf	...	30.04	76.0	...	...	SE	4	b	6	30.08	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wenchow	...	29.99	76.1	...	...	E	1	b	6	30.05	76.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foochow	...	29.97	76.1	...	...	SE	1	b	7	30.01	76.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.94	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	29.77	75.6	...	...	E	2	b	6	29.91	75.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihou	11	29.98	76.1	...	...	NE	2	b	5	29.95	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihou	...	29.93	76.0	...	...	N	2	b	...	29.95	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	...	29.86	75.8	...	...	NNE	4	r	...	29.93	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshun	...	29.87	75.7	...	...	ESE	2	b	...	29.93	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	29.89	75.9	...	...	NE	6	...	...	29.92	75.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	29.82	75.7	...	...	ENE	4	b	6	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	29.81	75.7	...	...	ENE	5	b	...	29.82	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	...	29.80	75.6	...	...	ESE	2	b	...	29.80	75.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	...	29.83	75.7	...	...	NW	2	b	...	29.82	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.82	75.7	...	...	NW	1	b	...	29.88	75.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Phulien	15	29.82	75.7	...	...	WNW	4	r	...	29.84	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.79	75.6	...	...	NNW	4	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	...	29.81	75.7	...	...	WSW	2	b	...	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	14	29.82	75.7	...	...	SE	2	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aparri	...	29.80	75.6	...	...	NE	4	b	...	29.86	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.78	75.3	...	...	NW	4	b	...	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.76	75.0	...	...	NE	2	b	...	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.80	75.9	...	...	ENE	2	b	...	29.86	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	29.79	75.6	...	...	SW	2	b	...	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tacolban	...	29.80	75.9	...	...	S	4	r	...	29.84	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	29.75	75.7	...	...	NE	4	b	...	29.82	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.82	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.79	75.6	...	...	E	1	b	...	29.81	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	11.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.84	75.7	...	...	E	4	b	...	4.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.80	75.6	...	...	S	2	b	...	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	75.7	...	...	SW	6	b	...	29.83	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

June 9d. 4h. 35m.—Warning to Hong Kong, Coast Ports, &c.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 60 miles of Lat. 19° N. Long. 118° E. direction unknown.

June 9d. 11h. 27m.—Warning to Hong Kong, Coast Ports, &c.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 60 miles of Lat. 20° N. Long. 118° E. moving N.

June 9d. 4h. 25m.—Local signal No. 1 hoisted.

June 9d. 11h. 27m.—" "

June 9d. 11h. 29m.—An anticyclone covers Japan.

A depression about 100 miles S.W. of Hong Kong appears to be travelling northward. It may develop into a typhoon.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.22 inch. Total since January 1, 25.43 inches, against an average of 27.90 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JUNE 10.

District. Forecast.
1.—Formosa Channel ... N.E. winds, moderate.
2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamoo ... E. winds, strong.
3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock ... Easterly gale; overcast, rain.
4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan ... Easterly gale; overcast, rain.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, June 9.

Previous Day	On Date at 2 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer ...	29.81	29.87	29.82
Temperature ...	79	72	74
Humidity ...	71	93	95
Wind ...	K	E	E
Direction ...	5	5	4
Force ...	0.7	0.00	0.03
Rain ...	0.7	0.00	0.03

Highest open-air Temperature, 8.3

Lowest open-air Temperature, 9.7

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R-Rain; T=Thunder.

To the Publishers

"HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS"

11, ICE HOUSE STREET, HONG KONG

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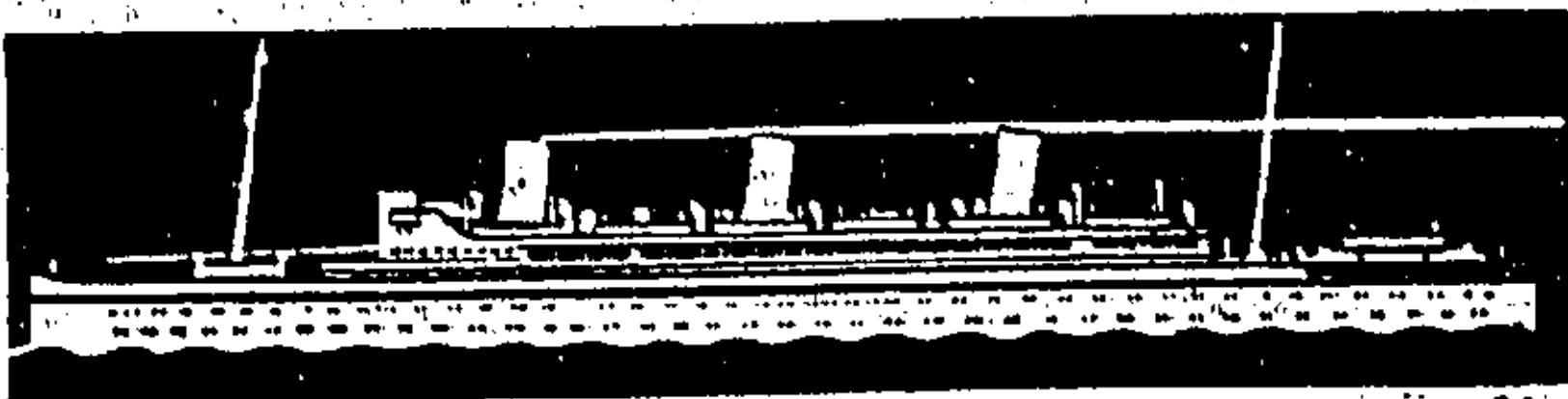
\$15.00 per annum to any part of the world (including postage).

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From June 10 to 18, 1930.

High Water. Low Water.

Days of Week	Date	Month	Hour	Height	Hour	Height
Tues.	10	June	10.31	7.0	2.0	2.9
Wed.	11	June	10.31	7.2	2.3	3.0
Thurs.	12	June	10.30	7.4	2.6	3.1
Fri.	13	June	10.30	7.7	3.0	3.2
Sat.	14	June	10.30	7.9	3.4	3.3
Sun.	15	June	10.30	8.1	3.8	3.4
Mon.	16	June	10.30	8.3	4.2	3.5



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Next Sailings To Pacific Coast

Empress of Asia ... June 25th
Empress of Canada ... July 10th

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VARYING FROM £83 TO £120 ON SALE

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TENYO MARU ... Thursday, 13th June

TATSUTA MARU ... Thursday, 19th June

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

MISHIMA MARU ... Friday, 29th June

SIBBIA MARU ... Saturday, 5th July

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

FUSHIMI MARU ... Saturday, 14th June at 8 a.m.

YOKOYAMA MARU ... Saturday, 28th June at 7 a.m.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

TANGO MARU ... Tuesday, 24th June

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

SADO MARU ... Wednesday, 11th June

TOTTORI MARU ... Friday, 27th June

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

BOKUYO MARU ... Sunday, 29th June

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

KAMATARA MARU ... Tuesday, 1st July.

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 25th June

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople),

Genoa & Marseilles.

DAKAR MARU ... Tuesday, 10th June

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

MAIACCA MARU ... Sunday, 15th June

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

AKI MARU (Nagasaki direct) ... Wednesday, 18th June

HABURA MARU ... Monday, 23rd June

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NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

M.V. "FUSIJAMA" ... For Shanghai & Japan ... 24th June

M.V. "HILDA" ... For Singapore & Europe ... 9th July

M.V. "MONTE PIANA" ... 11th June ... 24th July

M.V. "COL. DI LANA" ... 1st July ... 8th Aug.

M.V. "MONCALIERI" ... 17th July ... 24th July

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YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 3,800 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
14,900 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:—

British Cargo for Through

Sunning, Canton — 50

Kanchow, Shanghai, 59 133

Lyemooon, Kanchow, 400

Tsinau, Shanghai, 330 290

Amoy, 399 — 1,103

Danish Panama, Singapore 1,200 7,000

— 1,200 — 7,000

Dutch Stagen, Samarinda 2,000 1,000

— 2,000 — 1,000

Japanese Dakar Maru, Shanghai — 1,431

Batavia Maru, Shanghai, 59 1,431

Taiwan, 59 — 5,716

Chinese Shiu Hing, Macao 45 —

Chung On, Shanmei 25 —

Tak Hing, Macao 50 —

— 120 —

Total 3,807 14,919

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:—

Arr. Dep.

British 4 1

German 1 0

Danish 1 0

Portuguese 1 0

Japanese 3 2

Chinese 2 1

Norwegian 0 1

Total 13 7

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Sunning (Br.) Canton 48

Lyemooon (Br.) Swatow 313

Tsinau (Br.) Shanghai, 201

Amoy (Br.) Shanghai, 6

Kanchow (Br.) Swatow 46

Chung On (Chi.) Shanmei, 6

Total 614

ARRIVALS

June 8.

Changte, British str., 2,579 tons, Capt. F. C. Gambrill, from Manila-Holt's Wharf.—B. & S.

Panama, Danish str., 4,276 tons, Capt. Nelsen, from Singapore, buoy No. A2.—J. Manners.

Shirala, British str., 7,341 tons, Capt. T. S. Beedie, from Calcutta via Penang and Singapore, Kowloon Wharf.—M. M. & Co.

Stagen, Dutch str., 2,539 tons, Capt. J. Groot, from Samarinda, Yaumati.—J.C.J.L.

Tjissondari, Dutch str., 3,019 tons, Capt. J. J. Duit, from Amoy, buoy No. A4.—J.C.J.L.

Tsinau, British str., 2,100 tons, Capt. J. W. Tinson, from Amoy, buoy No. B34.—B. & S.

June 9.

Batavia Maru, Japanese str., 2,736 tons, Capt. E. Yugeta, from Takao, buoy No. A25.—O.S.K.

Dakar Maru, Japanese str., 4,383 tons, Capt. S. Kuba, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf.—N.Y.K.

Dorry, German str., 878 tons, Capt. J. Bruhn, from Canton, Yaumati.—Chau Yue Teng.

Kanchow, British str., 1,232 tons, Capt. R. Fairley, from Swatow, buoy No. C40.—B. & S.

Pres. Jefferson, American str., 8,443 tons, Capt. A. O. Lustie, from Manila, Kowloon Wharf.—American Mail Line.

Sunning, British str., 1,570 tons, Capt. W. Shaw, from Canton, buoy No. B13.—B. & S.

CLEARANCES.

June 9.

Batavia Maru, for Takao.

City of Shanghai, for Singapore.

Hydrangea, for Swatow.

Ichang, for Foochow.

Kanchow, for Canton.

Pres. Jefferson, for Shanghai.

Rheinland, for Shanghai.

Shirala, for Amoy.

Stagen, for Canton.

St. Albans, for Swatow.

Sunning, for Canton.

Tjissondari, for Manila.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following vessels were in harbour yesterday:—

Wharves:—Kowloon: Kitano

Maru, Shirala, Hakodate Maru,

St. Albans, Atlas Maru, President

Jefferson, A.P.C.—North Point:

Sumatra, Palembang, Douglas

Laurak, Hainan, Venezia,

Docks:—Kowloon: Ekstrand,

Nam Sang, Rizal, Takoo, Sui

Yang, Kuikiang, Kronviken, Kai-

milao, Menado Maru, Kwangtung,

Cosmopolitan: Helena.

(Continued on next column.)

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

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S.S. "UMZUMBI" ... will sail from Colombo 10th August

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M.V. "OAKBANK" ... 8th July

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL PORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ALIPOR" 5,373	18th June		Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"ALIPOR" 5,373	18th June		Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	23rd June (Mars.)		L'don, Hull, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	5th July		Mars, L'don, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	18th July		Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	26th July (Mars.)		L'don, Hull, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	2nd Aug.		Mars, L'don, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	16th Aug.		Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	30th Aug.		Marseilles, L'don, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	13th Sept.		Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	27th Sept.		Marseilles, L'don, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	11th Oct.		Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	25th Oct.		Marseilles, L'don, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	8th Nov.		Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	22nd Nov.		do.
"KALYAN" 5,304	6th Dec.		do.
"KALYAN" 5,304	20th Dec.		Mars, L'don, H'g, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN" 5,304	3rd Jan.		Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN" 5,304	17th Jan.		do.
"KALYAN" 5,304	31st Jan.		do.

* Cargo only. † Calls Karachi.
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BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	Date	Destination
"TAKADA" 5,949	21st June		Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TAKADA" 5,949	26th June		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	1st July		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	14th July		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	28th July		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	11th Aug.		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	25th Aug.		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	8th Sept.		do.
"TAKADA" 5,949	22nd Sept.		do.

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	Date	Destination
"ST. ALBANS" 4,500	4th July		Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS" 4,500	3rd Aug.		Island, Townsville, Brisbane,
"ST. ALBANS" 4,500	6th Sept.		Sydney and Melbourne

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Australia
The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Nioho, Obo, Kolambagan, Tawao, Timor, Durian, or other ports en route as indicated.

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The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

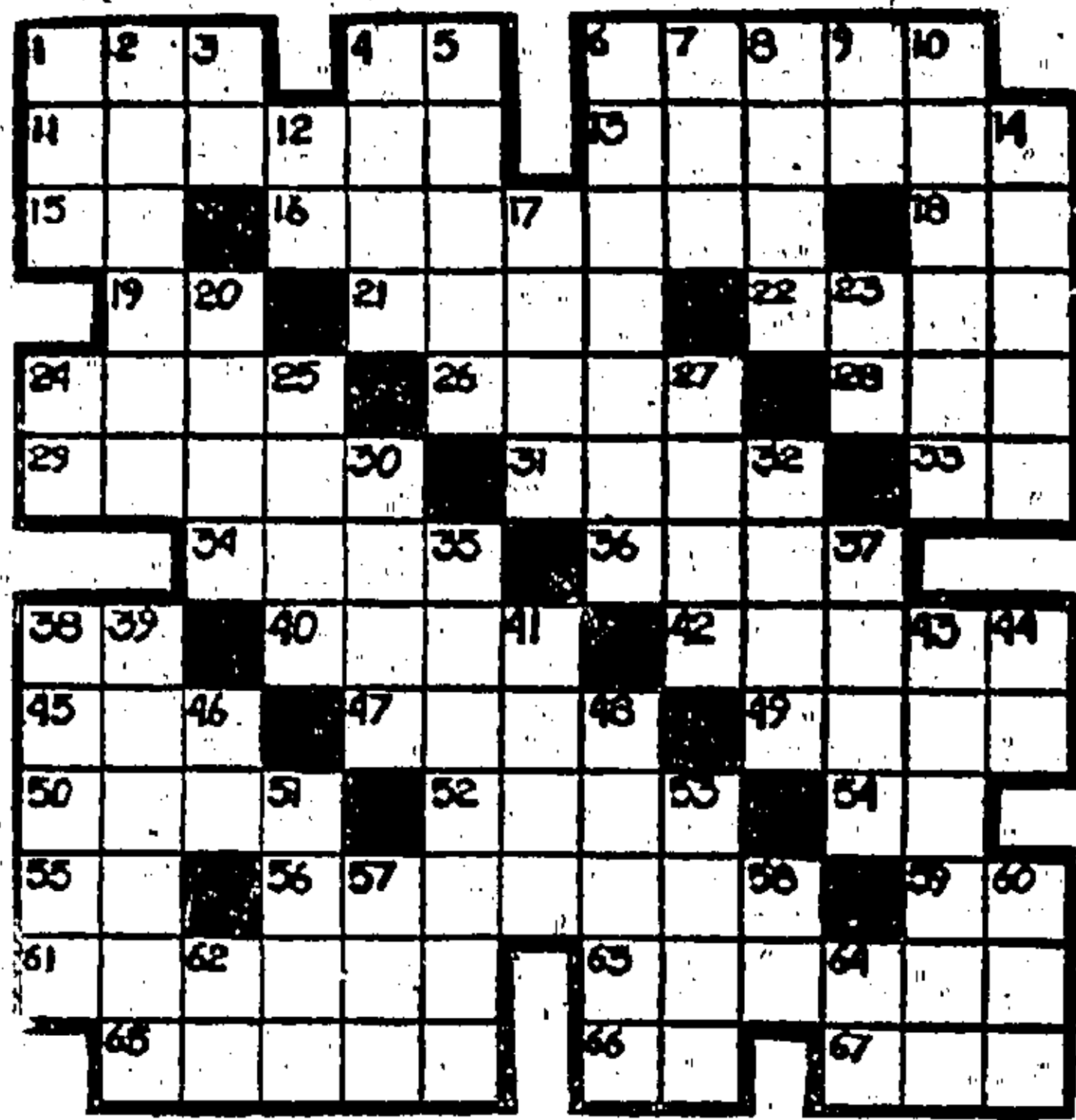
SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	Date	Destination
"MOREA" 10,954	20th June		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	25th June		Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"MOREA" 10,954	4th July		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	14th July		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	28th July		Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"MOREA" 10,954	11th Aug.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	25th Aug.		Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"MOREA" 10,954	8th Sept.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	22nd Sept.		Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"MOREA" 10,954	6th Oct.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	20th Oct.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	3rd Nov.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	17th Nov.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MOREA" 10,954	31st Dec.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

* Cargo only. † Calls at Tsingtau and Wei-hai-wei.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE AND YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

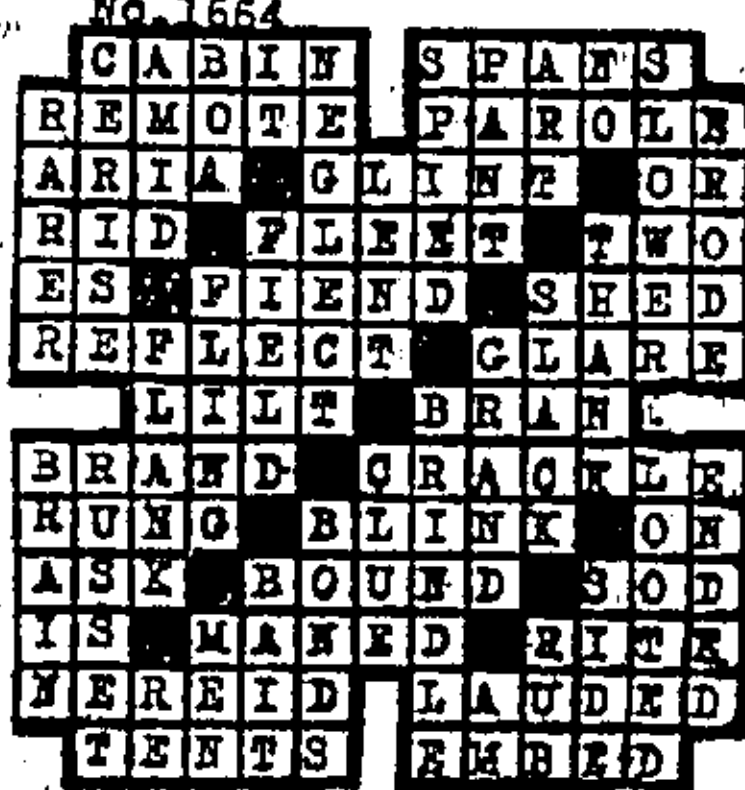


HORIZONTAL

- 1.—Also.
4.—While.
6.—European city.
11.—Wandering.
13.—Gets up.
15.—Article.
16.—A disease.
18.—Prefix: Again.
19.—By.
21.—To drop.
22.—To make of yarn.
24.—An article.
25.—Want.
28.—A grain.
29.—Untamed.
31.—Legal Document.
33.—Behold.
34.—Aspect.
36.—To sow.
38.—Part of to be.
40.—Set down.
42.—Every 24 hours.
45.—Part of to be.
47.—To lie.
48.—A joint.
50.—Male sheep.
52.—Nights before.
54.—Branch for and.
56.—Plural ending.
57.—Caves.
58.—Toward.
59.—Coy.
60.—Firmly fixed.
61.—Distance below surface.
63.—Exclamation.
64.—Anger.

VERTICAL

- 1.—A beverage.
2.—Very ornamental.
3.—Conjunction.
4.—Again.
5.—Discoloration.
6.—Deals unworthily.
7.—Part of to be.



HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

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Issued & Fully Paid-up.....\$30,000,000
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Sterling£6,500,000
Silver\$5,500,000
Reserve Liability of Pro-
prietors\$20,000,000

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Rangoon, Tientsin
Shanghai, Tokyo
Sourabaya, Yokohama
Tientsin, Yokohama

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Hong Kong, 28th April, 1930. [25]

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CORPORATION. Rules may be ob-
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For the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,
V. M. GRAYBURN,
Acting Chief Manager.
Hong Kong, 15th March, 1930. [2]

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tion transacted.
A. STOKKINK,
Acting Manager.
Hong Kong, 16th April, 1930. [30]

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Head Office: Hong Kong.

Hong Kong Currency.
Authorized Capital.....\$11,000,000
Paid-Up Capital 5,664,000
Reserve Fund 1,000,000

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prietors£2,000,000

AGENCIES & BRANCHES:
ALOR STAR, BANGKOK, BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CEYLON, COLON, HANKOW, HONG KONG, KOWLOON, LONDON, LYONS, MANILA, PEKING, RANGOON, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

Foreign Exchange and General
Banking Business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one
year or shorter periods at rates
which will be quoted on applica-
tion.

A. H. FERGUSON,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 9th Jan., 1930. [30]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE
POUR LE
COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE

(Incorporated in France).
Princes Building, Chater Road,
Victoria, Hong Kong.

Head Office:
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Capital, fully paid-up ... 50,000,000
Special Working Capital 50,000,000
Reserves 23,319,000

Branches:
Paris, Lyons, Marseilles
Sourabaya, Hongkong, Hanoi
Tientsin, Shanghai, Peking
Yokohama, Canton, Hankow
Harbin, Kowloon, Saigon
Manila, Singapore, Batavia
Cebu, Calcutta, Bombay

France: Société Générale, Banque
Nationale de Crédit, Banque de
Paris et des Pays Bas.
London: Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: American Exchange
Banking Co., Banco Com-
merciale Italiana.
San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
Correspondents throughout the
World.

A. ROLLIN,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 1st July, 1929.

THE MERCHANT BANK OF
INDIA, LIMITED.

Head Office:—
15, Gracechurch Street, London,
E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital£2,000,000
Subscribed Capital£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital£1,050,000
Reserve Fund and Res.£1,948,506

BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND
and
MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

Branches:
Bangkok, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hong Kong, Kowloon, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Hong Kong Branch:
Every description of Banking
and Exchange Business transacted.
Travellers Cheques issued.
Trustee and Executorships under-
taken.
Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts and Fixed Deposits at Rates
that may be ascertained on applica-
tion.

F. THOROUGHGOOD,
Acting Manager.
7, Queen's Road Central,
Hong Kong, 10th Apr., 1930. [29]

BANK OF CHINA.

Reorganized October 20, 1928, under
special charter of The National
Government as an

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE
BANK.

Subscribed Capital\$25,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital \$24,710,200.00
Reserve Funds \$2,320,503.82

Head Office:—SHANGHAI.

Hong Kong Branch:
4, Queen's Road Central.

Owing to our numerous branches in
China and large connections in the
important commercial centres of the
world, we are able to extend to our clients
special facilities for domestic and foreign
banking and exchange.

We also handle the issue of Bonds and
other Public Funds of the Chinese
Government both at home and abroad.

SHOU J. CHEN,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:
29, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital Frs. 75,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital Frs. 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund Frs. 102,000,000.00

Branches:
Bangkok, Hong Kong, Kowloon, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

In France: Comptoir National
d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit
Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et
des Pays-Bas; Crédit Indus-
trial et Commercial; Société
Générale.

In London: The National Provin-
cial and Union Bank of Eng-
land, Ltd.; Comptoir National
d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit
Lyonnais.

In New York: J. P. Morgan &
Co.; French-American Bank-
ing Corporation; Guaranty
Trusty Co., of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts and Fixed Deposits accord-
ing to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
Safe Deposit Boxes to let.

A. LECOT,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [23]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK,
LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid up) Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund Yen 111,500,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at:
Alexandria, Kai Yuen, Bangkok,
Batavia, Calcutta, Canton,
Cebu, Hong Kong, Kowloon,
London, Lyons, Manila, Peking,
Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore,
Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

H. MORI, Manager.
Hong Kong, March 10, 1930. [35]

PLEASING!



THREE CASTLES
CIGARETTES

EA-486

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:
29, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital Frs. 75,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital Frs. 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund Frs. 102,000,000.00

Branches:
Bangkok, Hong Kong, Kowloon, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

In France: Comptoir National
d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit
Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et
des Pays-Bas; Crédit Indus-
trial et Commercial; Société
Générale.

In London: The National Provin-
cial and Union Bank of Eng-
land, Ltd.; Comptoir National
d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit
Lyonnais.

In New York: J. P. Morgan &
Co.; French-American Bank-
ing Corporation; Guaranty
Trusty Co., of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts and Fixed Deposits accord-
ing to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
Safe Deposit Boxes to let.

A. LECOT,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [23]

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Alexandria, Kai Yuen, Bangkok,
Batavia, Calcutta, Canton,
Cebu, Hong Kong, Kowloon,
London, Lyons, Manila, Peking,
Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore,
Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

H. MORI, Manager.
Hong Kong, March 10, 1930. [35]

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA,
LIMITED.

Head Office: HONG KONG.
No. 10, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL,
HONG KONG.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$10,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 5,000,000
RESERVE 1,750,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
Batavia, London, Peking, Singapore,
Bombay, Manila, Rangoon, Sourabaya,
Calcutta, Melbourne, Saigon, Sydney,
Canton, Nagasaki, San Francisco, Taipei,
Haiphong, New York, Osaka, Tientsin,
Honolulu, Manila, Seattle, Tokyo,
Kobe, Paris, Sourabaya,
Kowloon, Peking, Shanghai.

Correspondents in all principal
cities of the world.
Every description of Banking
and Exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved secur-
ities.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES TO LET.
KAN TUNG PO, Chief Manager.

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Order for the
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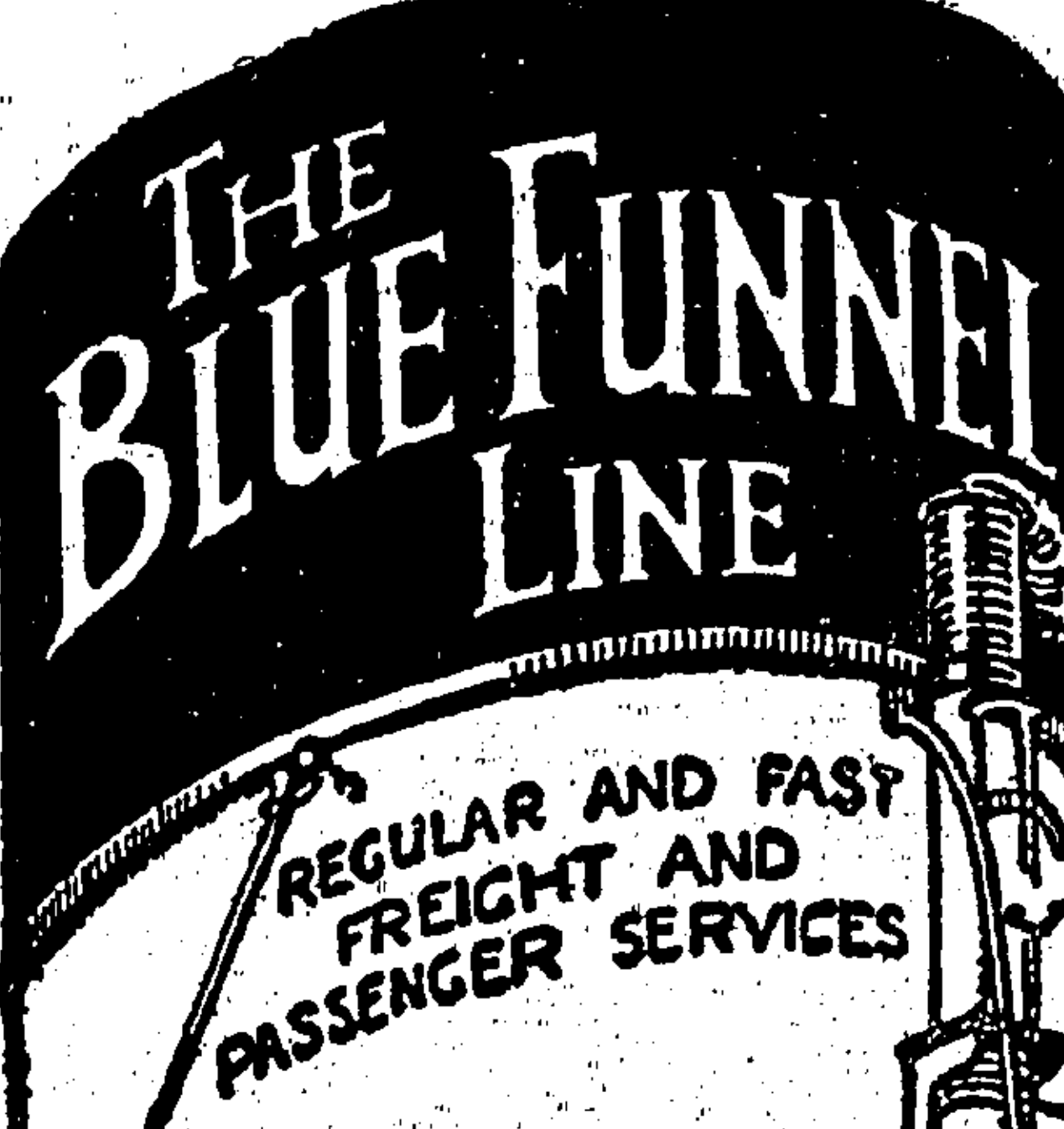
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"The system of Travellers' Cheques was originated in 1891 by
the American Express Company with the object of creating a form
of travel currency which would give the holder the security of a
letter of credit and at the same time the convenience of local
currency. The Company registered the cheques under the trade
name of 'AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES'
the word 'Travellers' being spelled with one 'l'. The advantage
of the Cheques was so apparent that other banking institutions
adopted the system."

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Issued in \$5.00, \$10.00, \$20.00, and \$50.00, and \$1.00,
and \$2.00 denominations—bound in a small,
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E.C. 4.



LONDON SERVICE

"ANTENOR" 11th June, M'les, L'don, E'dam, & Glasgow.
"DIOMED" 21st June, M'les, L'don, E'dam, & Hamburg.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"TELESTAS" 20th June, For Genoa, Havre, Liverpool, & Glasgow.
"KT. COMPANION" 20th July, For Genoa, Havre, Liverpool, & Glasgow.

PACIFIC SERVICE (via KOBE & YOKOHAMA)

"TALITHYBIUS" 19th June, For Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
"HECTOR" 10th July, For Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE

"ELENOR" 23th June, For New York, Boston & Baltimore
via Suez.

INWARD SERVICE

For
"BELLEROPHON" 11th June, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MEMNON" 18th June, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

PASSENGER SERVICE

For
"ANTENOR" 11th June at Daylight, S'pore, M'les, & London.
"HECTOR" 8th July at Daylight, S'pore, M'les, & London.

Special arrangements for reduced fares.
For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—

Butterfield & Swire,
Agents.